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Assignment: Program 9

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amazonTrans.h

```
#pragma once
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include "person.h"
using namespace std;

/*
*this is a class to hold information about an
*amazon transction. it extends person so it
*also holds the info for the person that made
*this transction
*/
class amazonTrans : public person
{
private:
    int custID;
    double transactionAmount;
    string date;
public:
    amazonTrans();
    void setCustomerID(int toSet);
    int getCustomerID();
    void setTransactionAmount(double toSet);
    double getTransactionAmount();
    void setDate(string toSet);
    //overloading of <
    bool operator< (const amazonTrans& toTest);
    //overloading of ==
    bool operator== (const amazonTrans& isEq);
    string getDate();

    //overloading for the << so i can cout my obj
    friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &output, amazonTrans &D)
    {
        output.clear();
        output << D.fName << " " << D.lName << "(Customer " << D.custID << ")" << "\n"
            << D.date << "\n"
            << "$" << setprecision(2) << fixed << D.transactionAmount << "(Tax $" <<
D.transactionAmount*.06 << ")";

        return output;
    }
};
```

binTreeType.h

```
// Specification file for the BinTreeType class
// PRECONDITION for use of this class:
// Data type defining tree node "info" must have operators
// '<', 'cout', and '==', or they must be overloaded

//Michael changed stuff here..
//added a few features for this .
//for searching.
#ifndef BINARYTREE_H
#define BINARYTREE_H

#include "person.h"
#include "amazonTrans.h"
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

template <class ItemType>
class BinTreeType
{
private:
    struct TreeNode
    {
        ItemType info;
        TreeNode *left;
        TreeNode *right;
    };

    TreeNode *root;

    // Overloaded functions for recursive actions
    void insert(TreeNode *&, TreeNode *&);
    void deleteIt(ItemType, TreeNode *&);
    void makeDeletion(TreeNode *&);
    void destroySubTree(TreeNode *);
    void getSuccessor( TreeNode* aNode, ItemType& data);
    void copyTree(TreeNode*& copy, const TreeNode* origTree);

    // Overloaded traversal functions for recursive actions
    void displayInOrder(TreeNode *);
    void displayPreOrder(TreeNode *);
    void displayPostOrder(TreeNode *);

    // Recursive functions for various utility operations
    int countNodes(TreeNode* tree);
    int getDepth(TreeNode* tree);
    bool found = false;

public:
    BinTreeType();           // Constructor
    BinTreeType(BinTreeType& origTree); // Copy constructor
    void operator= (BinTreeType& origTree); // Overloaded assignment operator
    ~BinTreeType();          // Destructor

    // Tree data insertion, deletion, and searching
    void insertNode(ItemType);
    bool searchNode(ItemType);
    void deleteNode(ItemType);

    // Tree traversal
    void displayInOrder();
    void displayPreOrder();
    void displayPostOrder();

    // Utilities for tree operations
    int numberOfNodes();      // Count nodes in tree
    int treeDepth();
```

```

//added the functions below here
    person get(ItemType);
    void findme(ItemType);
    void findme(TreeNode *nodePtr, ItemType);

};

//main calling function for the recursive find me function
//if the recursive function does not find it, found will stay false
//once the functions are done. if found is false is will give error
template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::findme(ItemType item)
{
    findme(root, item);
    if (found == false)
    {
        cout << "could not find that dat/Cust ID, try again. please check and try again" << endl;
    }
}

// Recursive function fo searching for a cust id and date

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::findme(TreeNode *nodePtr, ItemType item)
{
    //trans the user is looking for
    amazonTrans temp = item;
    if (nodePtr != NULL)
    {
        //temp trans for this current node
        amazonTrans temp2 = nodePtr->info;
        //compare
        if ( temp.getDate() == temp2.getDate()
            && temp.getCustomerID() == temp2.getCustomerID())
        {
            //if found cout the trans and set found to true
            cout << temp2 << endl;
            found = true;
        }
        else
        {
            //else recurse
            findme(nodePtr->left, temp);
            findme(nodePtr->right, temp);
        }
    }
}

}

//*****
//*****
// Implementation file for the BinTreeType class
//*****
//*****

// Constructor
template <class ItemType>
BinTreeType<ItemType>::BinTreeType()
{
    root = NULL;
}

template <class ItemType>

//will return the person info.
//this will scan through the tree looking
//for a person by their id and then return them

```

```

person BinTreeType<ItemType>::get(ItemType item)
{
    TreeNode *nodePtr = root;
    person temp;
    while (nodePtr != NULL)
    {
        if (nodePtr->info == item)
        {
            //temp = nodePtr->info;
            return nodePtr->info;
        }

        else if (item < nodePtr->info)
            nodePtr = nodePtr->left;
        else
            nodePtr = nodePtr->right;
    }
}

//*****
// Copy constructor - Utilizes recursive utility function
// copyTree to actually replicate original tree
//*****

template <class ItemType>
BinTreeType<ItemType>::BinTreeType(BinTreeType<ItemType>& origTree)
{
    copyTree(root, origTree.root);
}

//*****
// Overloaded assignment operator - Utilizes recursive utility function
// copyTree to actually replicate original tree
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::operator= (BinTreeType<ItemType>& origTree)
{
    destroySubTree(root);    // Eliminate any existing nodes in target
    copyTree(root, origTree.root); // Copy source to target as part of assignment
}

//*****
// Destructor
//*****

template <class ItemType>
BinTreeType<ItemType>::~BinTreeType()
{
    destroySubTree(root);
}

//*****
// insert accepts a TreeNode pointer and a pointer to a node. *
// The function inserts the node into the tree pointed to by *
// the TreeNode pointer. This function is called recursively. *
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::insert(TreeNode *&nodePtr, TreeNode *&newNode)
{
    if (nodePtr == NULL)
        nodePtr = newNode;    // Insert the node.
    else if (newNode->info < nodePtr->info)
        insert(nodePtr->left, newNode);    // Search the left branch
    else
        insert(nodePtr->right, newNode);    // Search the right branch
}

```

```

//*****
// insertNode creates a new node to hold num as its value, *
// and passes it to the insert function.
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::insertNode(ItemType num)
{
    TreeNode *newNode;    // Pointer to a new node.

    // Create a new node and store num in it.
    newNode = new TreeNode;
    newNode->info = num;
    newNode->left = newNode->right = NULL;
    // Insert the node.
    insert(root, newNode);
}

//*****
// destroySubTree is called by the destructor. It *
// deletes all nodes in the tree.
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::destroySubTree(TreeNode *nodePtr)
{
    if (nodePtr != NULL)
    {
        if (nodePtr->left != NULL)
            destroySubTree(nodePtr->left);
        if (nodePtr->right != NULL)
            destroySubTree(nodePtr->right);
        delete nodePtr;
    }
}

//*****
// searchNode determines if a value is present in *
// the tree. If so, the function returns true.
// Otherwise, it returns false.
//*****

template <class ItemType>
bool BinTreeType<ItemType>::searchNode(ItemType item)
{
    TreeNode *nodePtr = root;

    while (nodePtr != NULL)
    {
        if (nodePtr->info == item)
            return true;
        else if (item < nodePtr->info)
            nodePtr = nodePtr->left;
        else
            nodePtr = nodePtr->right;
    }
    return false;
}

//*****
// Function deleteNode triggers the chain of *
// recursive calls to search for and delete *
// target node.
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::deleteNode(ItemType item)
{

```

```

    deletelt(item, root);
}

//*****
// Function deletelt recursively searches for *
// the item to delete and calls function *
// makeDeletion to perform the actual deletion. *
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::deletelt(ItemType item, TreeNode *&nodePtr)
{
    if (item < nodePtr->info)
        deletelt(item, nodePtr->left);
    else if (item > nodePtr->info)
        deletelt(item, nodePtr->right);
    else
        makeDeletion(nodePtr);
}

//*****
// makeDeletion takes a reference to a pointer to the node *
// that is to be deleted. The node is removed and the *
// branches of the tree below the node are reattached. *
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::makeDeletion(TreeNode *&nodePtr)
{
    TreeNode *tempNodePtr; // Temporary pointer, used for deletion
    ItemType data;

    if (nodePtr->right == NULL) // If no right child exists
    {
        tempNodePtr = nodePtr;
        nodePtr = nodePtr->left; // Then reattach the left child
        delete tempNodePtr;
    }
    else if (nodePtr->left == NULL) // If no left child exists
    {
        tempNodePtr = nodePtr;
        nodePtr = nodePtr->right; // Then reattach the right child
        delete tempNodePtr;
    }
    else // If the node has two children
    {
        // Get data for immediate successor (largest node in right subtree)
        getSuccessor(nodePtr, data);

        // Move information from successor node to target node
        nodePtr->info = data;
        deletelt(data, nodePtr->right); // And delete successor node
    }
}

//*****
// This function scans for the succeeding node in order within *
// a binary tree. It moves the the right child, and then moves *
// down the chain of left children until NULL is reached. It *
// returns the data at the predecessor node by reference. *
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::getSuccessor( TreeNode* aNode, ItemType& data)
{
    aNode = aNode->right;
    while (aNode->left != NULL)
        aNode = aNode->left;
}

```



```

    data = aNode->info;

}

//*****
// The displayInOrder member function displays the values      *
// in the subtree pointed to by nodePtr, via inorder traversal. *
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::displayInOrder()
{
    displayInOrder(root);
}

// Recursive function performing traversal
template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::displayInOrder(TreeNode *nodePtr)
{
    if (nodePtr != NULL)
    {
        displayInOrder(nodePtr->left);
        cout << nodePtr->info << " ";
        displayInOrder(nodePtr->right);
    }
}

//*****
// The displayPreOrder member function displays the values    *
// in the subtree pointed to by nodePtr, via preorder traversal. *
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::displayPreOrder()
{
    displayPreOrder(root);
}

// Recursive function performing traversal
template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::displayPreOrder(TreeNode *nodePtr)
{
    if (nodePtr != NULL)
    {
        cout << nodePtr->info << " ";
        displayPreOrder(nodePtr->left);
        displayPreOrder(nodePtr->right);
    }
}

//*****
// The displayPostOrder member function displays the values   *
// in the subtree pointed to by nodePtr, via postorder traversal.*
//*****

template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::displayPostOrder()
{
    displayPostOrder(root);
}

// Recursive function performing traversal
template <class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::displayPostOrder(TreeNode *nodePtr)
{
    if (nodePtr != NULL)
    {
        displayPostOrder(nodePtr->left);

```

```

        displayPostOrder(nodePtr->right);
        cout << nodePtr->info << " ";
    }
}

//*****
// This function recursively traverses the tree and increments *
// a counter at each node "visit" to count the total number of *
// data nodes in the tree. *
//*****

template<class ItemType>
int BinTreeType<ItemType>::numberOfNodes()
{
    return countNodes(root);
}

// Private function performing recursive count
template<class ItemType>
int BinTreeType<ItemType>::countNodes(TreeNode* tree)
{
    if (tree == NULL)
        return 0;
    else
        return countNodes(tree->left) +
               countNodes(tree->right) + 1;
}

//*****
// This function replicates a tree as part of the copy constructor *
// and overloaded assignment operations. *
//*****

template<class ItemType>
void BinTreeType<ItemType>::copyTree(TreeNode*& copy, const TreeNode* origTree)
{
    if (origTree == NULL) // Handle case of empty tree
        copy = NULL;
    else
    {
        copy = new TreeNode;
        copy->info = origTree->info;
        copyTree(copy->left, origTree->left);
        copyTree(copy->right, origTree->right);
    }
}

//*****
// Function checking maximum depth below current node
//*****

// Public function initiating count and returning total to main
// function call
template<class ItemType>
int BinTreeType<ItemType>::treeDepth()
{
    int depth = getDepth(root) - 1;
    return depth;
}

template<class ItemType>
int BinTreeType<ItemType>::getDepth(TreeNode* tree)
{
    if (tree == NULL)
        return 0;
    else
    {
        // Get depths below current node
        int leftDepth = getDepth(tree->left);

```

```
int rightDepth = getDepth(tree->right);

// Return max depth of subtrees plus one for "this" node
if ( leftDepth > rightDepth)
    return leftDepth + 1;
else
    return rightDepth + 1;
}

#endif
```

Person.h

```
#ifndef PERSON_H
#define PERSON_H
#include <string>
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

/*
 *this is a basic person class
 *holds info about a person
 */
class person
{
protected:
    string fName;
    string lName;
    int transID;
public:
    person();
    void setFName(string toSet);
    string getFName();
    void setLName(string toSet);
    string getLName();
    void setTransID(int toSet);
    //overloading of <
    bool operator< (const person& toTest);
    //overloading of ==
    bool operator== (const person& isEqual);
    int getTransID();

    //overloading for the << to cout the obj
    friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &output, person &D)
    {
        output.clear();
        output << " " << D.fName << " " << D.lName << " " << D.transID;
        return output;
    }
};

#endif
```

Wrap.h

```
#ifndef WRAP_H
#define WRAP_H

#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include "binTreeType.h"
#include "amazonTrans.h"
#include "person.h"
using namespace std;

/*
*this is a wrapper class to push all the nasty
*stuff for binary search tree. this way the user
*just has to call the find function to get the info
*they want
*/
class wrap
{
private:
    //two BST to hold all data
    BinTreeType<amazonTrans> transTree;
    BinTreeType<person> personTree;

    //one call to make both BST they have to be
    //built in a certin order
    void makeBST();

    //populate the people BST
    void popPepsBST();

    //populate the tranzation BST
    void popTransBST();

public:
    wrap();

    //call this to find something in the transction BST
    void find(int toFind, string findIt);
};

#endif
```

Amazontrans.cpp

```
#include "amazonTrans.h"

amazonTrans::amazonTrans()
{
    custID = 0;
    transactionAmount = 0.00;
}

void amazonTrans::setCustomerID(int toSet)
{
```

```

        custID = toSet;
    }

    int amazonTrans::getCustomerID()
    {
        return custID;
    }

    void amazonTrans::setTransactionAmount(double toSet)
    {
        transactionAmount = toSet;
    }

    double amazonTrans::getTransactionAmount()
    {
        return transactionAmount;
    }

    void amazonTrans::setDate(string toSet)
    {
        date = toSet;
    }

    string amazonTrans::getDate()
    {
        return date;
    }

    //overloading of ==
    //if obj passed in equals this return true
    bool amazonTrans::operator==(const amazonTrans& isEqI)
    {
        //everything must equal this
        cout << isEqI.custID << " " << custID << " " << isEqI.date << " " << date << " " << endl;
        if (isEqI.custID == custID)
        {
            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    //overloading of the < operator
    //if criticality of obj getting passed in is
    //>then this criticality then return true
    bool amazonTrans::operator<(const amazonTrans& toTest)
    {
        if (toTest.custID == custID)
        {
            if (toTest.date > date)
            {
                return true;
            }
            else
            {
                return false;
            }
        }
        else if (toTest.custID > custID)
        {

```

```
        return true;
    }
    else
    {
        return false;
    }
}
```

Person.cpp

```
#include "person.h"

person::person()
{
    transID = 0;
}

//tests to see if lesser. lesser people have
//a lesser trans id
bool person::operator< (const person& toTest)
{
    if (toTest.transID < transID)
    {
        return true;
    }
    return false;
}

//comparing person to person
//the same person has the same trans id
bool person::operator== (const person& isEqual)
{
    if (isEqual.transID == transID)
    {
        return true;
    }
    return false;
}

void person::setFName(string toSet)
{
    fName = toSet;
}

string person::getFName()
{
    return fName;
}

void person::setLName(string toSet)
{
    lName = toSet;
}

string person::getLName()
{
    return lName;
}

void person::setTransID(int toSet)
{
    transID = toSet;
}

int person::getTransID()
{

```



```
    return transID;  
}
```

Source.cpp

```
//Author: michael lapan
//assignment: program9
/*
*this program reads two files, loads both into BST
*and then allows the user to search for a user on a certin date
*/

#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

#include "wrap.h"
int main()
{
    //vars to hold user input.
    int custID = 0;
    string date;

    wrap BST;
    cout << "what is the customers id?" << endl;
    cin >> custID;
    cout << "the date to look up for the person? (format must be DD/MM/YYYY)" << endl;
    cin >> date;

    //find this custID on this date
    BST.find(custID, date);
    system("pause");
}
```

Wrap.cpp

```
#include "wrap.h"
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
using namespace std;

//on obj creation call makeBST, to make the trees
wrap::wrap()
{
    makeBST();
}

/*
*this will populate the transation BST. this has to be
*called after the people tree is populated. becuase i do
*a look up for each of the peoples names and match, then store
*them in the amatrans obj as it goes into this tree
*/
void wrap::popTransBST()
{
    //my temp vars
    string aWord;
    amazonTrans temp;
    person tempP;
    int i = 0;

    // Open word list file
    ifstream wordFile("transactions.txt");
    if (wordFile.fail())
    {
        cout << "Problem opening document file";
        exit(-1);
    }
    int q = 0;

    // Build list of words in document
    wordFile >> aWord;    // Get first word
    while (!wordFile.eof())
    {
        stringstream ss(aWord);
        string s;

        //split word appart at the comma
        while (getline(ss, s, ','))
        {
            //split the word and then place it into the obj
            if (i == 0)
            {
                temp.setCustomerID(atoi(s.c_str()));
            }
            else if (i == 1)
            {
                temp.setTransactionAmount(atoi(s.c_str()));
            }
            else if (i == 2)
            {
                //convert the day from YY-MM-DD to MM/DD/YYYY
                string month, day, year;
                stringstream sss(s);
                string ll;
                int po = 0;
```

```

        //break the string apart at the -
        while (getline(sss, ll, '-'))
        {
            if (po == 0)
            {
                year = ll;
            }
            else if (po == 1)
            {
                month = ll;
            }
            else if (po == 2)
            {
                day = ll;
                po = -1;
            }
            po++;
        }

        //build the new date string
        temp.setDate(month+"/"+day+"/"+year);
        i = -1;
    }

    i++;
}

//set the temp persons transid
tempP.setTransID(temp.getCustomerID());

//check to see if the person is in the tree
if (personTree.searchNode(tempP))
{
    //if they are it returns that person
    //then sets the name of the person in the
    //temp transaction
    tempP = personTree.get(tempP);
    temp.setFName(tempP.getFName());
    temp.setLName(tempP.getLName());
}
else
{
    //did not find
    //profound error would go here in
    //business world
}

// add the temp transaction to the trans tree

transTree.insertNode(temp);

//move to next word
wordFile >> aWord;
}

//after all is done close
wordFile.close();
}

//this will find a transaction in the bst
void wrap::find(int toFind, string findIt)
{
    amazonTrans temp;
    amazonTrans temp2;

    //build temp transaction
    temp.setCustomerID(toFind);

```

```

        temp.setTransID(toFind);
        temp.setDate(findIt);
        transTree.findme(temp);
    }

    //this will call the populate bst's
    //they have to be called in this order
    void wrap::makeBST()
    {
        popPepsBST();
        popTransBST();
    }

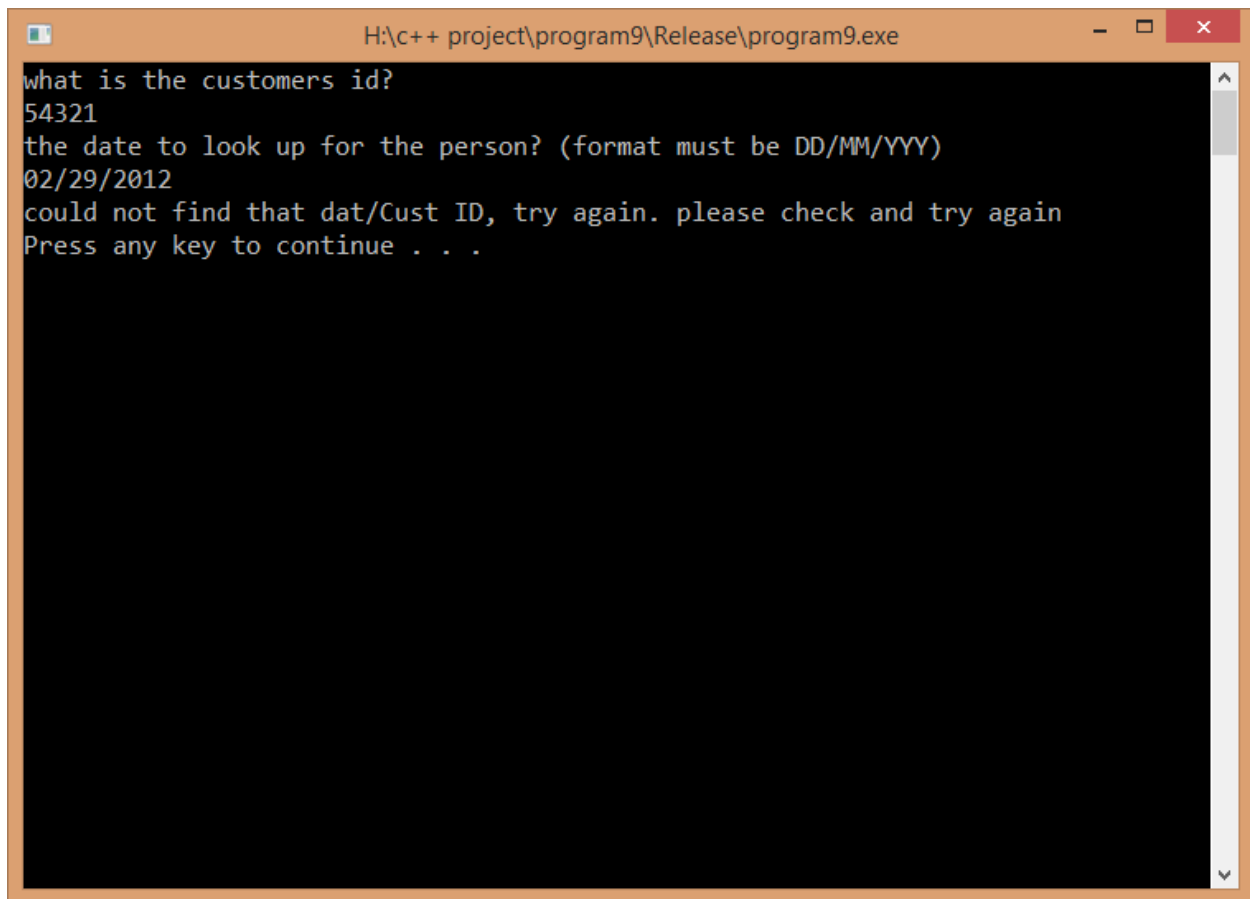
    /*
    *this will populate the people BST. read info in
    *from the file puts it into people objs, then to tree
    */
    void wrap::popPepsBST()
    {
        //temp things to hold info
        string aWord;
        person temp;
        int i = 0;
        // Open word list file
        ifstream wordFile("nameid.txt");
        if (wordFile.fail())
        {
            cout << "Problem opening document file";
            exit(-1);
        }

        // Get first word
        wordFile >> aWord;
        while (!wordFile.eof())
        {
            stringstream ss(aWord);
            string s;
            //split word appart at the comma
            while (getline(ss, s, ','))
            {
                //build the new person
                //everything is being split at the comma
                if (i == 0)
                {
                    temp.setFName(s);
                }
                else if (i == 1)
                {
                    temp.setLName(s);
                }
                else if (i == 2)
                {
                    temp.setTransID(atoi(s.c_str()));
                }
                i = -1;
            }
            i++;

            //add the new person to the tree
            personTree.insertNode(temp);

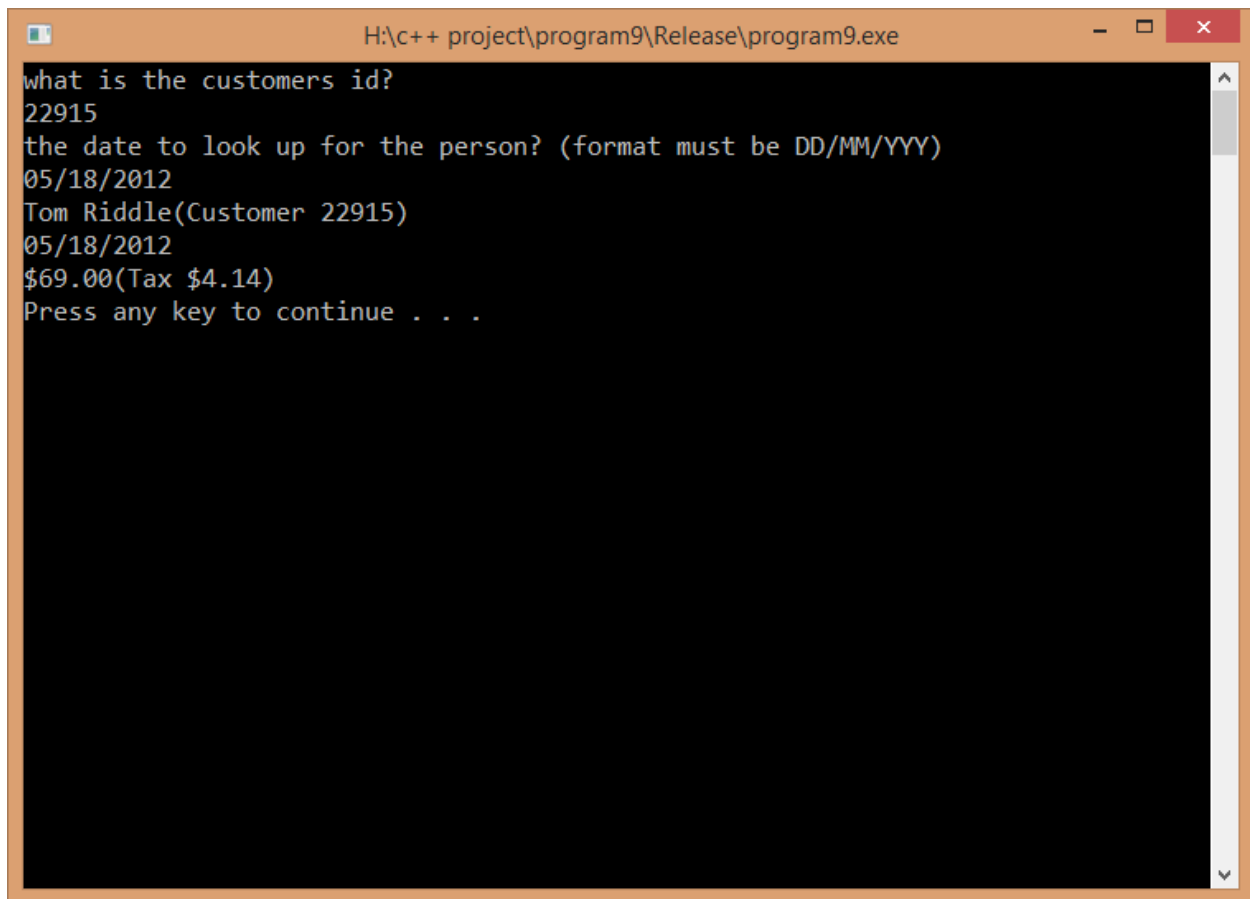
            // Get next word
            wordFile >> aWord;
        }
        //close the file
        wordFile.close();
    }
}

```



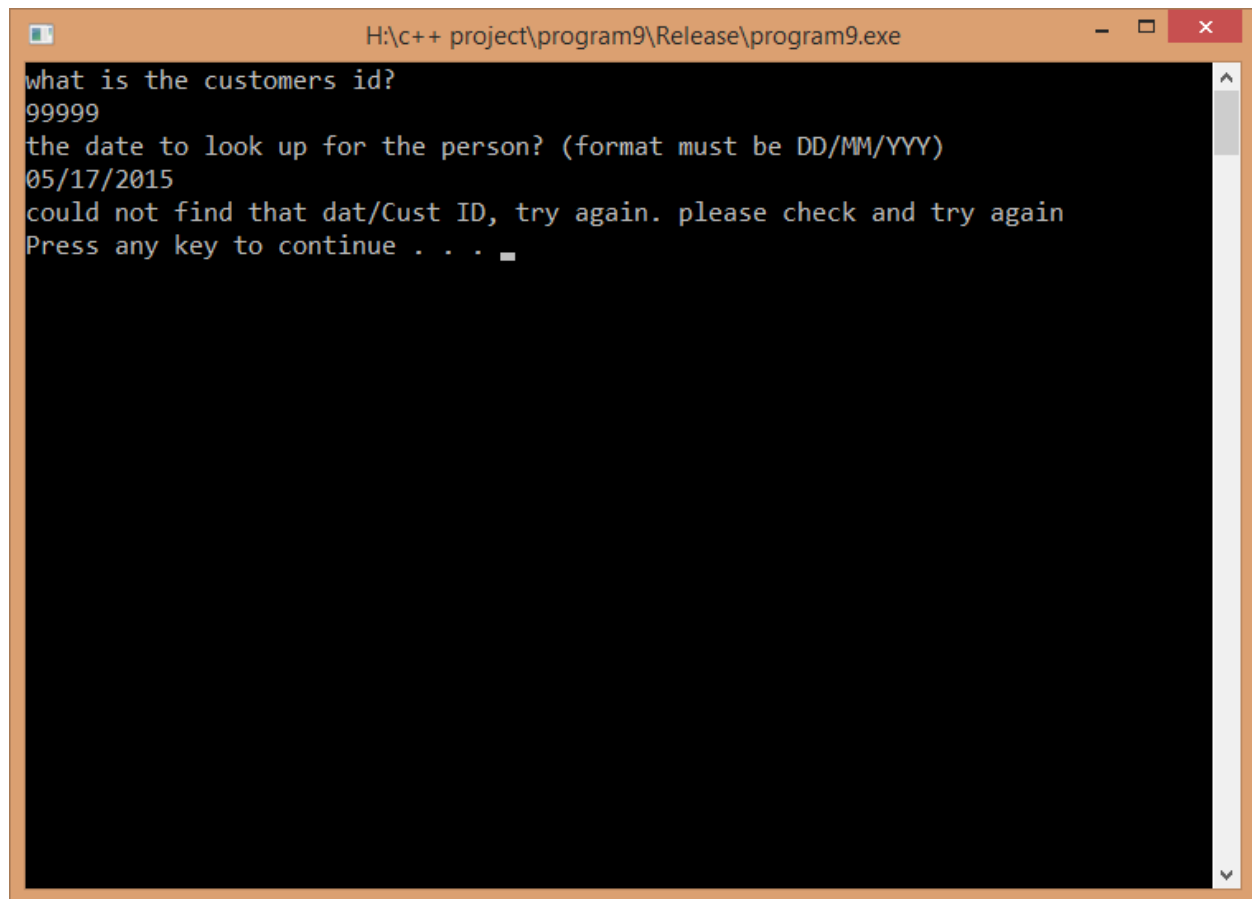
A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar is orange and contains the text "H:\c++ project\program9\Release\program9.exe" along with standard window control buttons (minimize, maximize, close). The command prompt area has a black background with white text. The text shows the following sequence of events: a prompt "what is the customers id?", the input "54321", a second prompt "the date to look up for the person? (format must be DD/MM/YYYY)", the input "02/29/2012", an error message "could not find that dat/Cust ID, try again. please check and try again", and a final prompt "Press any key to continue . . .". A vertical scrollbar is visible on the right side of the command prompt area.

```
H:\c++ project\program9\Release\program9.exe
what is the customers id?
54321
the date to look up for the person? (format must be DD/MM/YYYY)
02/29/2012
could not find that dat/Cust ID, try again. please check and try again
Press any key to continue . . .
```



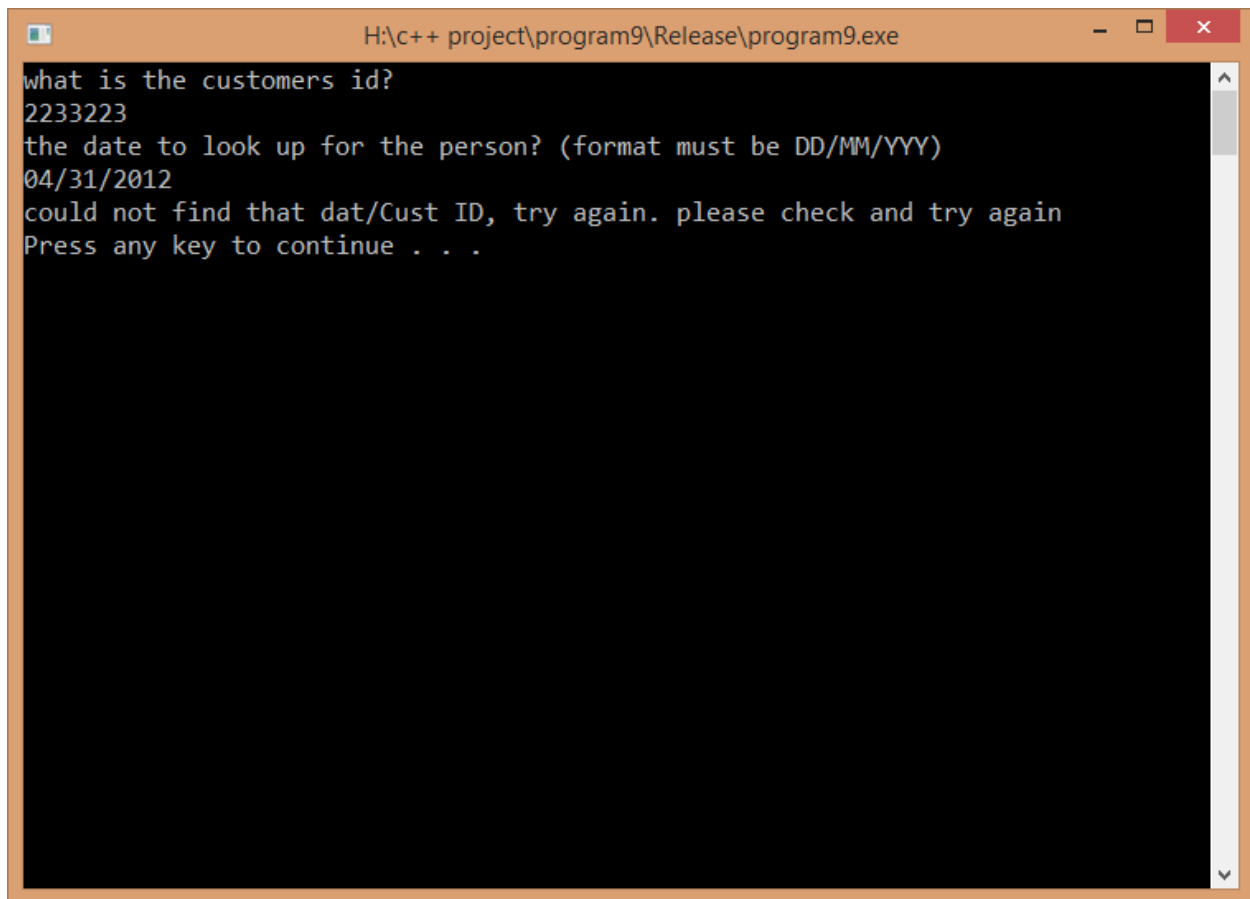
A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar is orange and contains the text "H:\c++ project\program9\Release\program9.exe" along with standard window control buttons (minimize, maximize, close). The command prompt area has a black background with white text. The text shows a sequence of prompts and user input: "what is the customers id?", "22915", "the date to look up for the person? (format must be DD/MM/YYYY)", "05/18/2012", "Tom Riddle(Customer 22915)", "05/18/2012", "\$69.00(Tax \$4.14)", and "Press any key to continue . . .". A vertical scrollbar is visible on the right side of the command prompt area.

```
H:\c++ project\program9\Release\program9.exe
what is the customers id?
22915
the date to look up for the person? (format must be DD/MM/YYYY)
05/18/2012
Tom Riddle(Customer 22915)
05/18/2012
$69.00(Tax $4.14)
Press any key to continue . . .
```



A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar is orange and contains the text "H:\c++ project\program9\Release\program9.exe" along with standard window control buttons (minimize, maximize, close). The command prompt area has a black background with white text. The text shows a sequence of prompts and user input: "what is the customers id?", "99999", "the date to look up for the person? (format must be DD/MM/YYYY)", "05/17/2015", "could not find that dat/Cust ID, try again. please check and try again", and "Press any key to continue . . .". A small white cursor is visible at the end of the last line.

```
H:\c++ project\program9\Release\program9.exe
what is the customers id?
99999
the date to look up for the person? (format must be DD/MM/YYYY)
05/17/2015
could not find that dat/Cust ID, try again. please check and try again
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```
H:\c++ project\program9\Release\program9.exe
what is the customers id?
2233223
the date to look up for the person? (format must be DD/MM/YYYY)
04/31/2012
could not find that dat/Cust ID, try again. please check and try again
Press any key to continue . . .
```