1

The Bloques Package

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I. Functions

The bloques package is a very simple set of commands based on tikz to generate control blocks. The only packages required in the definition are:

\usepackage{tikz} \usepackage{bloques}

The package is very efficient for sequential blocks as follow:

- \bStart{TEXT} a start node without box
- \bPlusDown{TEXT} a plus mixer with a down input(TEXT)
- \bPlusUp{TEXT} a plus mixer with a up input(TEXT)
- \bMinusDown{TEXT} a minus mixer with a down input(TEXT)
- \bMinusUp{TEXT} a minus mixer with a up input(TEXT)
- \bEnd{TEXT} a start node without box
- \bGain[mark]{TEXT} a gain with box and a input mark before it
- \bGainPlus{TEXT1}{TEXT2} a gain(TEXT2) and plus mixer with input (TEXT1)
- \bGainMinus{TEXT1}{TEXT2} a gain(TEXT2) and minus mixer with input (TEXT1)
- \bPlus{NODENAME} a plus mixer with name (NODENAME) for feed forward
- \bInter{TEXT} a inter node with text (TEXT1) for feed forward
- \bMarkNodeInter{NODENAME} a inter node with name (NODENAME) for feed forward
- \bFeedForward{TEXT}{NODE1}{NODE2} a feed forward with gain (TEXT) from node (NODE1) to node (NODE2)

For Feedback controls, it is required to mark the nodes with the following functions:

- \bMinusF{NODENAME} a minus mixer with name (NODENAME) for feed backward
- \bPlusF{NODENAME} a plus mixer with name (NODENAME) for feed backward
- \bFeedBack{TEXT}{NODENAME} a feed backward with gain(TEXT) to a mixer with name (NODENAME)
- \bCrossGain{TEXT}{NODENAME1}{NODENAME2} a cross gain with gain(TEXT) from node (NODENAME1) to node (NODENAME2)
- \bNewStart{TEXT}{POSITION} a new start node with text(TEXT) at (POSITION)
- \bMarkNode{NODENAME} add a mark node with name NODENAME for the previous node
- \bMarkNodeUp{NODENAME} add a mark node with name NODENAME above ydistance of the previous node
- \bMarkNodeDown{NODENAME} add a mark node with name NODENAME below ydistance of the previous node

To change colors and distances, the following functions are available

II. examples

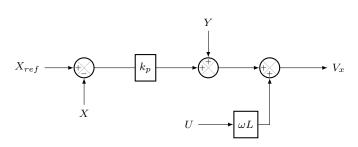
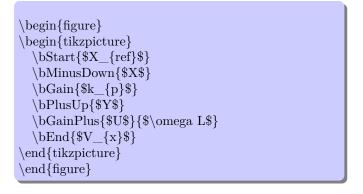


Fig. 1. Simple Control diagram



```
X_{ref} \longrightarrow \bigcup_{X} V_{x}
U \longrightarrow \bigcup_{\omega L} V_{x}
```

Fig. 2. Control diagram with shadow

```
\begin{figure}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\bShadow
\bStart{$X_{ref}$}
\bMinusDown{$X$}
\bGain{$k_{p}$}
\bPlusUp{$Y$}
\bGainPlus{$U$}{$\omega L$}
\bEnd{$V_{x}$}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{figure}
```

```
X_{ref}
```

```
Fig. 3. Control diagram with shadow and different colors \,
```

```
\begin{figure}
\begin{tikzpicture}[thick]
\draw[fill=blue!20, draw=white]
   (-0.5,-3) rectangle (8,2);
  \draw[fill=green!20, dashed]
      (4,-2) rectangle (7,0.5);
\bShadow
\bColorB{blue!50!green!45}
\bColorT{yellow}
\bColorL{white}
  \bStart{$X_{ref}$}
  \b \Down {X}
  \bGain{$k_{p}$}
\bColorB{blue!30!green!80}
  \bPlusUp{\$Y\$}
  \label{eq:bend} $$ \left\{ V_{x} \right\} $$
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{figure}
```

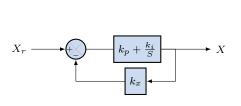


Fig. 4. Control diagram with feedback

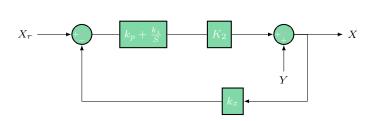
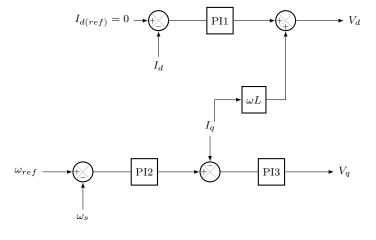


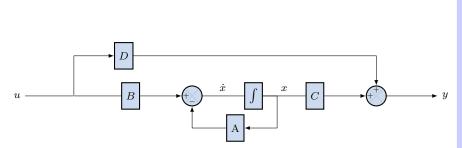
Fig. 5. Change the ydistance



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Fig. 6. More compex controls
```

```
\begin\{figure\}\\ begin\{tikzpicture\}\\ bColorB\{blue!30!green!50\}\\ bColorT\{white\}\\ bStart\{\$X\_\{r\}\$\}\\ bMinusF\{NODEX\}\\ bGain\{\$k\_\{p\}+\{frac\{k\_\{i\}\}\{S\}\$\}\}\\ bGain\{\$K\_\{2\}\$\}\\ bFlusDown\{\$Y\$\}\\ \ydistance\{2.5cm\}\\ bFeedBack\{\$k\_\{x\}\$\}\{NODEX\}\\ bEnd\{\$X\$\}\\ \end\{figure\}\\
```

```
\begin{figure}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\bStart{\$I_{d(ref)}=0\$}
  \bMinusDown{\$I_{d}\$}
  \bGain{PI1}
  \bPlusF{NODET}
\Down{s<table-cell> Gau{s}}
  \bGain{PI2}
  \bMarkNodeUp{NODEX}
  \bGain{PI3}
  \bEnd{$V_{q}$}
\label{locality} $$ \ \CrossGain{$\omega L$} {NODEX} {NODET}$
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{figure}
```



```
\verb|\begin{figure}|
\verb|\begin{tikzpicture}|
       \bColorB\{blue!70!green!20\}
       \bStart{$u$}
       \left\langle bInter\{\}\right\rangle
       \bMarkNodeInter{NODEU}
       \bGain{\$B\$}
       \bMinusF{NODEX}
       \ \left( \int Gain[\$ \det \{x\} \$] \{\$ \right) 
       \bFeedBack{A}{NODEX}
       \overline{\mathbf{x}} = \overline{\mathbf{x}} 
       \bPlus{NODEY}
       \label{local-equation} $$\bFeedForward{$D$}{NODEU}{NODEY}$
       \bEnd{\$y\$}
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Fig. 7. A system state variables diagram

III. history

- $\bullet\,$ update on 2021-12-28, by hu zhenzhen (hzzmail@163.com)
 - add new some commands for feed forward drawing
 - $-\,$ add more instructions of cmds in the doc
- v1.0 in 2005, uses TikZ to provide commands for generating control diagrams (specially in power electronics)