

By the end of the unit, based on Khan Academy, students will be able to understand and complete this code:

```
CREATE TABLE persons (  
  id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,  
  fullname TEXT,  
  age INTEGER);  
  
INSERT INTO persons (fullname, age) VALUES ("Bobby McBobbyFace", "12");  
INSERT INTO persons (fullname, age) VALUES ("Lucy BoBucie", "25");  
INSERT INTO persons (fullname, age) VALUES ("Banana FoFanna", "14");  
INSERT INTO persons (fullname, age) VALUES ("Shish Kabob", "20");  
INSERT INTO persons (fullname, age) VALUES ("Fluffy Sparkles", "8");
```

```
CREATE table hobbies (  
  id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,  
  person_id INTEGER,  
  name TEXT);  
  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (1, "drawing");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (1, "coding");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (2, "dancing");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (2, "coding");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (3, "skating");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (3, "rowing");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (3, "drawing");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (4, "coding");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (4, "dilly-dallying");  
INSERT INTO hobbies (person_id, name) VALUES (4, "meowing");
```

```
CREATE table friends (  
  id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,  
  person1_id INTEGER,  
  person2_id INTEGER);
```

```
INSERT INTO friends (person1_id, person2_id)  
VALUES (1, 4);  
INSERT INTO friends (person1_id, person2_id)  
VALUES (2, 3);
```

```
SELECT persons.fullname, hobbies.name  
FROM persons  
JOIN hobbies  
ON persons.id = hobbies.person_id  
;
```

```
SELECT perA.fullname, perB.fullname  
FROM persons perA  
JOIN friends  
ON perA.id = friends.person1_id  
JOIN persons perB  
ON friends.person2_id = perB.id  
;
```

From: [Computing/ Computer programming/ Intro to SQL: Querying and managing data/ Relational queries in SQL/](#)  
Challenge:Friendbook

On Khan Academy's platform, it would look like :

## DATABASE SCHEMA

<u>persons</u>	5 rows	<u>hobbies</u>	10 rows	<u>friends</u>	2 rows
id (PK)	INTEGER	id (PK)	INTEGER	id (PK)	INTEGER
fullname	TEXT	person_id	INTEGER	person1_id	INTEGER
age	INTEGER	name	TEXT	person2_id	INTEGER

persons:

id	fullname	age
1	Bobby McBobbyFace	12
2	Lucy BoBucie	25
3	Banana FoFanna	14
4	Shish Kabob	20
5	Fluffy Sparkles	8

hobbies:

id	person_id	name
1	1	drawing
2	1	coding
3	2	dancing
4	2	coding
5	3	skating
6	3	rowing
7	3	drawing
8	4	coding
9	4	dilly-dallying
10	4	meowing

Friends:

id	person1_id	person2_id
1	1	4
2	2	3

QUERY RESULTS

fullname	name
Bobby McBobbyFace	drawing
Bobby McBobbyFace	coding
Lucy BoBucie	dancing
Lucy BoBucie	coding
Banana FoFanna	skating
Banana FoFanna	rowing
Banana FoFanna	drawing
Shish Kabob	coding
Shish Kabob	dilly-dallying
Shish Kabob	meowing

fullname	fullname
Bobby McBobbyFace	Shish Kabob
Lucy BoBucie	Banana FoFanna