This set of Linux Debugging questions and answers focuses on Posix Threads.

1. Which one of the following string will print first by this program?

```
1.
     #include<stdio.h>
2.
     #include<pthread.h>
3.
4.
     void *fun_t(void *arg);
5.
     void *fun t(void *arg)
6.
     {
7.
         printf("Sanfoundry\n");
8.
         pthread_exit("Bye");
9.
     }
10.
      int main()
11.
12.
          pthread_t pt;
13.
          void *res t;
          if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
14.
15.
               perror("pthread_create");
16.
          printf("Linux\n");
          if(pthread join(pt,&res t) != 0)
17.
18.
               perror("pthread_join");
19.
          return 0;
20.
```

- a) Linux
- b) Sanfoundry
- c) it can not be predicted
- d) none of the mentioned

View Answer

Answer: b Explanation: lt depends upon the scheduler. Output: [root@localhost sanfoundry]# -lpthread gcc -0 san san.c [root@localhost sanfoundry]# ./san Sanfoundry Linux [root@localhost threads]#

```
1. #include<stdio.h>
2. #include<pthread.h>
3.
4. void *fun_t(void *arg);
5. void *fun_t(void *arg)
6. {
7. int ret;
```

```
8.
         ret = pthread_exit("Bye");
9.
         printf("%d\n", ret);
10.
      }
11.
      int main()
12.
13.
          pthread_t pt;
14.
          void *res t;
15.
          if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
16.
               perror("pthread_create");
          if(pthread join(pt,&res t) != 0)
17.
               perror("pthread_join");
18.
19.
          return 0;
20.
```

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) -1

d) none of the mentioned

View Answer

Answer:

Explanation: The function pthread_exit() does not return any value. Hence this program will give an error.

Output:

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# san san.c -lpthread gcc -0 'fun t': san.c: In function value ignored it ought be san.c:8:6: error: void not as [root@localhost sanfoundry]#

```
1.
     #include<stdio.h>
2.
     #include<pthread.h>
3.
4.
     void *fun_t(void *arg);
5.
     void *fun_t(void *arg)
6.
     {
7.
         printf("Sanfoundry\n");
8.
         pthread_exit("Bye");
9.
     }
10.
      int main()
11.
12.
          pthread_t pt;
13.
          void *res_t;
           if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
14.
15.
               perror("pthread_create");
16.
          return 0;
17.
```

- a) this program will print the string "Sanfoundry"
- b) this program will print nothing
- c) segmentation fault
- d) run time error

View Answer

Answer: Explanation: The pthread join() function waits for the thread to terminate. Output: [root@localhost sanfoundry]# -lpthread gcc san.c -0 san [root@localhost sanfoundry]# ./san [root@localhost sanfoundry]#

4. What is the output of this program?

```
1.
     #include<stdio.h>
2.
     #include<pthread.h>
3.
4.
     void *fun_t(void *arg);
5.
     void *fun_t(void *arg)
6.
     {
7.
         printf("%d\n",a);
8.
         pthread_exit("Bye");
9.
     }
      int main()
10.
11.
      {
12.
          int a;
13.
           pthread_t pt;
14.
          void *res_t;
15.
           a = 10;
          if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
16.
17.
               perror("pthread_create");
18.
           if(pthread_join(pt,&res_t) != 0)
19.
               perror("pthread_join");
20.
           return 0;
```

- a) 10
- b) 0
- c) -1
- d) none of the mentioned

View Answer

Answer: d

Explanation: Each thread has its own stack so local variables are not shared among thread. Hence this program will give an error.

Output:

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# gcc -o san san.c -lpthread san.c: In function 'fun_t':

san.c:7:16: error: 'a' undeclared (first use in this function)
san.c:7:16: note: each undeclared identifier is reported only once for each function it appears in
[root@localhost sanfoundry]#

5. What is the output of this program?

```
1.
     #include<stdio.h>
2.
     #include<pthread.h>
3.
4.
     int a;
5.
     void *fun_t(void *arg);
6.
     void *fun_t(void *arg)
7.
     {
         printf("%d\n",a);
8.
9.
         pthread_exit("Bye");
10.
      }
11.
      int main()
12.
      {
13.
          pthread_t pt;
14.
          void *res t;
15.
          a = 10;
          if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
16.
              perror("pthread create");
17.
          if(pthread join(pt,&res t) != 0)
18.
19.
              perror("pthread_join");
20.
          return 0;
21.
```

a) 10

b) 0

c) -1

d) none of the mentioned

View Answer

Answer: a

Explanation: Thread of the same process shares the global variables.

Output

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# gcc -o san san.c -lpthread

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# ./san

10

[root@localhost sanfoundry]#

```
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include<pthread.h>
    int a;
```

```
5.
     void *fun_t(void *arg);
6.
     void *fun_t(void *arg)
7.
     {
8.
         a = 20;
9.
         pthread_exit("Bye");
10.
      }
11.
      int main()
12.
      {
13.
          pthread_t pt;
14.
          void *res t;
15.
          a = 10;
16.
          if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
17.
               perror("pthread_create");
          if(pthread join(pt,&res t) != 0)
18.
19.
               perror("pthread_join");
20.
          printf("%d\n",a);
21.
          return 0;
22.
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) segmentation fault
- d) none of the mentioned

View Answer

Answer:

Explanation: In this program the value of variable "a" is changed by the thread "fun_t".

Output:

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# gcc -o san san.c -lpthread

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# ./san

20

[root@localhost sanfoundry]#

advertisement

7. Which one of the following statement is not true about this program?

```
1.
     #include<stdio.h>
2.
     #include<pthread.h>
3.
4.
     void *fun_t(void *arg);
5.
     void *fun_t(void *arg)
6.
     {
7.
         printf("%d\n",getpid());
8.
         pthread_exit("Bye");
9.
     }
10.
      int main()
11.
```

```
12.
          pthread_t pt;
13.
          void *res t;
14.
          if(pthread create(&pt,NULL,fun t,NULL) != 0)
               perror("pthread_create");
15.
16.
          if(pthread_join(pt,&res_t) != 0)
17.
               perror("pthread_join");
          printf("%d\n",getpid());
18.
          return 0;
19.
20.
```

- a) both printf statements will print the same value
- b) both printf statements will print the different values
- c) this program will print nothing
- d) none of the mentioned

View Answer

```
Answer:
                                                                                                а
Explanation:
                ΑII
                      the
                             threads
                                         of
                                                                                             PID.
                                              the
                                                                           have
                                                                                    same
                                                      same
                                                               process
Output:
[root@localhost sanfoundry]#
                                                                                         -lpthread
                                     gcc
                                                  -0
                                                             san
                                                                          san.c
[root@localhost sanfoundry]#
                                                                                             ./san
12981
12981
[root@localhost sanfoundry]#
```

```
1.
     #include<stdio.h>
2.
     #include<pthread.h>
3.
     #include<fcntl.h>
4.
5.
     int fd;
6.
     void *fun_t(void *arg);
7.
     void *fun_t(void *arg)
8.
     {
9.
          char buff[10];
10.
          int count;
11.
           count = read(fd,buff,10);
12.
           printf("%d\n",count);
13.
           pthread_exit("Bye");
14.
      }
15.
      int main()
16.
17.
          pthread_t pt;
18.
           void *res_t;
19.
           fd = open("san.c",0_RDONLY);
20.
           if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
21.
               perror("pthread_create");
```

```
22.  if(pthread_join(pt,&res_t) != 0)
23.     perror("pthread_join");
24.     return 0;
25. }
```

a) 10

b) 0

c) -1

d) segmentation fault

View Answer

Answer:

Explanation: Open file descritpors can be shares between threads of the same process Output:

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# gcc -o san san.c -lpthread [root@localhost sanfoundry]# ./san 10

[root@localhost sanfoundry]#

9. What is the output of this program?

```
1.
     #include<stdio.h>
2.
     #include<pthread.h>
     #include<fcntl.h>
3.
4.
5.
     void *fun_t(void *arg);
6.
     void *fun_t(void *arg)
7.
8.
         pthread_exit("Bye");
9.
         printf("Sanfoundry\n");
10.
      }
11.
      int main()
12.
13.
          pthread_t pt;
14.
           void *res_t;
15.
           if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
16.
               perror("pthread create");
17.
           if(pthread_join(pt,&res_t) != 0)
18.
               perror("pthread_join");
19.
           printf("%s\n", res_t);
20.
           return 0;
21.
```

- a) Sanfoundry
- b) Bye
- c) segementation fault
- d) run time error

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: None.

Output:

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# gcc -o san san.c -lpthread

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# ./san

Bye

[root@localhost sanfoundry]#

10. What is the output of this program?

```
1.
      #include<stdio.h>
2.
      #include<pthread.h>
3.
4.
      void *fun_t(void *arg);
5.
      void *fun_t(void *arg)
6.
      {
7.
           sleep(1);
8.
9.
      int main()
10.
       {
           pthread_t pt;
11.
12.
           void *res_t;
13.
           if(pthread_create(&pt,NULL,fun_t,NULL) != 0)
                perror("pthread_create");
14.
15.
           if(pthread_join(pt,&res_t) != 0)
                perror("pthread_join");
16.
17.
            printf("%s\n", res_t);
18.
            return 0;
19.
       }
```

- a) this process will pause
- b) segmentation fault
- c) run time error
- d) none of the mentioned

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: This program is trying to print the return value of the thread, but pthread_exit() function is not present in the thread.

Output:

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# gcc -o san san.c -lpthread

[root@localhost sanfoundry]# ./san

Segmentation fault (core dumped)

[root@localhost sanfoundry]#