Design Optimization\MAE_HW3_Q4.py

```
import numpy as np
    import sympy as sp
 3
   # Objective function
    def objective_function(d,s):
       x 1=d
 8
       x = 2 = 5[0,0]
 9
       x 3=s[1,0]
10
        return ((x 1**2)+(x 2**2)+(x 3**2))
11
12
   # We have a function for each matrix that needs to be calculated
13
    def dh_ds(h,s,s val):
14
        dh1 ds1=sp.diff(h[0,0],s[0,0])
15
16
        dh1_ds1=dh1_ds1.subs(s[0,0],s_val[0,0])
        dh1 ds2=sp.diff(h[0,0],s[1,0])
17
18
        dh1_ds2=dh1_ds2.subs(s[1,0],s_val[1,0])
       dh2 ds1=sp.diff(h[1,0],s[0,0])
19
20
        dh2_ds1=dh2_ds1.subs(s[0,0],s_val[0,0])
       dh2 ds2=sp.diff(h[1,0],s[1,0])
21
22
        dh2 ds2=dh2 ds2.subs(s[1,0],s val[1,0])
23
        dh ds final=np.array([[dh1 ds1,dh1 ds2],[dh2 ds1,dh2 ds2]])
24
25
        return dh ds final
26
    def df ds(f,s,s val):
27
28
       df ds1=sp.diff(f,s[0,0])
29
        df_ds1=df_ds1.subs(s[0,0],s_val[0,0])
       df ds2=sp.diff(f,s[1,0])
30
        df ds2=df ds2.subs(s[1,0],s val[1,0])
31
32
       df ds final=np.array([[df ds1,df ds2]])
33
        return df ds_final
34
35
36
    def dh dd(h,d,d val):
37
        dh1 dd=sp.diff(h[0,0],d)
38
        dh1 dd=dh1 dd.subs(d,d val)
```

```
39
        dh2 dd=sp.diff(h[1,0],d)
        dh2 dd=dh2 dd.subs(d,d val)
40
41
        dh dd final=np.array([[dh1 dd],[dh2 dd]])
42
        return dh dd final
43
44
   def df_dd(f,d,d val):
45
       df dd1=sp.diff(f,d)
46
        df dd1=df dd1.subs(d,d val)
47
48
        return df dd1
49
50
51
52
   # Linesearch algorithm is defined
53
   def linesearch(dfdd,s_val,d_val,h,s,d):
54
55
        alp=1
56
        b = 0.5
57
        t=0.3
        d val new=d val-(alp*dfdd)
58
       par dhds=dh ds(h,s,s val)
59
        par dhdd=dh dd(h,d,d val)
60
        s val new=s val+(alp*(np.matmul(np.linalg.inv(np.float64(par dhds)),par dhdd))*dfdd)
61
        f alp=objective function(d val new,s val new)
62
       phi alp=objective function(d val,s val) - (alp*t*(dfdd**2))
63
        j=0
64
        while f alp > phi alp:
65
            alp=alp*b
66
67
            d val new=d val-(alp*dfdd)
            s val new=s val+(alp*(np.matmul(np.linalg.inv(np.float64(par dhds)),par dhdd))*dfdd)
68
69
            f alp=objective function(d val new,s val new)
            phi alp=objective function(d val,s val) - (alp*t*(dfdd**2))
70
71
            j=j+1
72
73
        return alp
74
75
   # Newton ralphson algorithm defined
76
77
78
    def newton ralpson(s val,d val,h 1,s):
        x1=d val
79
```

10/25/23, 11:22 PM

```
10/25/23, 11:22 PM
  80
          x2=s val[0,0]
  81
          x3=s val[1,0]
  82
          h1=((x1**2)/4)+((x2**2)/5)+((x3**2)/25)-1
  83
          h2=x1+x2-x3
  84
          h=np.array([[h1[0,0]],[h2[0,0]]],dtype=np.float64)
  85
          j=0
          s old=s val
  86
          h norm=np.linalg.norm(h)
  87
          while h norm > 0.001 or j < 10:
  88
              dhds=dh ds(h 1,s,s old)
  89
              s new=s old-(np.matmul(np.linalg.inv(np.float64(dhds)),h))
  90
              h= h + (np.matmul(dhds,(s new-s old)))
  91
              s_old=s_new
  92
  93
              j=j+1
              h norm=h[0,0]+h[1,0]
  94
  95
  96
          return s new
  97
  98
      # Using sympy we create the variables of our function
  99
 100
      x1= sp.symbols('x1')
      x2= sp.symbols('x2')
 101
      x3= sp.symbols('x3')
 102
 103
      # Objective function and the constraint equations
 104
 105
 106 f=(x1**2)+(x2**2)+(x3**2)
      h1=((x1**2)/4)+((x2**2)/5)+((x3**2)/25)-1
 107
      h2=x1+x2-x3
 108
 109
      # we create a vector of the constraint equations and the dependant variables
 110
 111
      h=np.array([[h1],[h2]])
 112
      s=np.array([[x2],[x3]])
 113
 114
      # Initial variables have been assigned ensuring that they satisfy the constraints
 115
 116
 117 x0 d=1
      x0 s=np.array([[1.56137],[2.56137]])
 118
 119
      ephsilon=0.0001
 120
```

```
121
    # finding the different partial derivatives
122
123
    par dhds=dh ds(h,s,x0 s)
124
    par dfds=df ds(f,s,x0 s)
125
    par dfdd=df_dd(f,x1,x0_d)
126
    par dhdd=dh dd(h,x1,x0 d)
127
128
     df dd main=par dfdd-(np.matmul(np.matmul(par dfds,np.linalg.inv(np.float64(par dhds))),par dhdd))
129
130
131
     k=0
     while df dd main > ephsilon or k < 50:</pre>
132
133
         alpha = linesearch(df dd main,x0 s,x0 d,h,s,x1)
134
         d next=x0 d-(alpha*df dd main)
135
136
         s next temp=x0 s+(alpha*(np.matmul(np.linalg.inv(np.float64(par dhds)),par dhdd))*df dd main)
         s next real=newton ralpson(s next temp,d next,h,s)
137
138
         par dhds=dh ds(h,s,s next real)
139
         par_dfds=df_ds(f,s,s_next_real)
140
         par dfdd=df dd(f,x1,d next[0,0])
141
         par dhdd=dh dd(h,x1,d next[0,0])
142
143
         df dd main=par dfdd-(np.matmul(np.matmul(par dfds,np.linalg.inv(np.float64(par dhds))),par dhdd))
144
145
         k=k+1
146
147
    print ('Dependant variable D')
148
    print (d next)
149
    print ('State variable S')
150
    print (s next real)
151
152
153
154
155
156
```