

# SQL TESTS

IN DATA SCIENCE INTERVIEWS



WHAT TO EXPECT...

# DATA SCIENCE INFINITY

You will often be provided with several key data tables (or sometimes just the table structures...)



*products*

product_id	product_name
181	Milk
427	Bread
211	Beer
...	...

*customers*

customer_id	country	age
AAA	UK	47
BBB	Germany	19
CCC	USA	29
...	...	...

*transactions*

customer_id	transaction_id	product_id	sales
AAA	001	427	34.22
AAA	001	665	9.99
CCC	003	211	101.87
...	...		



Tasks start easy...

...then get harder

# Basic tasks...

Task	SQL Clauses to know...
Selection & Filtering	SELECT + WHERE
Finding Unique Values	DISTINCT + COUNT DISTINCT
Merging Multiple Tables	JOINS (LEFT, INNER, FULL)
Aggregating & Summarising	SUM, MAX, COUNT ( + GROUP BY )
Ordering	ORDER BY
Appending	UNION, UNION ALL

# More complex tasks...

Task	SQL Clauses to know...
Working with dates	DATEDIFF, DATEADD, DATETRUNC
Conditional Logic	CASE WHEN
Apply logic to a set of rows	RANK, NTILE, LAG, LEAD ( Window Functions)
Combinations	CROSS JOIN



Don't forget about **TEMP**  
**TABLES** or **CTE**! These  
might make solving the  
task possible (or just  
make your life easier!)



Read each question  
*carefully* - think  
about *exactly* what it  
is asking, because...



Near the end, they may  
try to lure you into an  
obvious solution...where in  
reality, more thought is  
required!



For example...

Q) "Find the highest value for column X after joining Table A & Table B"

This may seem easy, but your query could return multiple rows if there was a tie in the data - is this ok?!



If you don't know the exact  
syntax - don't leave the  
question blank...

Write down what you think  
should happen in words!

# Example Test - Data

For this test, we have 5 tables that can be accessed in the *grocery\_db* schema of the DATA SCIENCE INFINITY database. Example data from each table can be seen below...

## product\_areas

product_area_id	product_area_name	profit_margin
1	Non-Food	0.25
2	Vegetables	0.18
3	Fruit	0.14
4	Dairy	0.19
5	Meat	0.11

## loyalty\_scores

customer_id	customer_loyalty_score
104	0.587
69	0.156
525	0.959
181	0.418
796	0.57

## customer\_details

customer_id	distance_from_store	gender	credit_score
754	1.17	M	0.75
843	4.84		
749	1.74	M	0.65
426	4.38	F	0.57
560		M	0.54

## transactions

customer_id	transaction_date	transaction_id	product_area_id	num_items	sales_cost
642	2020-04-01	435561233435	4	3	9.44
642	2020-04-01	435561233435	3	5	23.82
493	2020-07-15	436618008621	4	1	6.83
493	2020-07-15	436618008621	3	9	9.33
493	2020-07-15	436618008621	5	1	8.50

## campaign\_data

customer_id	campaign_name	campaign_date	mailer_type	signup_flag
74	delivery_club	2020-07-01	Mailer2	1
655	delivery_club	2020-07-01	Mailer2	0
607	delivery_club	2020-07-01	Mailer2	1
788	delivery_club	2020-07-01	Control	0
405	delivery_club	2020-07-01	Mailer1	0

# Example Test - Questions

- 1) How many rows are there in the *transactions* table?
- 2) Return the *customer\_id* for the customer who lives farthest from the store
- 3) Return the number of unique customers in the *customer\_details* table, split by *gender*
- 4) Return the total sales for each *product\_area\_name* for July 2020 – in the order of highest sales to lowest sales
- 5) For the customers with a *customer\_loyalty\_score*, divide them up into 10 deciles, and calculate the average *distance\_from\_store* for each decile
- 6) Return a list of all *customer\_id*'s that DO NOT have a *loyalty\_score* (i.e. they are in the *customer\_details* table, but not in the *loyalty\_scores* table)
- 7) Return data showing, for each *product\_area\_name* – the total sales, and the percentage of overall sales that each *product\_area* makes up

Want to learn SQL (and get  
the data & solutions to  
those test questions, and  
much more)



Want to also learn Python,  
Statistics, Machine  
Learning, Deep Learning, &  
the vital soft-skills



Want to land an incredible  
role in the exciting, future-  
proof, and lucrative field of  
Data Science?





# DATA SCIENCE INFINITY

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"I had over 40 interviews without an offer. After DSI I quickly got **7 offers** including one at **KPMG** and my amazing new role at **Deloitte!**"

- Ritesh



"The **best program** I've been a part of, hands down"

- Christian



"DSI is **incredible** - everything is taught in such a clear and simple way, even the more complex concepts!"

- Arianna



# DATA SCIENCE I N F I N I T Y

>> <https://data-science-infinity.teachable.com>