

## Specifications to Run

- ~~Linear~~
- Semi-log (Taylor 2003, Ottensman et al 2008, Netusil 2005)
- Log (Mahan et al 2000) (is this logged ind and non-logged dep)
- Double-log (Netusil 2005)
- Quadratic
- Linear Box-Cox
  - Cropper et al (1988) showed that when all housing attributes are observed without error, more complex functional forms (quadratic, quadratic box-cox) can be used to estimate marginal prices; produce biased estimates when some vars are proxied or missing
  - Linear box-cox provides accurate prices when all attributes measured correctly and accommodates some misspecification of the hedonic functional form (Cropper 1988)
  - Note: absolute value of t-statistics estimated from Box-Cox can be biased upward (Blackley et al, 1984)
  - STEPS:
    - Assume model of the form  $y^{(\lambda)} = \beta_1 Z_1^{(\theta_1)} + \beta_2 Z_2^{(\theta_2)} + \dots + \beta_n Z_n^{(\theta_n)}$  where each  $X_i = Z_i^{(\theta_i)}$  is an independent variable.
    - Let lambda be flexible (typically ranges between -2 and 2)
    - Iterate over several OLS models, varying lambda until mean squared error is minimized
    - Recover MWTP by transforming the estimated  $\beta_i$ s (Blackley et al, 1984)
- Quadratic Box-Cox

## Dependent Variable

- Sales price (of residences in Portland from assessor data)
  - Arms length transactions: “types of sales assert that both parties act in their own self-interest and are not subject to pressure from the other party; furthermore, it assures others that there is no collusion between the buyer and seller”
  - Adjust sales price using price index for multnomah residential housing market<sup>1</sup>
    - from June 2016 to July 2019? What is most recent month/year available?
    - Base year?

**Independent Variables: see table below**

## Independent Variables -- Questions

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<sup>1</sup> Mahan et al. (2000)

- Structural
  - Lot size greater than 1 acre or other specification? Use dummy or continuous measure?
  - Square footage of structure and lot (possibly non-linear, could add quadratic term)
  - “Capacity” variable: interaction or ratio of structure to lot sq footage?
- Neighborhood
  - Dummy for spatial fixed effects in neighborhood -- is this allowed? If so, should we take out most other neighborhood independent vars? How coarse/fine should spatial variables be?
    - Census tracts
    - Neighborhood association (e.g. Eastmoreland)
    - Quadrant
  - Which distance measure is best?
    - Straight-line distance
    - Travel time
    - Distance by major highway
  - Distance/Travel time to CBD
    - Free-flow
    - Congested
  - Distance to airport— consider as employment center OR residential amenity/disamenity
  - Distance to major highway
  - Significant Cultural Resources: this adds value to the house, but increases costs of redevelopment. Should we consider redevelopment costs or focus on marginal cost? Is this being incorporated somewhere else in the proforma? Reverse problem for hazardous constraints
- Environmental
  - Open space zone
    - Interaction of open space with diversity of uses within 1 km radius, measured with buffer zones (Acharya et al, 2001)
    - Use a few different radii (200ft, ¼ mi, ½ mi, etc.)
    - How should we set up our buffer variables if we choose to include spatial fixed effects?
  - What distance away should we do for these? E.g. 200ft, ¼ mi, ½ mi

Type	Name	Expected	Source(s)
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## Pre-Analysis

10/03/19

		Sign	
Structural	No. Bathrooms	positive	Ottensman et al. (2008)
Structural	Fireplace Dummy		
Structural	Age of property	negative	Netusil (2005), Donovan
Structural	Structure size (sqft or sqft + sqft <sup>2</sup> or log sqft or sqft <sup>2</sup> )		
Structural	Lot Size (sqft)		
Structural	Number of stories		
Structural	Garage square footage		
Structural	"Capacity" - ratio of structure to lot size (interaction) - base zoning capacity		
Structural	Oversized Lot Dummy	positive	Ottensman et al. (2008)
Structural	Basement Dummy (crawlspaces, basement+crawlspcace, etc)	positive	Ottensman et al. (2008)
Structural	Attic		
Structural	Elevation (ft)	positive	Johnston et al. (2019)
Neighborhood	% Vacant Lots/Houses Nearby	negative	Ottensman et al. (2008)
Neighborhood	District SAT (school performance score)	positive	Ottensman et al. (2008)
Neighborhood	Per student expenditures	positive	Turner et al. (2014)
Neighborhood	Distance/Travel to Central Business District (free flow)	positive	Ottensman et al. (2008), Mahan et al (2000)
Neighborhood	School boundary zones		
Neighborhood	Distance/Travel to CBD (congested)	positive	Ottensman et al. (2008), Mahan et al (2000)
Neighborhood	Distance/Travel to multi employ centers		Ottensman et al. (2008)
Neighborhood	Walkscore		Ottensman et al. (2008)
Neighborhood	Population density per census tract [proxy for congestion]	negative	Irwin et al. (2001)
Neighborhood	Distance to Airport	mixed	Ottensman et al. (2008)

## Pre-Analysis

10/03/19

Neighborhood	Market Segment Dummy (quadrant)	mixed	Mahan et al (2000)
Neighborhood	Zoning designation		
Neighborhood	Racial composition of neighborhood		
Neighborhood	Non-overlapping neighborhood associations (spatial fixed effects)	IMPORTANT!!!!!!	Kuminoff (forthcoming)
Neighborhood	Average education level		
Neighborhood	Median neighborhood income	positive	Turner et al (2014)
Environmental	Distance to Wetland (Lake vs stream)	negative	Mahan et al (2000)
Environmental	Size of Wetland (lake vs stream)	positive	Mahan et al (2000)
Environmental	Open space		
Environmental	Slope + Stream		Netusil (2005)
Environmental	Proximity to trees	positive	Netusil (2005), Donovan
Environmental	Proximity to stream	positive	Netusil (2005), Donovan
Environmental	P-zone + quadrant	mixed	Netusil (2005)
Environmental	C-zone + quadrant	mixed	Netusil (2005)
Environmental	Tree canopy coverage on lot		Donovan (2010)
Environmental	Proximity to Willamette (bridge effect)		
Structural	Area-perimeter ratio/number of vertices (capture odd shapes?)		
Neighborhood	High school catchment area (but there's some flexibility--how many students go outside their catchment area?)		
Structural	Property taxes (assessment in year house sold) paid in year home transacted & across time		
Neighborhood	Traffic (layer from PBOT)		
Neighborhood	Street classification (major arteries, biking only, etc)		