







Self-driving cars: Safety and Decision-making

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Levels of Automation



<p>Level 0</p> <p>Momentary Driver Assistance</p> <p>You drive, you monitor.</p>		<p>Driver is fully responsible for driving the vehicle while system provides momentary driving assistance, like warnings and alerts, or emergency safety interventions.</p>	<p>Level 3</p> <p>Conditional Automation</p> <p>System drives, you must be available to take over upon request.</p>		<p>System handles all aspects of driving while driver remains available to take over driving if system can no longer operate.</p>
<p>Level 1</p> <p>Driver Assistance</p> <p>You drive, you monitor.</p>		<p>Driver is fully responsible for driving the vehicle while system provides continuous assistance with either acceleration/braking OR steering.</p>	<p>Level 4</p> <p>High Automation</p> <p>When engaged, system drives, you ride.</p>		<p>When engaged, system is fully responsible for driving tasks within limited service areas. A human driver is not needed to operate the vehicle.</p>
<p>Level 2</p> <p>Additional Driver Assistance</p> <p>You drive, you monitor.</p>		<p>Driver is fully responsible for driving the vehicle while system provides continuous assistance with both acceleration/braking AND steering.</p>	<p>Level 5</p> <p>Full Automation</p> <p>When engaged, system drives, you ride.</p>		<p>When engaged, system is fully responsible for driving tasks under all conditions and on all roadways. A human driver is not needed to operate the vehicle.</p>

Safety Is The Point

Decision making is based on programmed “risk magnitudes.” For example:

“Getting sideswiped by a truck has a risk magnitude of 5,000, getting into a head-on crash with another car has a risk magnitude of 20,000, and hitting a pedestrian has a risk magnitude of 100,000 (Nelson).”

Ideal fully-automated systems will:

- Eliminate drowsy, distracted, or impaired driving
- Prevent traffic law violations
- Enable people with disabilities that prevent driving to travel safely
- Take in sensor data from all directions and process it quickly, and respond to hazards more quickly than human reaction time allows
- “...communicate with one another and change routes based on traffic, accidents or construction”

Marc Saltzman, “Self-Driving Cars Are a Thing of the Future. but Is That Future Right around the Corner?,” USA Today (Gannett Satellite Information Network, August 29, 2022), <https://www.usatoday.com/story/tech/2022/08/29/self-driving-cars-future-gm-tesla/7896389001/>.

MBA Andy Lau, “The Ethics of Self-Driving Cars,” Medium (Towards Data Science, August 13, 2020), <https://towardsdatascience.com/the-ethics-of-self-driving-cars-efaaaaf9e320>.

Self driving cars: How safe are they really?

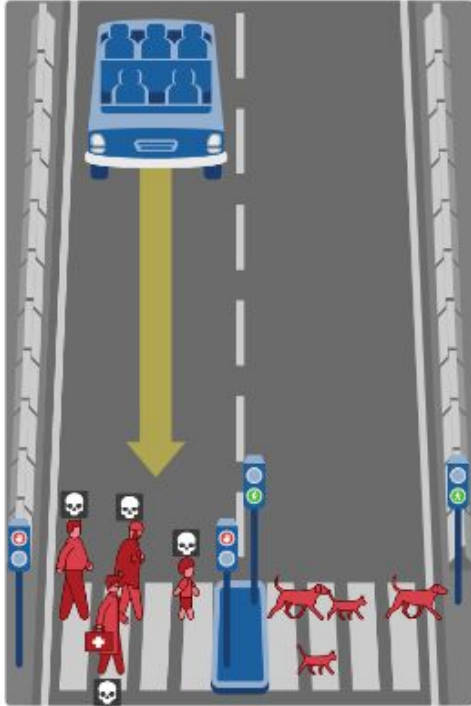
- Self driving cars have a long way to go and may not be able to respond as well as a human can on a busy roadway
- Technology may still be developing but still cannot meet the ability humans possess
 - How to predict what a pedestrian will or is about to do
 - Making decisions on how to act based on given information in the roadway
 - A truck doing a 3 point turn
- Who gets to die?
 - Ethical situation: There is an old lady is crossing the street. Inside the car is a newborn baby. What should the car do?
 - Should it avoid the old lady and hit a barrier, killing the baby?
 - ...*or* should it strike the old lady and save the baby?

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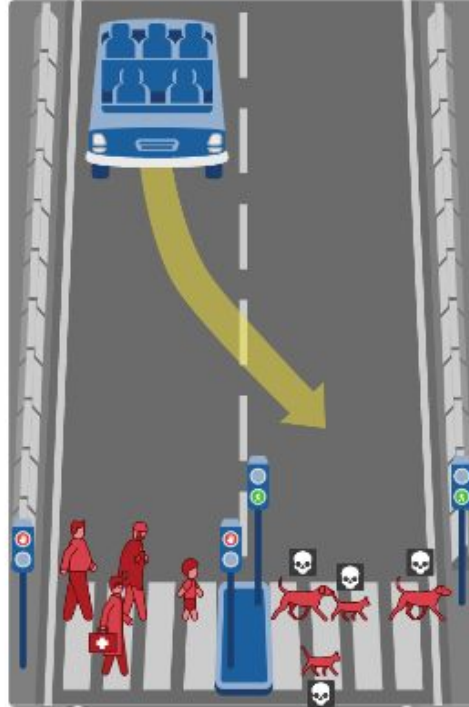
- Moral machine survey developed to determine how AI should behave in an accident (<https://www.moralmachine.net/>)
 - Who should have preference?
 - Men vs women
 - Adults vs children
 - People crossing illegally or not
 - Old vs young
- Who should be die?
 - Views on situations like this vary from country to country
 - **GERMANY** -
 - Germans don't like to make a decision (**INACTION**)
 - Leave it up to fate...
 - **FRANCE** -
 - Sparing woman and stronger focus on children
 - DO NOT LEAVE THINGS TO FATE, machine should make the decision

Kinds of decisions Moral Machine asks users.

What should the self-driving car do?



Show Description



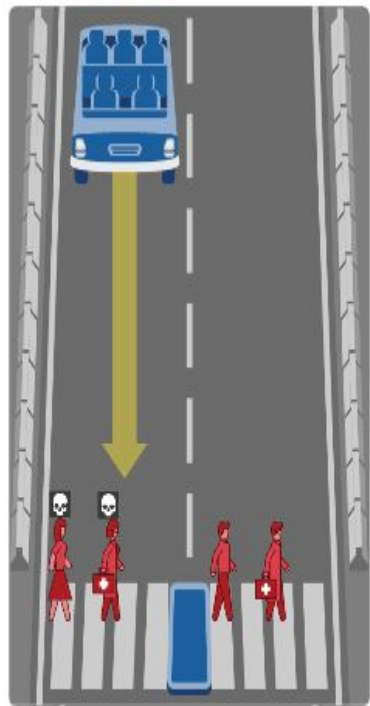
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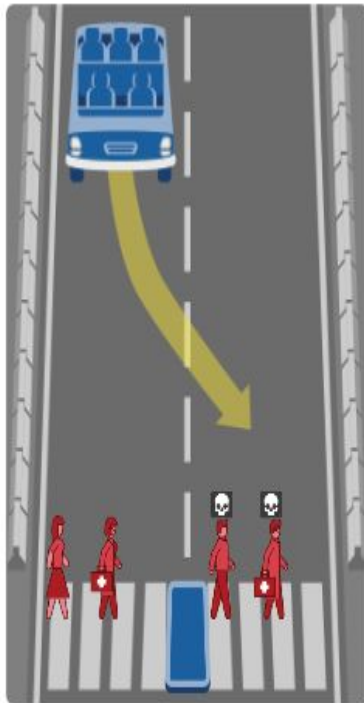
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<https://forms.gle/YMCUsj7ZpxSd44Vy9>

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Disadvantages of self-driving cars

- Increase in self driving cars
- Businesses will not react or adapt fast enough
 - Lose billions in revenue
- Revenues lost because of licensing fees, taxes and tools, and personal injury lawyers
- Sales will drop once self-driving car sales “popularize”
- Auto insurance companies could lose up to 315 billion in premiums as the number of people having cars decreases
- There are regulatory and legislative obstacles to the widespread use of self-driving cars and substantial concerns about privacy. (Who will have access to any driving information these vehicles store?)²⁶²⁷ There’s also the question of security, as hackers could theoretically take control of these vehicles, and are not known for their restraint or civic-mindedness

Sources

1. <https://www.nhtsa.gov/technology-innovation/automated-vehicles-safety>
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5. <https://www.investopedia.com/articles/investing/052014/how-googles-selfdriving-car-will-change-everything.asp>
6. <https://www.wired.com/story/uber-self-driving-car-fatal-crash/>