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# **Process**

This lesson demonstrates how to create processes using the multiprocessing module.

### **Process**

A process is a program in execution and operating systems provide different ways of creating new processes. Furthermore, each operating system has its own nuances when spawning new processes, which gets reflected in Python's APIs. The multiprocessing module offers the method set\_start\_method()
to let the developer choose the way new processes are created. There are three of them:

- fork
- spawn
- fork-server

## Example

The multiprocessing module exposes APIs very similarly to the threading module to create processes. The constructor of the **Process** class accepts a callable object that the spawned process then executes. Below is an example of creating three different processes:

#### **Creating processes**

```
from multiprocessing import Process
from multiprocessing import current_process
import os

def process_task():
    print("{0} has pid: {1} with parent pid: {2}".format(current_process().name, os.getpid(), os.getppid
()))

process = [0] * 3

for i in range(0, 3):
    process[i] = Process(target=process_task, name="process-{0}".format(i))
    process[i].start()

for i in range(0, 3):
    process[i].join()
```

```
print("{0} has pid: {1} ".format(current_process().name, os.getpid()))
```

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```
2 from multiprocessing import current_process
 3 import os
 4
 5
 6
    def process task():
 7
        print("{0} has pid: {1} with parent pid: {2}".format(current_process().name, os.getpid(), os.getppid()))
 8
   if __name__ == "__main__":
 9
        process = [0] * 3
10
11
12
       for i in range(0, 3):
           process[i] = Process(target=process_task, name="process-{0}".format(i))
13
14
           process[i].start()
15
       for i in range(0, 3):
16
           process[i].join()
17
18
        print("{0} has pid: {1} ".format(current_process().name, os.getpid()))
19
20
                                                                                                        []
 Run
                                                                                                    X
Output
                                                                                                0.65s
process-0 has pid: 11 with parent pid: 10
 process-1 has pid: 12 with parent pid: 10
process-2 has pid: 13 with parent pid: 10
MainProcess has pid: 10
```

Note that in the above output, each process prints the pid (process id) that is assigned to it by the underlying operating system. The main process also prints its pid which is also the parent id of the spawned processes.

## Passing arguments to processes

Similar to the threading module, we can pass arguments to a spawned process as a list of arguments or/and keyword dictionary. An example is given below:

### Passing arguments to processes

```
from multiprocessing import Process
from multiprocessing import current_process
import os
```

```
def process_task(x, y, z, key1, key2):
    print("\n{0} has pid: {1} with parent pid: {2}".format(current_process().name, os.getpid(), os.getppid
()))
```

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```
from multiprocessing import Process
    from multiprocessing import current_process
 3
    import os
 4
 5
    def process_task(x, y, z, key1, key2):
 6
 7
        print("\n{0} has pid: {1} with parent pid: {2}".format(current_process().name, os.getpid(), os.getppid()))
 8
        print("Received arguemnts \{0\} \{1\} \{2\} \{3\} \{4\}\n".format(x, y, z, key1, key2))
 9
10
11
    process = Process(target=process_task,
12
                       name="process-1",
13
                       args=(1, 2, 3),
14
                       kwargs={
                           'key1': 'arg1',
15
                           'key2': 'arg2'
16
17
                       })
18
    process.start()
19
20
    process.join()
21
                                                                                                                []
 Run
                                                                                                            X
                                                                                                       0.65s
Output
 process-1 has pid: 11 with parent pid: 10
 Received arguemnts 1 2 3 arg1 arg2
```

In the above examples, we don't specify set\_start\_method() and let Python choose the default.

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Introduction

Fork



