$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Khidmat\ Report} \\ WWF\ Bird\ Recognition\ Model \end{array}$

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1 Introduction

1.1 Project Description

This project is aimed at creating and deploying a deep learning pipeline for WWF Pakistan to classify images of three different species of birds; namely: common myna, house crow, and the house sparrow. This project would serve as a proof-of-concept for a larger model that WWF can use to classify a larger number of birds using a mobile application.

1.2 About WWF Pakistan

The World Wildlife Fund for Nature (WWF) is an international non-governmental organization founded in 1961 that primarily works in the areas of wildlife conservation and preservation. WWF also works in the domains of food security, renewable energy, ocean and forest preservation, and many others¹.

WWF Pakistan is the Pakistan chapter of the World Wildlife Fund, working on similar problems as WWF International but in a more local context. WWF has more than five regional offices throughout the country, and has conducted several successful projects pertaining to freshwater conservation, water security, forests, climate change and others. What they are most known for, however, is wildlife conservation — the area that we have assisted WWF in.

1.3 Project Background & Context

Keeping track of biodiversity is a challenge in Pakistan due to a lack of resources, personnel and governmental support. Pakistan has a plethora of wildlife and a rich and diverse ecosystem. WWF Pakistan has helped in the conservation of several endangered species such as the Indus River Dolphin and the Snow Leopard — both of which are now experiencing a rise in numbers.

However, wildlife preservation and protection extends beyond just the conservation of endangered species. Maintaining biodiversity is extremely important for wildlife protection and to maintain a healhty ecosystem and environment. Unfortunately, a lack of biodiversity is a major crisis that is unfolding across the globe. In order to combat this, it is imperative that researches have updated data about species populations, habitats, interactions etc.

An important group of animals that contribute to biodiversity are birds. Therefore, it is vital that data pertaining to bird population is collected in Pakistan. To assist in this endeavor, WWF aims to enlist the help of citizen scientists who could help identify and locate birds and consequently update WWF's database.

Our project aims to implement a deep learning pipeline that would classify images of three different species of birds — house crow, common myna, and the house sparrow. The pipeline would take an image, preprocess it to a form that the model can work with, and then classify it using a deep neural network — telling us what species the bird in the image belongs to.

This pipeline serves as a proof-of-concept for a larger model that would be classifying hundreds of species of birds. This model will fit into a planned mobile application that citizen scientists can use to spot birds and then capture their image. Not only will the application classify the species of the bird but it will also update WWF's database, giving them access to more data about bird populations and their locations.

¹https://wwf.panda.org/

The development of a larger deep learning model and an application is beyond the scope of our *Khidmat* due to time restraints. We have successfully implemented a computer vision pipeline for preprocessing and a deep neural network for classification for three species of birds.

1.4 Work Plan

2 Weekly Work Log

2.1 Week 1:

Item Activity	Time	ID
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ID	Total Hours
st1	
st2	
st3	

2.2 Week 2:

Item Activity Time I

ID	Total Hours
$\operatorname{st1}$	
st2	
st3	

2.3 Week 3:

Item	Activity	Time	ID
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ID	Total Hours
$\operatorname{st1}$	
st2	
st3	

2.4 Week 4:

Item Activity Time I

ID	Total Hours
$\operatorname{st1}$	
st2	
st3	

2.5 Week 5:

Item	Activity	Time	ID
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ID	Total Hours
$\operatorname{st1}$	
st2	
st3	

2.6 Week 6:

Item	Activity	Time	ID
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ID	Total Hours
$\operatorname{st1}$	
st2	
st3	

2.7 Week 7:

Item	Activity	Time	ID
------	----------	------	----

ID	Total Hours
$\operatorname{st1}$	
st2	
st3	

2.8 Week 8:

Item	Activity	Time	ID
------	----------	------	----

ID	Total Hours
$\operatorname{st1}$	
st2	
st3	

3 Conclusion

4 Technical Overview

4.1 Resources

The resources that we used for this project can be categorized into two main categories: images, and technologies. Our first step was to acquire a set of images that would function as our dataset. We collected around 550 images for each of the three species of birds — the house crow, common myna, and the house sparrow. We used several different websites and online databases to find these images, we list these websites below:

- https://search.macaulaylibrary.org/catalog?taxonCode=myna&mediaType=p&q=Commo n%20Myna
- 2. https://ebird.org/media/catalog?taxonCode=commyn&mediaType=p&sort=rating_ran k_desc&q=Common%20Myna%20-%20Acridotheres%20tristis
- 4. https://search.macaulaylibrary.org/catalog?taxonCode=houcro1&mediaType=p®ion=Pakistan%20(PK)®ionCode=PK&q=House%20Crow%20-%20Corvus%20splendens
- 5. https://www.kaggle.com/gpiosenka/100-bird-species
- 6. https://search.macaulaylibrary.org/catalog?taxonCode=houspa&mediaType=p&q=House%20Sparrow
- 7. https://ebird.org/media/catalog?taxonCode=houspa&mediaType=p&sort=rating_ran k_desc&q=House%20Sparrow%20-%20Passer%20domesticus

All collected images can be viewed at https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/18k-roE_VJS B1dcrhvN1y_EosVF7Kb0dY?usp=sharing.

To preprocess our images, convert them into a usable dataset, and to create our deep learning model, we had to rely on several different preexisting tools. We list the tools that we used in this project below:

- Python The primary programming language that we used for this project. Most of the other tools that we used are different libraries & modules for in Python.
- OpenCV A computer vision module in Python to preprocess the images.
- TensorFlow & Keras A Python library that we used to construct, and then ttrain and test our neural network.
- Matplotlib A plotting library for Python, which we used to visualize our
- Sci-kit learn A Python library for machine learning that we used to construct our training and testing set.
- Google Colab We used Colab notebooks to write code and then run code using GPU-accelerated computation that is made available using Google Colaboratory.

4.2 Overview of CS Techniques Used

This project was an amalgamation of several different aspects of computer science techniques. The process can be summarized into 5 main steps:

- 1. Image Collection
- 2. Image Preprocessing
- 3. Construction of Neural Network
- 4. Training the Neural Network
- 5. Testing and Optimization

We briefly expand upon these steps in the following sections. For a more technical description, please view the documentation (LINK HERE).

4.2.1 Image Collection

We used the sources listed at 7 to collect images of the three species of birds. We downloaded approximately 650 images for each birds, which we then filtered down to around 550 to maintain uniform image quality. Based on our results, we believe the number of images that we have, i.e. the size of our dataset is adequate.

4.2.2 Image Preprocessing

The next step was to pre-process these images to convert them into a usable dataset.

- 4.2.3 Neural Network Construction
- 4.2.4 Training the Neural Network
- 4.2.5 Testing and Optimization

A Source Code

B Documentation

Khidmat Completion Form

To be completed by the external supervisor.

Please use the space below to provide any comments you may the Khidmat program, or any other feedback you want to she committee. We can also be reached at khidmat@sse.habib.edu	nare with Habib University's Khidmat
I hereby certify that I supervised XXX and XXX for Furthermore, that I have read and agree with the weekly signature below marks the successful completion of the work	updates included in this report. My
&	
Name and signature	Location and date