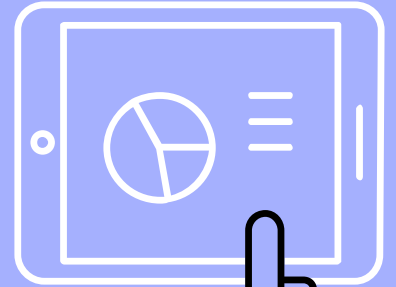
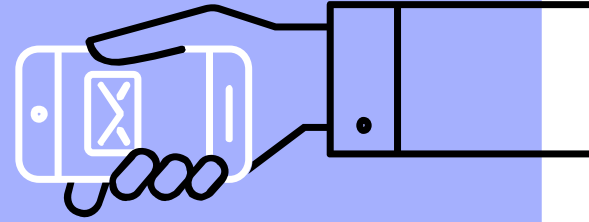


Intro to Javascript



Do Now (10 mins)

Write instructions on how to make a sandwich from beginning to end.

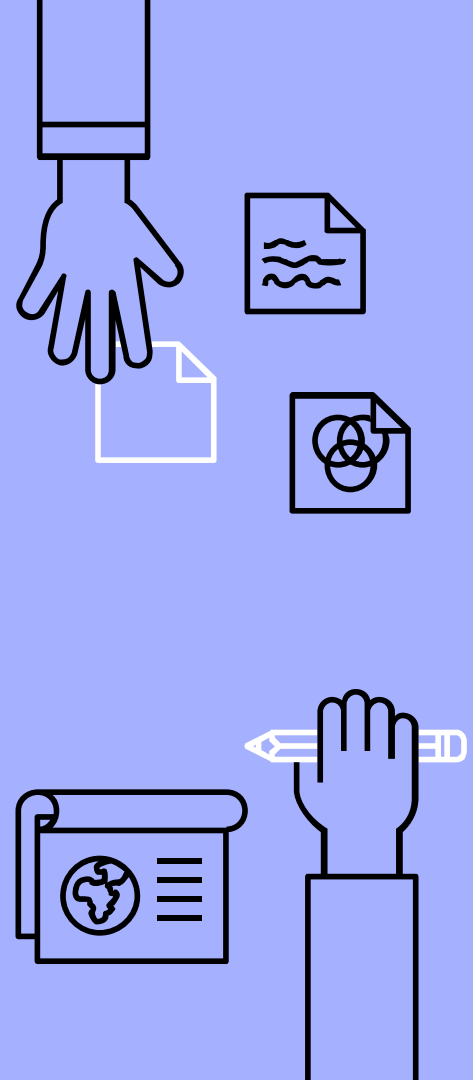
Here are your ingredients:

Bread

Ham

Cheese

Mayo



DEMO: Let's make a sandwich!

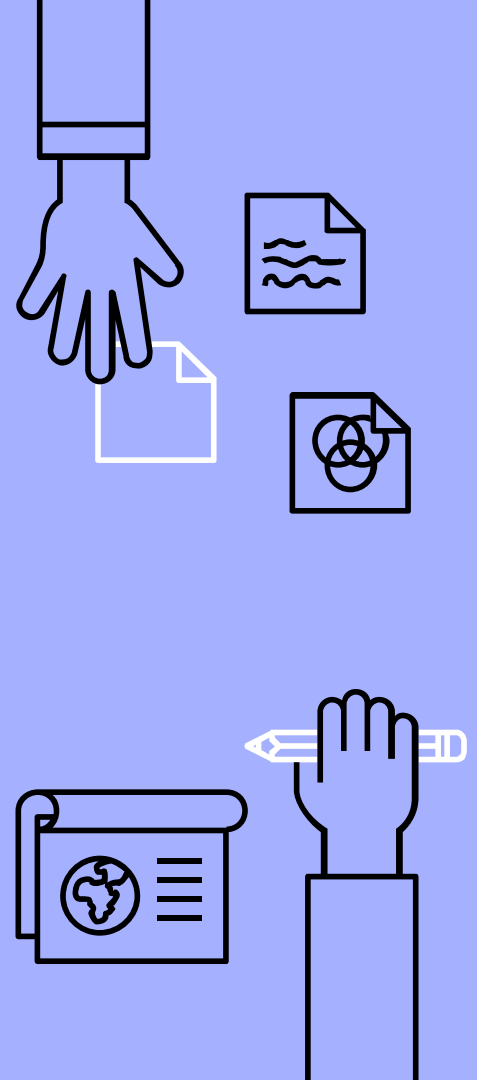
Here are your ingredients:

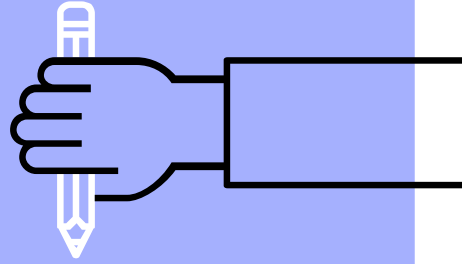
Bread

Ham

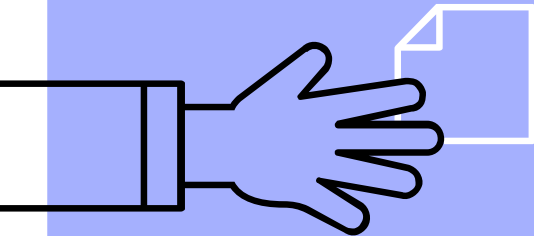
Cheese

Mayo





Objectives

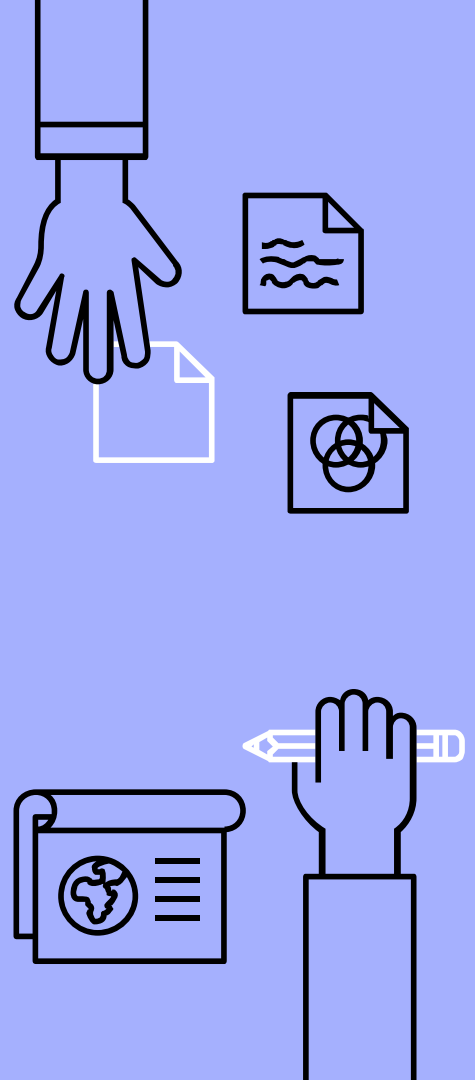


- Understand variables and their many uses
- Practice using variables through code and console

Variables

We've used variables before in math, and now we will use them in computer science. They are a useful tool to store data. In JS, there are a bunch of different data types, but we will focus on 3 for now:

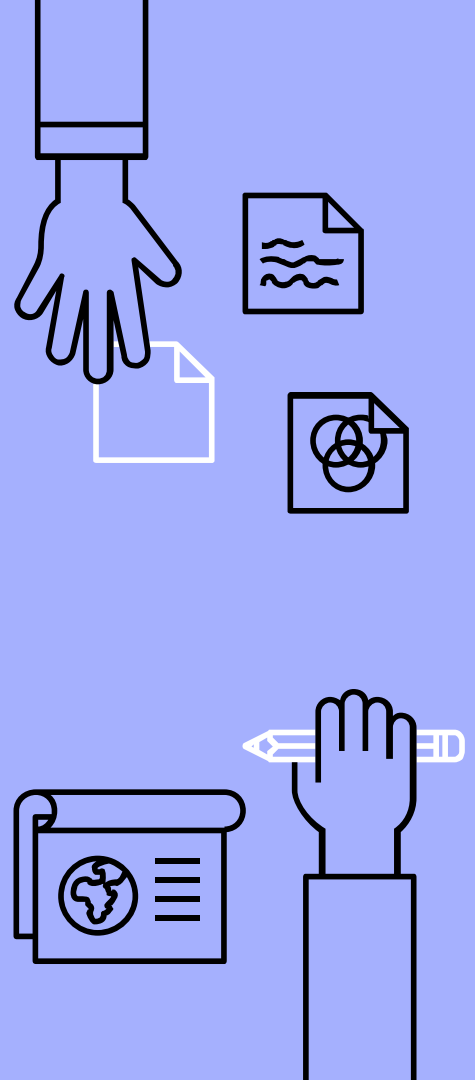
- Numeric- numbers
- Strings- words
- Boolean- true/false statements



How to store a variable

You might know this = as an equal sign, but in coding it is called an **assignment**. You can also call it **storing**. When creating a variable, we assign the name of the variable to a value. We must first assign it using the keyword var (remember code is case sensitive!).

```
Sample:  
var x = 5;  
var x;
```



Storing variables

```
var a;
```

```
var x = 5;
```

```
x = 7;
```

```
var y = "hello";
```

```
var z = true;
```

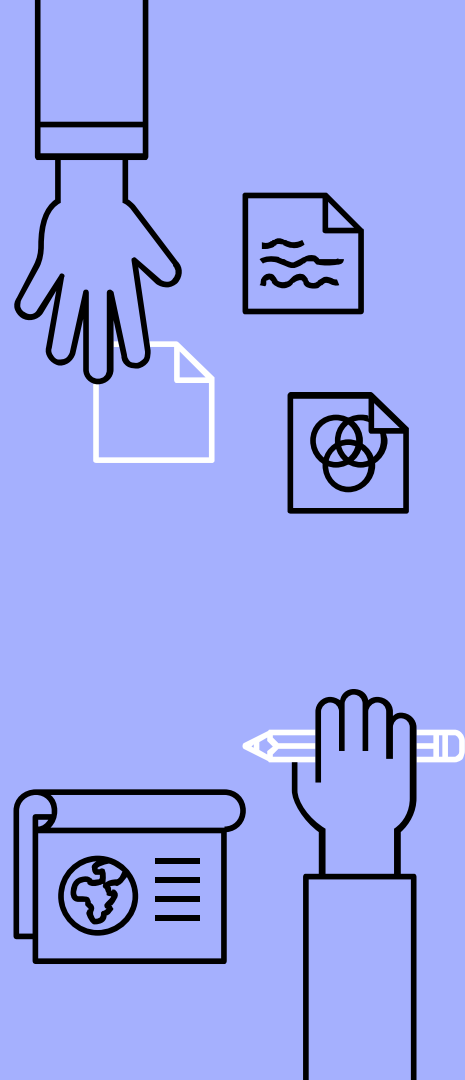
Sample

```
var g = 2;
```

```
var f = g;
```

```
var t = x * f;
```

What does t equal?



Naming variables

Make sure that you don't just name your variables `x` or a random name! You want to give it a name related to what you are storing. For example, if you are storing how old someone is, you may want to call the variable `age`:

```
var age = 15;
```



Student Activity: Code-along

Let's take a look at today's lab

