hithorpe Oct 21, 19 15:30 Page 1/16 ______ /local/submit/submit/comp10002/ass2/hjthorpe/src/ass2submission.c ______ /* Solution to comp10002 Assignment 2, 2019 semester 2. Authorship Declaration: (1) I certify that the program contained in this submission is completely my own individual work, except where explicitly noted by comments that provide details otherwise. I understand that work that has been developed by another student, or by me in collaboration with other students, or by non-students as a result of request, solicitation, or payment, may not be submitted for assessment in this subject. I understand that submitting for assessment work developed by or in collaboration with 15 other students or non-students constitutes Academic Misconduct, and may be penalized by mark deductions, or by other penalties determined via the University of Melbourne Academic Honesty Policy, as described at https://academicintegrity.unimelb.edu.au. 20 (2) I also certify that I have not provided a copy of this work in either softcopy or hardcopy or any other form to any other student, and nor will I do so until after the marks are released. I understand that providing my work to other students, regardless of my intention or any undertakings made to me by that other student, is also Academic Misconduct. (3) I further understand that providing a copy of the assignment specification to any form of code authoring or assignment tutoring service, or drawing the attention of others to such services and code that may have been made available via such a service, may be regarded as Student General Misconduct (interfering with the teaching activities of the University and/or inciting others to commit Academic Misconduct). I understand that an allegation of Student General Misconduct may arise regardless of whether or not I personally make use of such solutions or sought benefit from such actions. Signed by: Hunter James Thorpe 1079893 20/10/2019 Dated: 40 #include <stdlib.h> #include <stdio.h> #include <string.h> #include <ctype.h> #include <assert.h> #define COORD LEN 2 #define NO_DIRECTIONS 4 #define CELLS_PER_LINE 5 #define ROW 0 #define COL 1 **#define** COUNT 2 #define SEED_STATUS 3 #define NOT_USED -1 #define YES 1 #define NO 0 #define UP 0 #define DOWN 1 #define LEFT 2 #define RIGHT 3 #define NO OF STATUS 5 #define STATUS_1 1 #define STATUS_2 2 #define STATUS_3 3 #define STATUS_4 4 #define STATUS_5 5

#define MAX_LINE_LEN 400

hithorpe Oct 21, 19 15:30 Page 2/16 #define EMPTY_CELL ' ' #define BLOCK '#' #define I_CELL 'I'
#define G_CELL 'G' #define ROUTE_CELL '*' #define END_OF_BLOCKS '\$' /* typdefs */ typedef struct { int** route_coords; 85 int route_end; int route_illegal; int no_coords; } route_info_struct_t; 90 typedef struct { int row_; int col_; } data_t; typedef struct node node_t; struct node { data t data; node_t *next; typedef struct { node_t *head; node_t *foot; 105 } list_t; typedef struct { int coord[COORD_LEN]; int block_end; 110 } line_info_struct_t; typedef struct { int rows; int columns; 115 int no_blocks; int initial_cell[COORD_LEN]; int goal_cell[COORD_LEN]; int path_status; } grid_t; ************************* /* functino p totypes */ int mygetchar (); void read_line(char *line); int my_getnbr(char *str); void nullify_line(char *line, int len); void nullify_line_int(int *line, int len); line_info_struct_t handle_line(void); int scrape_coord(char *line, int *coord); list_t *make_empty_list(void); int is_empty_list(list_t *list); void free_list(list_t *list); list_t *insert_at_head(list_t *list, data_t value); list_t *insert_at_foot(list_t *list, data_t value); 135 data_t get_head(list_t *list); list_t *get_tail(list_t *list); int print_status(int *status); route_info_struct_t read_route(int old_row, int old_col); int illegal_route(int **r_array, int old_row, int old_col, int array_len); void print_stage0(int blocks, grid_t grid); int create_route_list(list_t *list, int old_row, int old_col, grid_t *grid, route_info_struct_t *route_struct, int *status, data_t *route_coord);

void print_route(list_t *list, grid_t *grid, char **grid_array, int **old_route,
 route_info_struct_t *route_struct, int *status, data_t *route_coord); int print_stage1(int col_no, int row_no, char **grid_array, int status_no, int no_blocks, int **old_route, int old_route_len, grid_t *grid); void print_grid(int col_no, int row_no, char **grid_array); void traversal(int base_row, int base_col, int **trav_array);

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    int verify_coord(int row_val, int col_val, char **grid_array, int **queue_array,
        int no_rows, int no_cols, int queue_size);
   int repair_route(int **queue_array, int **old_route, int old_route_len,
   grid_t *grid, char **grid_array, int queue_size, int **new_route);
void trace_route(int **queue_array, int curr_row, int curr_col, int join_len,
        int queue_size, int **repair_array);
    /* main function */
   int
   main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
        char** grid_array;
        int row_iter;
        int col_iter;
        int malloc_iter;
        int block_counter = 0;
        int status[NO OF STATUS + 1] = \{'\0', NO, NO, NO, NO, NO, NO\};
        int old_row;
165
        int old_col;
int **old_route;
        int route_len;
        int status_no;
        grid_t grid;
170
        line_info_struct_t received_struct;
        route_info_struct_t route_struct;
        list t route list;
        data_t route_coord;
175
        /* reading first line, dimensions */
        received_struct = handle_line();
        grid.rows = received_struct.coord[ROW];
        grid.columns = received_struct.coord[COL];
180
        /* reading second line, initial cell */
        received_struct = handle_line();
        grid.initial_cell[ROW] = received_struct.cqui[ROW];
        grid.initial_cell[COL] = received_struct.cd [COL];
185
        /* reading third line, goal cell */
        received struct = handle line();
        grid.goal_cell[ROW] = received_struct.coord[ROW];
        grid.goal_cell[COL] = received_struct.coord[COL];
190
        /* allocating memory to grid array and initialising cells to not blocked */
        grid_array = malloc(grid.rows * sizeof(char*));
        for (row_iter = 0; row_iter < grid.rows; row_iter++) {</pre>
            grid_array[row_iter] = malloc(grid.columns * sizeof(char));
            for (col_iter = 0; col_iter < grid.columns; col_iter++) {</pre>
195
                grid array[row iter][col iter] = EMPTY CELL;
        /* counting number of blocks and adding them to 2d array */
200
        while ((received_struct = handle_line()).block_end == NO) {
            block_counter = block_counter + 1;
            grid_array[received_struct.coord[ROW]][received_struct.coord[COL]] =
                BLOCK;
205
        /* creating a linked list that stores the proposed route*/
        old_row = grid.initial_cell[ROW] + 1; /* +1 prevents step size being */
                                                /* recognized as 0 */
        old_col = grid.initial_cell[COL];
        route_list = *make_empty_list();
210
        route_len = create_route_list(&route_list, old_row, old_col, &grid,
            &route_struct, status, &route_coord);
        /* allocating memory to array that stores old route path in array */
        old_route = malloc(route_len * sizeof(int*));
215
        for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < route_len; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
            old_route[malloc_iter] = malloc(COORD_LEN * sizeof(int));
        /* printing stage0 output */
220
        print_stage0(block_counter, grid);
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        /* printing route out */
       print_route(&route_list, &grid, grid_array, old_route, &route_struct,
            status, &route_coord);
225
        /* adding initial cell and goal cell to map */
       grid_array[grid.initial_cell[ROW]][grid.initial_cell[COL]] = I_CELL;
       grid_array[grid.goal_cell[ROW]][grid.goal_cell[COL]] = G_CELL;
230
        /* printing status */
       status_no = print_status(status);
        /* printing stage1 output */
       print_stage1(grid.columns, grid.rows, grid_array, status_no, block_counter,
235
           old_route, route_len, &grid);
        /* freeing allocated memory (route list is freed as it is printed) */
       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < grid.rows; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
           free(grid_array[malloc_iter]);
240
       free(grid_array);
       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < route_len; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
           free(old_route[malloc_iter]);
245
       free(old_route);
       return 0;
   /* helper functions */
          /* takes flooded queue and position of join back with route, and uses this to
       establish an array that contains the repair */
  void
   trace_route(int **queue_array, int curr_row, int curr_col, int join_len,
       int queue_size, int **repair_array) {
       int target_count;
       int **tie_break_array;
       int **trav_array;
260
       int trav iter;
       int queue_pos;
       int null_iter;
        int malloc_iter;
       int tie_break_pos;
265
        /* allocating memory for tie_break_array and traversal array */
       tie_break_array = malloc(NO_DIRECTIONS * sizeof(int*));
       trav_array = malloc(NO_DIRECTIONS * sizeof(int*));
       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < NO_DIRECTIONS; malloc_iter++)</pre>
270
            tie_break_array[malloc_iter] = malloc(COORD_LEN * sizeof(int));
           trav_array[malloc_iter] = malloc(COORD_LEN * sizeof(int));
        /* adding last cell to end of array */
       repair_array[join_len][ROW] = curr_row;
275
       repair_array[join_len][COL] = curr_col;
       target_count = join_len - 1;
       while (target_count != -1) {
            /* resetting tie break array */
280
           for (null_iter = 0; null_iter < NO_DIRECTIONS; null_iter++) {
    tie_break_array[null_iter][ROW] = NOT_USED;
    tie_break_array[null_iter][COL] = NOT_USED;</pre>
285
            /* generating possible cells */
            traversal(curr_row, curr_col, trav_array);
           for (queue_pos = 0; queue_pos < queue_size; queue_pos++) {</pre>
                if (queue_array[queue_pos][COUNT] == target_count) {
                    /* iterating through up, down, left and right to see if
290
                    potential cell is in one of these locations, then adding it to
                    tie_break_array in appropraite position */
                    for (trav_iter = 0; trav_iter < NO_DIRECTIONS; trav_iter++) {</pre>
                        if (trav_array[trav_iter][ROW] ==
                            queue_array[queue_pos][ROW] &&
295
                            trav_array[trav_iter][COL] ==
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                            queue_array[queue_pos][COL])
                            tie_break_array[trav_iter][ROW] =
                            queue_array[queue_pos][ROW];
                            tie_break_array[trav_iter][COL] =
300
                            queue_array[queue_pos][COL];
                        }
                    }
305
            ^{\prime}\star iterating through tie break array to add correct cell to repair ^{\star}/
           for (tie_break_pos = 0; tie_break_pos < NO_DIRECTIONS;</pre>
                tie_break_pos++)
               if (tie_break_array[tie_break_pos][ROW] != NOT_USED) {
   repair_array[target_count][ROW] = (curr_row =
310
                        tie break array[tie break pos][ROW]);
                    repair_array[target_count][COL] = (curr_col =
                        tie_break_array[tie_break_pos][COL]);
                   break;
           target_count = target_count - 1;
320
        /* freeing allocated memory */
       tie_break_array = malloc(NO_DIRECTIONS * sizeof(int*));
       trav_array = malloc(NO_DIRECTIONS * sizeof(int*));
       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < NO_DIRECTIONS; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
           free(tie_break_array[malloc_iter]);
325
           free(trav_array[malloc_iter]);
        free(tie_break_array);
       free(trav_array);
330
    /* checks if coordinates are out of bounds, already in queue or is blocked */
   int
   verify_coord(int row_val, int col_val, char **grid_array, int **queue_array,
       int no_rows, int no_cols, int queue_size) {
335
       int queue_iter = 0;
       if (row_val >= no_rows || col_val >= no_cols) {
           return NO;
       if (row_val < 0 | col_val < 0) {</pre>
           return NO;
       for (queue_iter = 0; queue_iter < queue_size; queue_iter++) {</pre>
345
           if (queue_array[queue_iter][COL] == col_val &&
               queue_array[queue_iter][ROW] == row_val) {
               return NO;
       if (grid_array[row_val][col_val] == BLOCK) {
350
           return NO;
       return YES;
    *******************************
   /* fills array with coordinates of cells above, below, left and right (in
        that order) based on given coordinates */
   void
   traversal(int base_row, int base_col, int **trav_array) {
360
        /* up one coordinate */
       trav_array[0][ROW] = base_row - 1;
       trav_array[0][COL] = base_col;
        /* down one coordinate */
365
       trav_array[1][ROW] = base_row + 1;
       trav_array[1][COL] = base_col;
        /* left one coordinate */
       trav_array[2][ROW] = base_row;
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       trav_array[2][COL] = base_col - 1;
        /* right one coordinate */
       trav_array[3][ROW] = base_row;
       trav_array[3][COL] = base_col + 1;
375
    /* floods grid to find a repair, updates grid and route and prints them */
   int
   repair_route(int **queue_array, int **old_route, int old_route_len,
       grid_t *grid, char **grid_array, int queue_size, int **new_route) {
        int join_row;
       int join_col;
       int join_len;
int rejoin;
385
       int **repair array;
       int queue_pos = 0;
       int break_pos = 0;
        int post_break_pos = 0;
       int coords_in_queue = 0;
390
       int break_loop = NO;
       int new_route_len;
        int format_counter;
        int block_status = NO;
       int row iter;
395
       int malloc_iter;
       int col_iter;
        int pot_cell;
       int row_no;
       int col_no;
400
       int **trav_array;
        int route_iter;
        int new_route_pos;
       int rep_array_iter;
405
        /* finding position of first instance of block on route using block_iter */
       for (route_iter = 0; route_iter < old_route_len; route_iter++)</pre>
           if (grid_array[old_route[route_iter][ROW]][old_route[route_iter][COL]]
                == BLOCK)
410
               break_pos = route_iter - 1;
                /* adding the first cell before break to queue at position 0 */
               queue_array[0][ROW] = old_route[break_pos][ROW];
               queue_array[0][COL] = old_route[break_pos][COL];
               queue_array[0][COUNT] = 0;
               queue_array[0][SEED_STATUS] = NO;
415
               break;
           }
        /* finding position where blocked segment of route finishes */
420
       for (post_break_pos = break_pos + 1; post_break_pos < old_route_len;</pre>
           post break pos++) {
           if (grid_array[old_route[post_break_pos][ROW]]
                [old_route[post_break_pos][COL]] != BLOCK) {
               break;
425
       }
        /* allocating memory to trav_array that stores potential flood cells
            (coordinates of cells above, below, to the left and right, in order) */
       trav_array = malloc(NO_DIRECTIONS * sizeof(int*));
       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < NO_DIRECTIONS; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
           trav_array[malloc_iter] = malloc(COORD_LEN * sizeof(int));
435
       /* iterating through the queue */
       while (break_loop == NO && queue_pos < queue_size) {</pre>
              if the cell hasnt been used as a seed */
           if (queue_array[queue_pos][SEED_STATUS] == NO) {
                /* creating possible next steps based on seed */
440
                traversal(queue_array[queue_pos][ROW], queue_array[queue_pos][COL],
                   trav_array);
                /* pot_cell iterates through the up, down, left, right potential
                    cells in traversal array */
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                for (pot_cell = 0; pot_cell < NO_DIRECTIONS; pot_cell++) {</pre>
                       checking the coordinate is legitamate
                     if (verify_coord(trav_array[pot_cell][ROW],
                         trav_array[pot_cell][COL], grid_array, queue_array,
                         grid->rows, grid->columns, queue_size) == YES) {
                         /* adding cell to queue and updating queue counter */
450
                         coords_in_queue = coords_in_queue + 1;
                         queue_array[coords_in_queue][ROW] =
                             trav_array[pot_cell][ROW];
                         queue_array[coords_in_queue][COL] =
                             trav_array[pot_cell][COL];
455
                         queue_array[coords_in_queue][COUNT] =
                             queue_array[queue_pos][COUNT] + 1;
                         queue_array[coords_in_queue][SEED_STATUS] = NO;
                           checking old route to see if a join has been made,
                             route iter iterates through old route */
460
                         for (route_iter = post_break_pos;
                             route iter < old route len; route iter++) {
                             if (old_route[route_iter][ROW] ==
                                 trav_array[pot_cell][ROW] &&
465
                                 old_route[route_iter][COL] ==
                                 trav_array[pot_cell][COL]) { /* join made */
                                 join_row = old_route[route_iter][ROW];
                                  join_col = old_route[route_iter][COL];
                                 join_len = queue_array[coords_in_queue][COUNT];
                                 /* to break out of loops */
470
                                 pot_cell = NO_DIRECTIONS;
                                 break_loop = YES;
                                 break;
                             }
                         }
475
                    }
                }
            queue_pos =queue_pos + 1; /* updating position in queue */
480
        /* end of queue reached with no join found = route cannot be repaired */
        if (break loop == NO) {
            print_grid((row_no = grid->rows), (col_no = grid->columns), grid_array);
            printf("-
485
            printf("The route cannot be repaired!\n");
            return 0;
        /* allocating memory to repair array that stores new section of route */
repair_array = malloc((join_len + 1) * sizeof(int*));
        for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < join_len + 1; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
            repair_array[malloc_iter] = malloc(COORD_LEN * sizeof(int));
495
        /* fills repair array with new section of route */
        trace_route(queue_array, join_row, join_col, join_len, queue_size,
            repair_array);
        /* allocating memory to array that will store complete repaired route */
500
        new_route = malloc((new_route_len = old_route_len + join_len - 2)
            * sizeof(int*));
        for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < new_route_len; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
            new_route[malloc_iter] = malloc(COORD_LEN * sizeof(int));
505
        /* filling new_route with old_route up until first break */
        for (route_iter = 0; route_iter < break_pos; route_iter++)</pre>
            new_route[route_iter][ROW] = old_route[route_iter][ROW];
            new_route[route_iter][COL] = old_route[route_iter][COL];
510
        /* iterating with rejoin to find at what position the repaired section
            rejoins the old route */
        for (rejoin = break_pos; rejoin < old_route_len; rejoin++)</pre>
515
            if (old_route[rejoin][ROW] == repair_array[join_len][ROW] &&
                old_route[rejoin][COL] == repair_array[join_len][COL]) {
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520
        /* adding repaird section into new route */
        new_route_pos = break_pos;
        for (rep_array_iter = 0; rep_array_iter < join_len + 1; rep_array_iter++) {</pre>
            new_route[new_route_pos][ROW] = repair_array[rep_array_iter][ROW];
525
            new_route[new_route_pos][COL] = repair_array[rep_array_iter][COL];
            new_route_pos = new_route_pos + 1;
        /* adding rest of old route to new route */
        for (route_iter = new_route_pos; route_iter < new_route_len; route_iter++) {</pre>
            rejoin = rejoin + 1;
            new_route[route_iter][ROW] = old_route[rejoin][ROW];
            new route[route iter][COL] = old route[rejoin][COL];
535
        /* resetting 2d grid_array */
        for (row_iter = 0; row_iter < grid->rows; row_iter++) {
            for (col_iter = 0; col_iter < grid->columns; col_iter++) {
540
                if (grid_array[row_iter][col_iter] == ROUTE_CELL) {
                     grid_array[row_iter][col_iter] = EMPTY_CELL;
            }
545
        /* putting new route into 2d grid_array and printing it */
        for (route_iter = 0; route_iter < new_route_len; route_iter ++) {</pre>
            if (grid_array[new_route[route_iter][ROW]][new_route[route_iter][COL]]
                == EMPTY_CELL) {
                grid_array[new_route[route_iter][ROW]][new_route[route_iter][COL]]
550
                = ROUTE_CELL;
        print_grid((col_no = grid->columns), (row_no = grid->rows), grid_array);
        printf("
        /* printing first cell of route */
        printf("[%d,%d]", new_route[0][ROW], new_route[0][COL]);
        format_counter = 1;
560
        /* printing rest of route */
        for (route_iter = 1; route_iter < new_route_len; route_iter ++) {</pre>
            if (format_counter == CELLS_PER_LINE) {
                printf("->\n");
565
                printf("[%d,%d]", new_route[route_iter][ROW],
                    new_route[route_iter][COL]);
                format_counter = 0;
            } else {
                printf("->[%d,%d]", new_route[route_iter][ROW],
570
                    new_route[route_iter][COL]);
            format_counter = format_counter + 1;
            ^{\prime *} checking if the cell is blocked ^{*}/
            if (grid_array[new_route[route_iter][ROW]][new_route[route_iter][COL]]
575
                == BLOCK) {
                block_status = YES;
        printf(".\n");
580
        if (block status == YES)
            printf("There is a block on this route!\n");
         else {
585
            printf("The route is valid!\n");
        /st freeing allocated memory st/
        for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < NO_DIRECTIONS; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
            free(trav_array[malloc_iter]);
590
        free(trav_array);
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       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < join_len + 1; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
           free(repair_array[malloc_iter]);
595
       free(repair_array);
       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < new_route_len; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
           free(new_route[malloc_iter]);
       free(new_route);
600
       return new_route_len;
    /* for printing appropriate stage 1 output */
605
   int
   print_stagel(int col_no, int row_no, char **grid_array, int status_no,
       int no_blocks, int **old_route, int old_route_len, grid_t *grid) {
       int **queue_array;
       int space_in_grid;
610
       int malloc_iter;
       int **new_route = NULL;
       int new_route_len;
       /* printing intial grid */
615
       printf("==STAGE 1======
                                       ======\n");
       print_grid(col_no, row_no, grid_array);
        /* terminating stage 1 if status is not 4 */
       if (status_no != 4) {
           printf("==
                                                       =======\n");
           return 0;
       printf("---
625
       /* declaring memory required for queue array, 4 ints in each internal array
       for 4 data points: Row, Col, Count and Seed_status */
       space_in_grid = ((col_no * row_no) - no_blocks) + 1;
       queue_array = malloc(space_in_grid * sizeof(int*));
630
       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < space_in_grid; malloc_iter++) {
    queue_array[malloc_iter] = malloc(4 * sizeof(int));</pre>
           nullify_line_int(queue_array[malloc_iter], 4);
635
       new_route_len = repair_route(queue_array, old_route, old_route_len, grid,
           grid_array, space_in_grid, new_route);
       printf("===
       /* freeing allocated memory */
640
       for (malloc_iter = 0; malloc_iter < specialin_grid; malloc_iter++) {</pre>
           free(queue_array[malloc_iter]);
       free(queue array);
645
       return 0;
   /* prints a grid based off given inputs */
   void
   print_grid(int col_no, int row_no, char **grid_array) {
       int a_count1;
       int a_count2;
       int print_count = 0;
655
       /* printing top coordinates */
       printf("");
       for (a_count1 = 0; print_count < col_no; a_count1++) {</pre>
           if (a_count1 == 10) {
               a\_count1 = 0;
660
           printf("%d", a_count1);
           print_count = print_count + 1;
       printf("\n");
665
       /* printing lines of grid */
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       for (a_count1 = (print_count = 0); print_count < row_no; a_count1++)</pre>
           if (a_count1 == 10) {
               a_{count1} = 0;
670
           printf("%d", a_count1);
           for (a_count2 = 0; a_count2 < col_no; a_count2++) {</pre>
               printf("%c", grid_array[a_count1][a_count2]);
           print_count = print_count + 1;
675
           printf("\n");
           ***********************
      prints out propsed route, checks status and fills old_route array */
680
   void
   print_route(list_t *list, grid_t *grid, char **grid_array, int **old_route,
       route_info_struct_t *route_struct, int *status, data_t *route_coord) {
       int format_counter = 1;
685
       int old_route_count = 1;
       /* checking if first route cell is same as initial cell and printing it */
       *route_coord = get_head(list);
       690
       old_route[0][ROW] = route_coord->row_;
       old_route[0][COL] = route_coord->col_;
695
       printf("[%d,%d]", route_coord->row_, route_coord->col_);
        '* checking coord is in grid bounds */
       if (route_coord->row_ >= 0 && route_coord->col_ >= 0 &&
           route_coord->row_ < grid->rows && route_coord->col_ < grid->columns) {
/* changing map of grid to show route */
700
           if (grid_array[route_coord->row_][route_coord->col_] == ' ')
                   grid_array[route_coord->row_][route_coord->col_] = '*';
       list = get_tail(list);
705
       /* printing rest of route */
       while(!is_empty_list(list))
           *route_coord = get_head(list);
           old_route[old_route_count][ROW] = route_coord->row_;
710
           old_route[old_route_count][COL] = route_coord->col_;
           if (format_counter == CELLS_PER_LINE) {
               printf("->\n");
               printf("[%d,%d]", route_coord->row_, route_coord->col_);
               format_counter = 0;
715
           } else {
               printf("->[%d,%d]", route_coord->row_, route_coord->col_);
           if (grid_array[route_coord->row_][route_coord->col_] == ' ') {
               grid_array[route_coord->row_][route_coord->col_] = '*';
720
           list = get_tail(list);
           format_counter = format_counter + 1;
           old_route_count = old_route_count + 1;
            /* checking if the cell is blocked */
725
           if (grid_array[route_coord->row_][route_coord->col_] == BLOCK) {
               status[STATUS_4] = YES;
       printf(".\n");
730
       /* checking if last cell is same as goal cell */
       if ((route_coord->row_ != grid->goal_cell[ROW]) | |
           (route_coord->col_ != grid->goal_cell[COL]))
           status[STATUS_2] = YES;
735
          ************************
      creating a linked list that stores the proposed route*/
   int
```

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```
create_route_list(list_t *list, int old_row, int old_col, grid_t *grid,
       route_info_struct_t *route_struct, int *status, data_t *route_coord) {
       int route_cont = YES;
       int route_len = 0;
       int a_count1;
745
       while (route_cont == YES) {
           *route_struct = read_route(old_row, old_col);
           /* adding cells to linked list that stores route */
           for (a_count1 = 0; a_count1 < route_struct->no_coords; a_count1++) {
               route_coord->row_ = (old_row =
                   route_struct->route_coords[a_count1][ROW]);
               route_coord->col_ = (old_col =
                   route_struct->route_coords[a_count1][COL]);
               list = insert_at_foot(list, *route_coord);
755
               route len = route len + 1;
               /* checking route coords are out of bounds */
               if (old_row < 0 || old_col < 0 || old_row >= grid->rows ||
                   old_col >= grid->columns) {
                   status[STATUS_3] = YES;
760
           /* checking if it is end of route */
           if (route_struct->route_end == YES) {
               route cont = NO;
765
            '* checking if it is a valid route */
           if (route_struct->route_illegal == YES) {
               status[STATUS_3] = YES;
770
       return route_len;
    /* prints relevant stage0 output */
   void
   print_stage0(int blocks, grid_t grid) {
       printf("==STAGE 0=
       printf("The grid has %d rows and %d columns.\n", grid.rows, grid.columns);
       printf("The grid has %d block(s).\n", blocks);
780
       printf("The initial cell in the grid is [%d,%d].\n", grid.initial_cell[0],
           grid.initial_cell[1]);
       printf("The goal cell in the grid is [%d,%d].\n", grid.goal_cell[0],
           grid.goal_cell[1]);
       printf("The proposed route in the grid is:\n");
785
   /* reads a line of route coords, returns struct with array of coords, 3 ints
    that show if: route is legal, if its the last route line, and no. coords */
   route_info_struct_t
   read_route(int old_row, int old_col) {
       char line[MAX_LINE LEN];
       char copy_str[MAX_LINE_LEN];
       char last_char;
       int chars_1coord;
795
       int chars_total = 0;
       int copy_coord[COORD_LEN];
       int coord_count = 0;
       int a_iter;
       int a_iter2;
       route_info_struct_t return_struct;
       nullify_line(line, MAX_LINE_LEN);
       nullify_line(copy_str, MAX_LINE_LEN);
       read_line(line);
805
       /* checking if it is the last line of the route */
       for (a_iter = 0; a_iter < MAX_LINE_LEN; a_iter++) {
    if (line[a_iter] != '\0' && line[a_iter] != '\n') {</pre>
               last_char = line[a_iter];
810
           copy_str[a_iter] = line[a_iter];
       if (last_char == ']') {
```

```
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            return_struct.route_end = YES;
        } else {
            return_struct.route_end = NO;
        /* counting the number of coordinates in line */
820
        for (a_iter = 0; a_iter < MAX_LINE_LEN; a_iter++) {</pre>
            if (line[a_iter] == '[') {
                coord_count = coord_count + 1;
825
        return_struct.no_coords = coord_count;
        /* creating appropraite array to store coords */
        return_struct.route_coords = malloc(coord_count * sizeof(int*));
        for (a_iter = 0; a_iter < coord_count; a_iter++) {</pre>
830
            return_struct.route_coords[a_iter] = malloc(COORD_LEN * sizeof(int));
        /* reading coords into 2d array */
835
        for (a_iter = 0; a_iter < coord_count; a_iter++) {</pre>
            chars_1coord = scrape_coord(copy_str, copy_coord);
            return_struct.route_coords[a_iter][ROW] = copy_coord[ROW];
            return_struct.route_coords[a_iter][COL] = copy_coord[COL];
            chars_total = chars_total + chars_1coord + 2;
            /* updating copy_str, the +2's are to skip over the -> in input */
            for (a_iter2 = 0; a_iter2 + chars_total +
                                                           MAX LINE LEN;
                a_iter2++) {
                     copy_str[a_iter2] = line[a_iter2 + chars_total];
845
            }
        /* checking if route is legal */
        return_struct.route_illegal = illegal_route(return_struct.route_coords,
            old_row, old_col, coord_count);
850
        return return_struct;
        *************************
   /* checks step sizes between coords to see if route is legal or not */
   int
   illegal_route(int **r_array, int old_row, int old_col, int array_len) {
        int a_iter;
        int step_size1;
860
        int step_size2;
        /* checking step from last of last line to first of this line */
        step_size1 = old_row - r_array[0][ROW];
        step_size2 = old_col - r_array[0][COL];
865
        if (((step_size1 > 1 | step_size1 < -1) | (step_size2 > 1 | step_size2 < -1) | (step_size1 != 0 && step_size2 != 0)) | |</pre>
            (step_size1 == 0 && step_size2 == 0)){
            return YES;
870
        /* checking step sizes in route array */
        for (a_iter = 0; a_iter + 1 < array_len; a_iter++) {</pre>
            step_size1 = r_array[a_iter][ROW] - r_array[a_iter + 1][ROW];
step_size2 = r_array[a_iter][COL] - r_array[a_iter + 1][COL];
875
            if (((step_size1 > 1 | step_size1 < -1) | (step_size2 > 1 | |
    step_size2 < -1) | (step_size1 != 0 && step_size2 != 0)) | |</pre>
                 (step_size1 == 0 && step_size2 == 0)) {
                return YES;
880
        return NO;
        *************************
   /* prints status based on info in status array */
   print_status(int *status) {
        int status_no;
```

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```
for (status_no = 0; status_no < NO_OF_STATUS; status_no++) {</pre>
890
           if (status[status_no] == YES) {
               break;
       if (status_no == STATUS_1) {
895
           printf("Initial cell in the route is wrong!\n");
           return status_no;
       if (status_no == STATUS_2) {
           printf("Goal cell in the route is wrong!\n");
           return status_no;
       if (status_no == STATUS_3) {
           printf("There is an illegal move in this route!\n");
           return status_no;
905
       if (status_no == STATUS_4) {
           printf("There is a block on this route!\n");
           return status_no;
910
       printf("The route is valid!\n");
       return status_no;
      *************************
    /* interprets none route coordinate lines */
915
   line_info_struct_t
   handle_line(void) {
       line_info_struct_t return_struct;
       int coordinate[COORD_LEN];
       char line[MAX_LINE_LEN];
920
       nullify_line(line, MAX_LINE_LEN);
       read_line(line);
       scrape_coord(line, coordinate);
       return_struct.coord[ROW] = coordinate[ROW];
       return_struct.coord[COL] = coordinate[COL];
        * end of block sequence */
       if (line[0] == END_OF_BLOCKS) {
           return_struct.block_end = YES;
           return return_struct;
930
        else {
           return_struct.block_end = NO;
935
       return return_struct;
       *********************
   /* reads the value of the first coords in line, adds them to coords as ints */
   int
   scrape coord(char *line, int *coord) {
       char string[MAX_LINE_LEN];
       int r_dig_count;
       int c_dig_count;
       int copy_count;
       int chars_proccessed = 0;
945
       int offset;
       for (offset = 0; isdigit(line[offset]) == 0; offset++) {
950
       nullify_line(string, MAX_LINE_LEN);
       /* counting digits in row value in cell */
       for (r_dig_count = 0; isdigit(line[r_dig_count + offset]) > 0;
955
           r_dig_count++) {
       chars_proccessed = chars_proccessed + r_dig_count;
       /* copying row value to string array */
960
       for (copy_count = 0; copy_count <= r_dig_count - 1; copy_count++) {</pre>
           string[copy_count] = line[copy_count + offset];
```

```
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      coord[ROW] = my_getnbr(string);
965
      nullify_line(string, MAX_LINE_LEN);
       /* counting number of digits in col value, (+1 is there to factor for
          the ',' or 'x' in the cordinate */
      for (c_dig_count = 0; isdigit(line[c_dig_count + offset +
970
          r_dig_count + 1]); c_dig_count++) {
      chars_proccessed = chars_proccessed + c_dig_count;
975
       /* adding col digits to string array */
      for (copy_count = 0; copy_count < c_dig_count ; copy_count++) {</pre>
          string[copy_count] = line[copy_count + r_dig_count + offset + 1];
980
      coord[COL] = my_getnbr(string);
      chars_proccessed = chars_proccessed + 3;
      return chars_proccessed;
   985
   /* fills char array with null bytes */
   void
   nullify_line(char *line, int len) {
      for (k=0; k < len; k++) {</pre>
          line[k] = ' \setminus 0';
                                    ************
   /* fills int array with null bytes */
   void
   nullify_line_int(int *line, int len) {
      int k;
1000
      for (k=0; k < len; k++) {
          line[k] = ' \setminus 0';
      ****************************
1005
   /* mygetchar function obtained from assignment 1 FAQ page */
   int
   mygetchar() {
      int c;
      while ((c=getchar())=='\r') {
1010
      return c;
   1015 /* read_line takes one line from stdin and places it in line array */
   void
   read_line(char *line)
       int line_iter = 0;
      char pot_char;
1020
      while ((pot_char = mygetchar()) != '\n') {
          line[line_iter] = pot_char;
          line_iter = line_iter + 1;
1025
      line[line_iter] = '\0'; /* adding sentinel */
    my_getnbr function takes a string and returns an integer based on string
      function obtained from:
1030
      https://stackoverflow.com/questions/7021725/how-to-convert-a-
      string-to-integer-in-c . no changes made (i dont trust atoi) */
   int
   my_getnbr(char *str) {
      int result;
1035
      int puiss;
```

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```
result = 0;
      puiss = 1;
      while (('-' == (*str)) || ((*str) == '+'))
1040
          if (*str == '-')
             puiss = puiss * -1;
          str++;
1045
      while ((*str >= '0') && (*str <= '9'))</pre>
          result = (result * 10) + ((*str) - '0');
          str++;
1050
      return (result * puiss);
   /* remaining functions taken from pgs 172-173 of alistair's book, no changes */
   list_t
   *make_empty_list(void) {
    list_t *list;
      list = (list_t*)malloc(sizeof(*list));
      assert(list!=NULL);
1060
      list->head = list->foot = NULL;
      return list;
        ************************
  int
1065
   is_empty_list(list_t *list) {
      assert(list!=NULL);
      return list->head==NULL;
  1070
   void
   free_list(list_t *list) {
    node_t *curr, *prev;
      assert(list!=NULL);
      curr = list->head;
1075
      while (curr) {
          prev = curr;
          curr = curr->next;
          free(prev);
1080
      free(list);
              *********************
   list t
  *insert_at_head(list_t *list, data_t value) {
      node_t *new;
      new = (node_t*)malloc(sizeof(*new));
      assert(list!=NULL && new!=NULL);
      new->data = value;
      new->next = list->head;
1090
      list->head = new;
      if (list->foot==NULL) {
          /* this is the first insertion into the list */
          list->foot = new;
1095
      return list;
   list_t
   *insert_at_foot(list_t *list, data_t value) {
   node_t *new;
      new = (node_t*)malloc(sizeof(*new));
      assert(list!=NULL && new!=NULL);
      new->data = value;
      new->next = NULL;
1105
      if (list->foot==NULL) {
          /* this is the first insertion into the list */
          list->head = list->foot = new;
      } else {
1110
          list->foot->next = new;
```

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```
list->foot = new;
     return list;
  data_t
  get_head(list_t *list) {
     assert(list!=NULL && list->head!=NULL);
     return list->head->data;
  list_t
  *get_tail(list_t *list) {
     node_t *oldhead;
assert(list!=NULL && list->head!=NULL);
1125
     oldhead = list->head;
     list->head = list->head->next;
     if (list->head==NULL) {
        /* the only list node just got deleted */
       list->foot = NULL;
1130
     free(oldhead);
     return list;
  /* algorithms are fun */
```