



# Site Suitability of Wind Farms in Egypt using GIS



# Introduction



- Through the past two decades, Egypt has aimed to reduce its reliance on fossil fuels and shift toward clean energy sources .
- However, renewable energy still contributes only 12-15% of the country's electricity, which is low considering Egypt's strong wind and year-round solar potential .

# Project Objectives

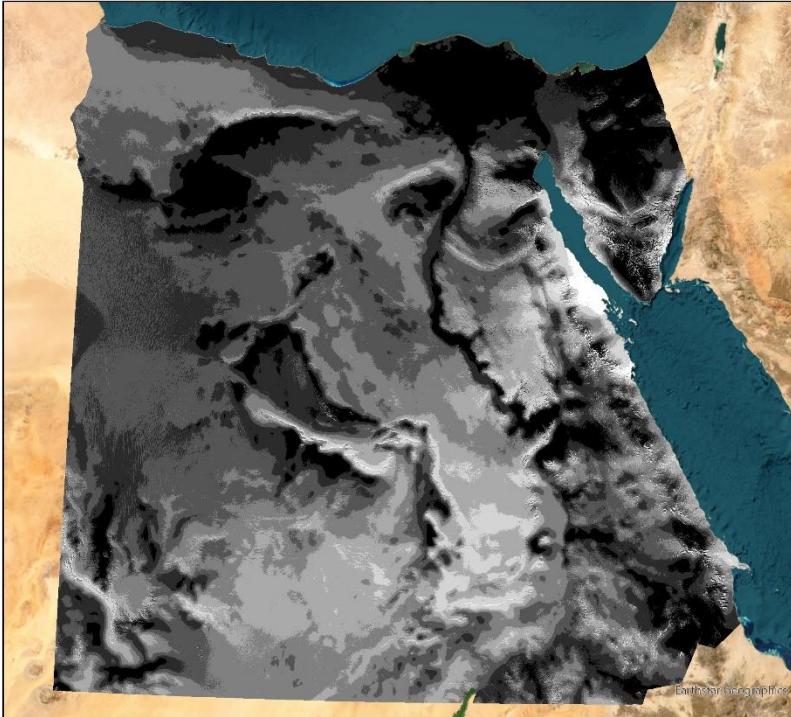


- ❑ Evaluate the locations of the existing wind farms
- ❑ Identify the most suitable location for building new wind farm

## Wind Speed at 50m Height

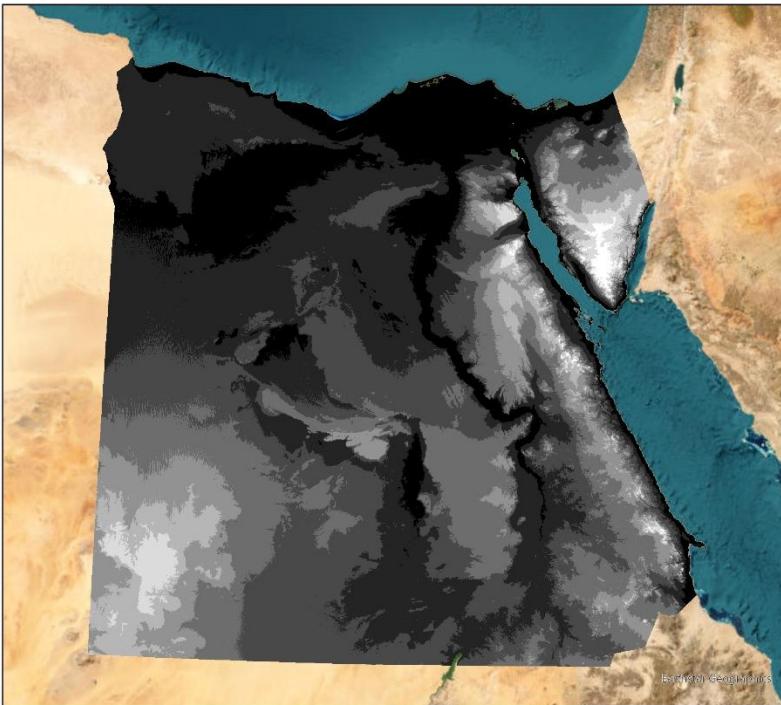


### Wind Speed at 50m Height

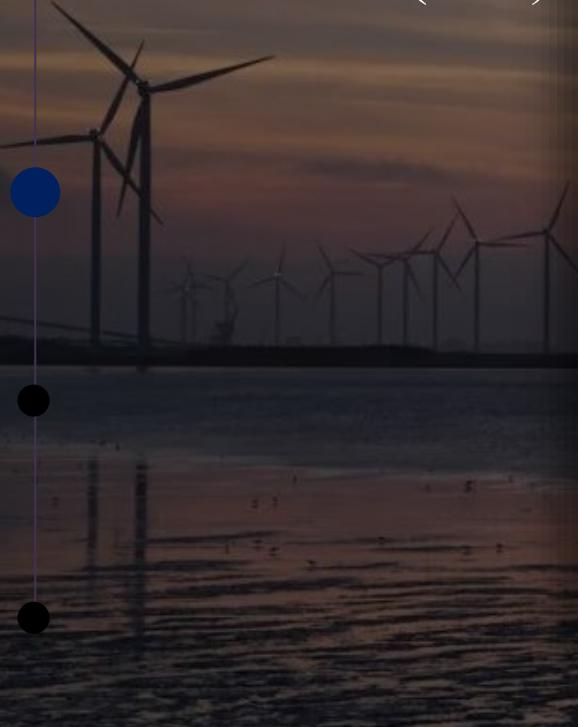


## Digital Elevation Model Model (SRTM)

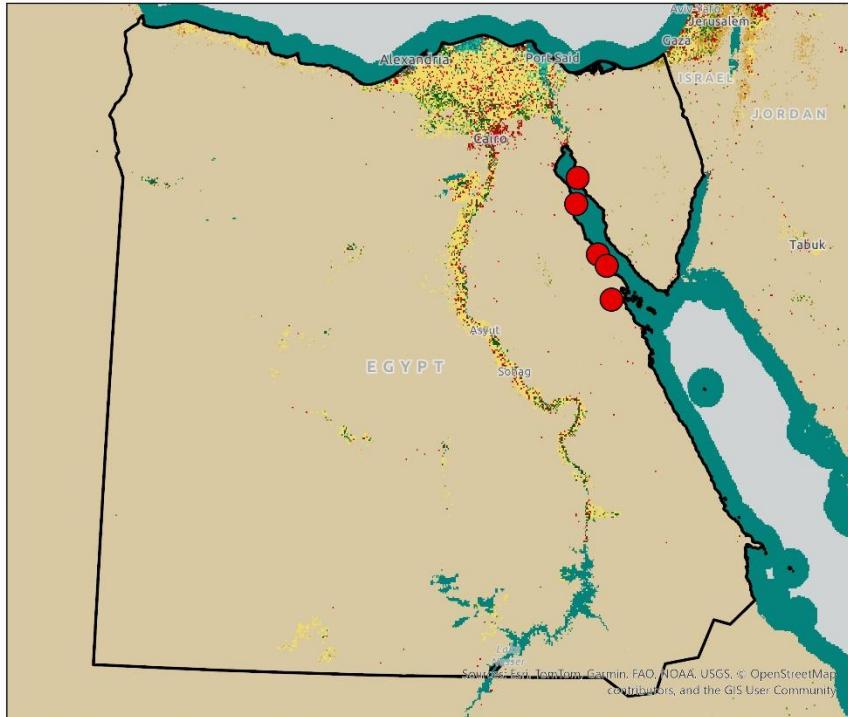
### Digital Elevation Model



# Land Cover (Esri)

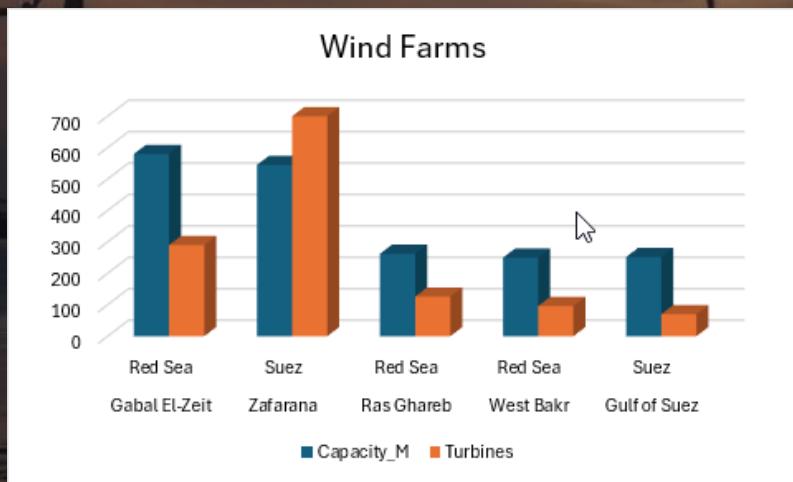


## LandCover Classification



# Current Stations (Power Technology)

Name	Governorat	Capacity_M	Turbines	Year_Start
Gabal El-Zeit	Red Sea	580	290	2018
Zafarana	Suez	545	700	2001
Ras Ghareb	Red Sea	262.5	126	2019
West Bakr	Red Sea	250	96	2021
Gulf of Suez	Suez	252	70	2015



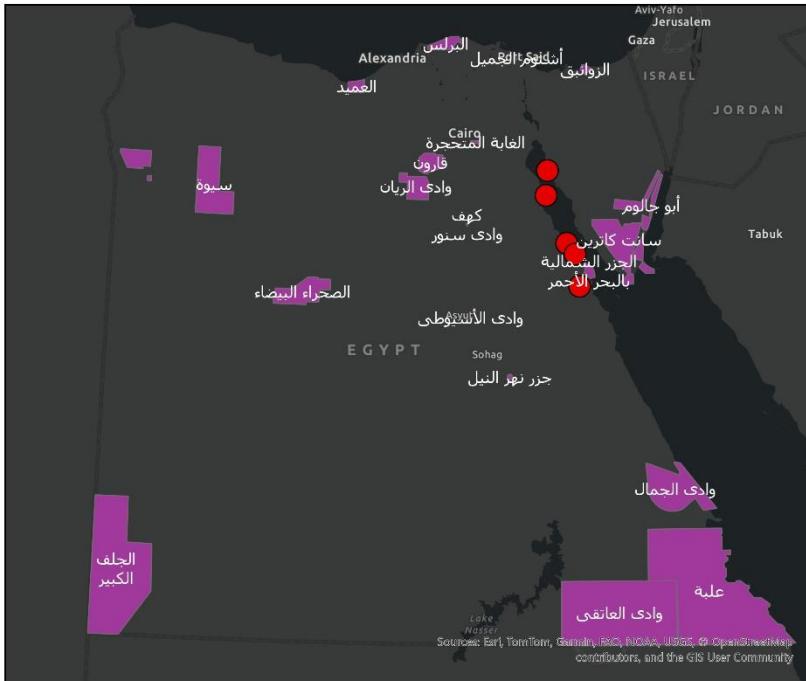
## Current Stations



# Nature Reserves (DIVA-GIS)



## Nature Reserves in Egypt



Win





# Criteria for Evaluating the Locations of Current farms

4

3

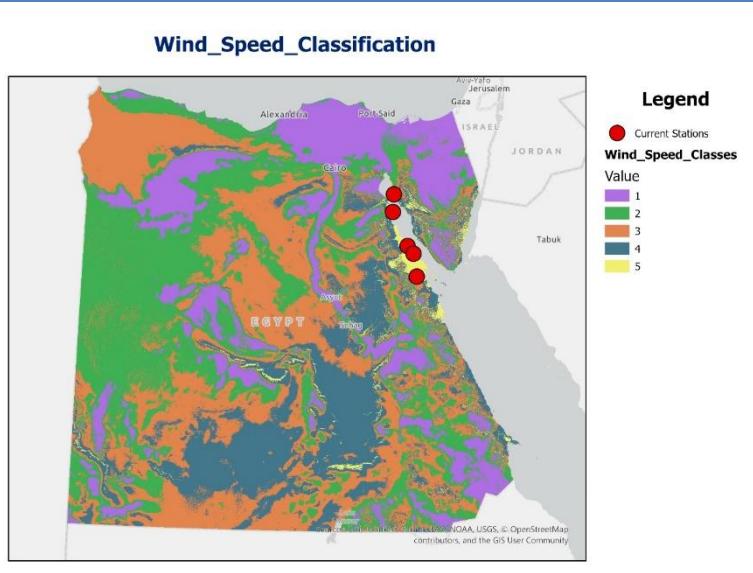
2

1

4

3

2



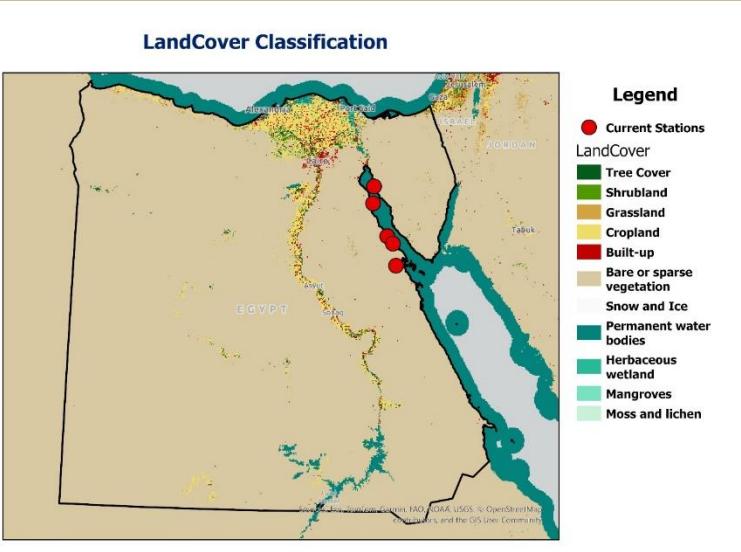
Start	End	New
0.63	5	1
5	6	2
6	6.8	3
6.8	8.2	4
8.2	19.7	5
NODATA	NODATA	NODATA

1



4

3

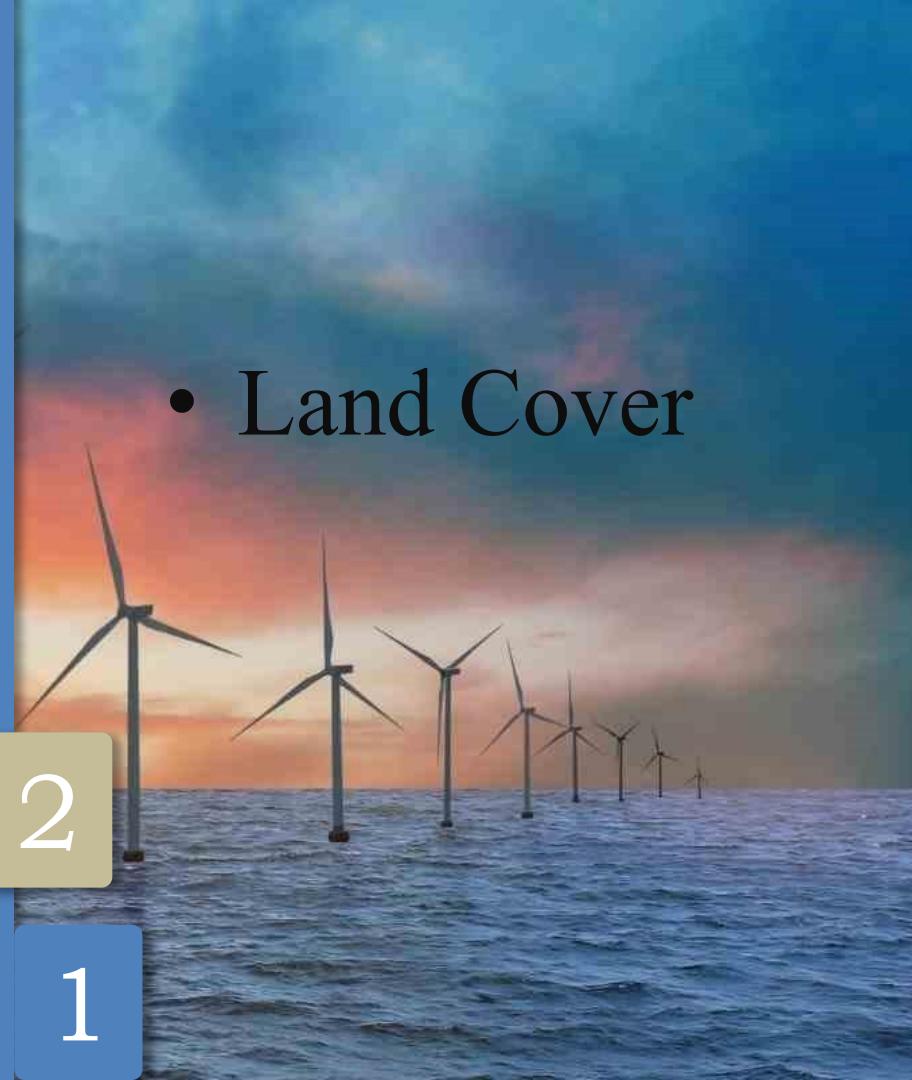


Value	Scale ↞
Tree Cover	2 ▾
Shrubland	3 ▾
Grassland	4 ▾
Cropland	3 ▾
Built-up	1 ▾
Bare or sparse vegetation	5 ▾
Snow and Ice	1 ▾
Permanent water bodies	1 ▾
Herbaceous wetland	2 ▾
Mangroves	1 ▾

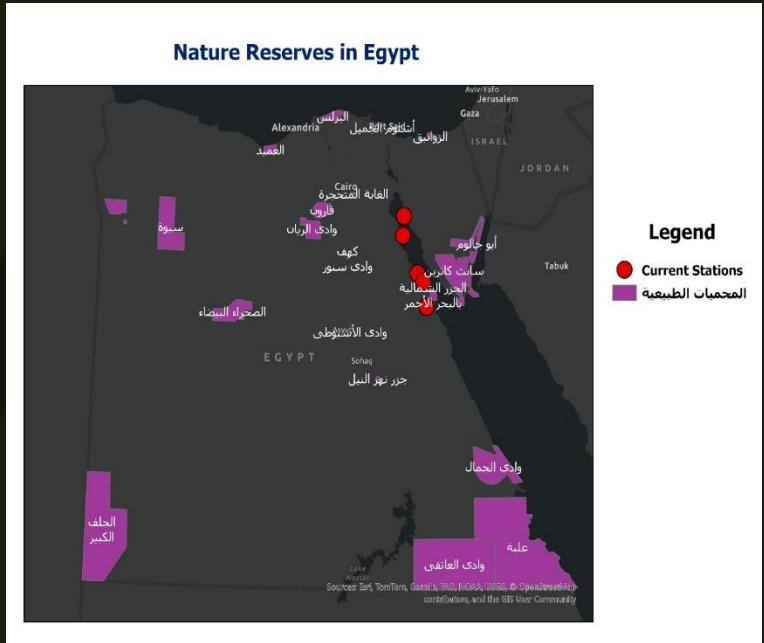
2

1

## • Land Cover



4



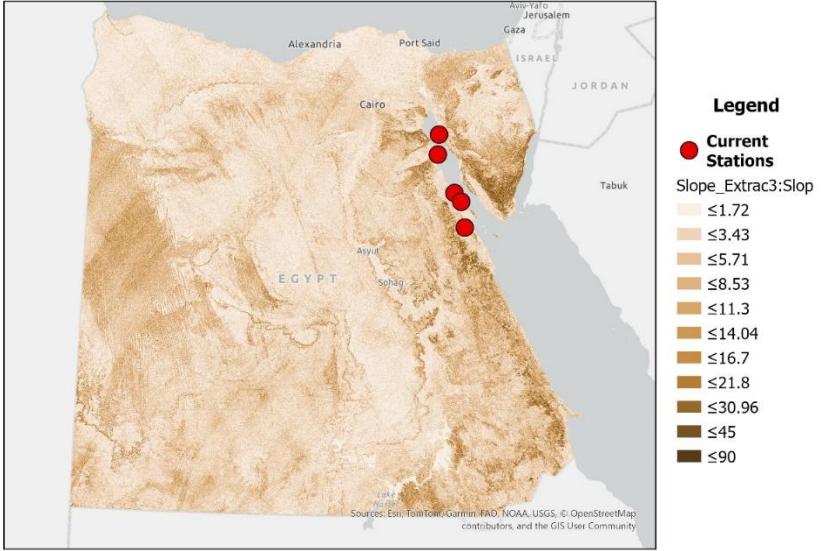
- Distance from Nature Reserves ( $2 \text{ km}^2$  Buffer)

3

2

1

## Egypt Land Slope



Start	End	New
0	2.95195	5
2.95195	7.379876	4
7.379876	14.169362	3
14.169362	24.501188	2
24.501188	75.274734	1
NODATA	NODATA	NODATA

4

3

2

1

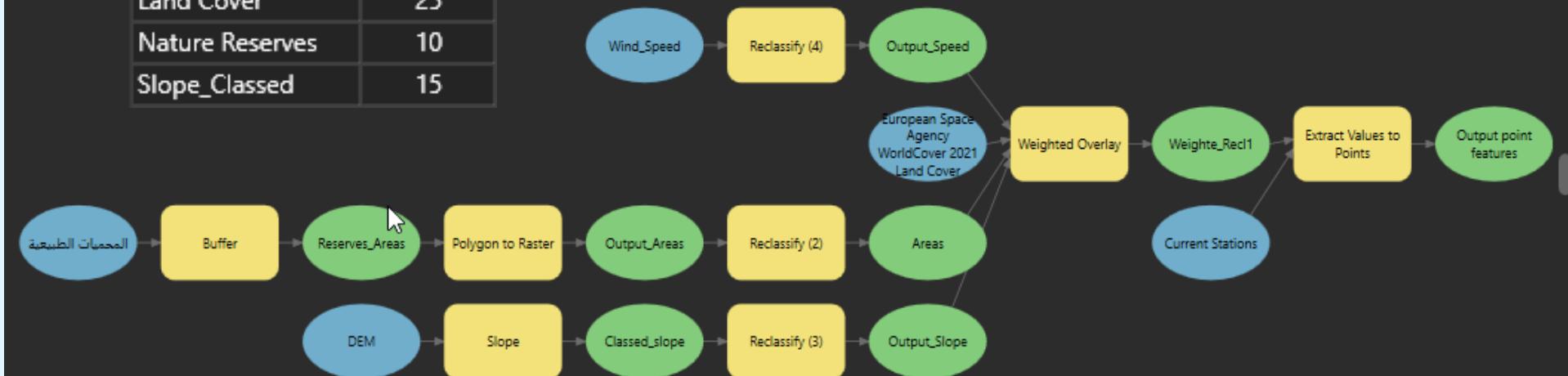
• Slope



# Processing Workflow

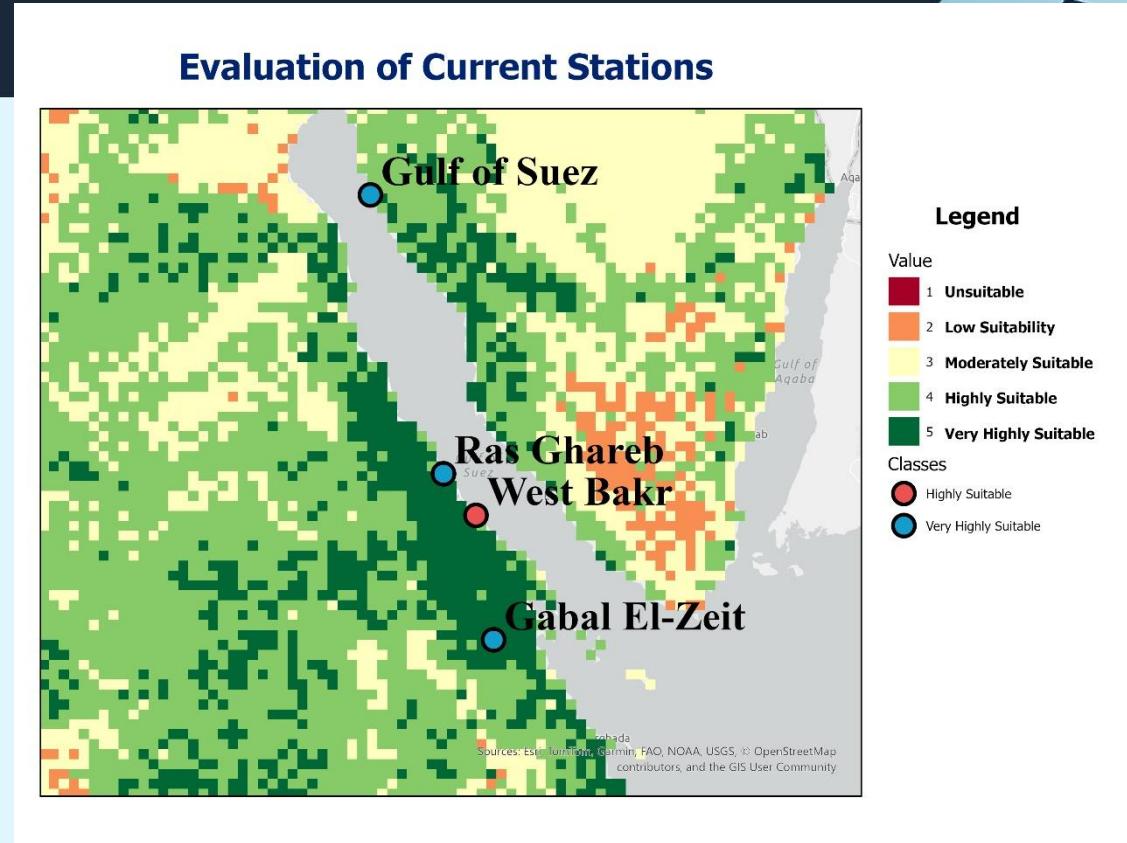


Rasters	(+)	(-)	%	(=)
Wind Speed	50			
Land Cover	25			
Nature Reserves	10			
Slope_Classed	15			

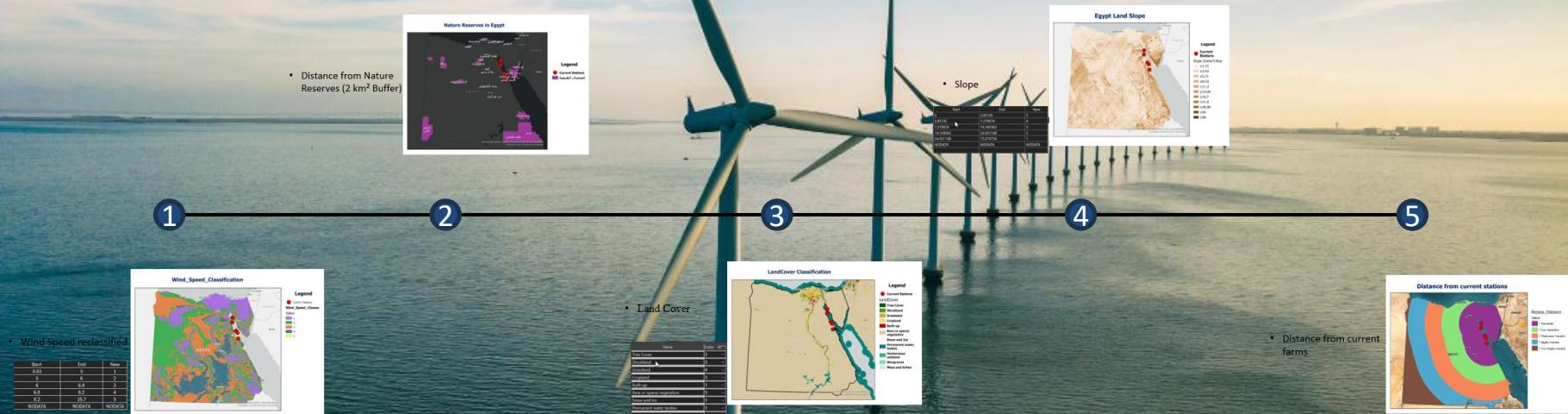


# Results

- **Very Highly Suitable**
  1. Gulf of Suez
  2. Ras Ghareb
  3. Gabal El-Zeit
- **Highly Suitable**
  1. West Bakr

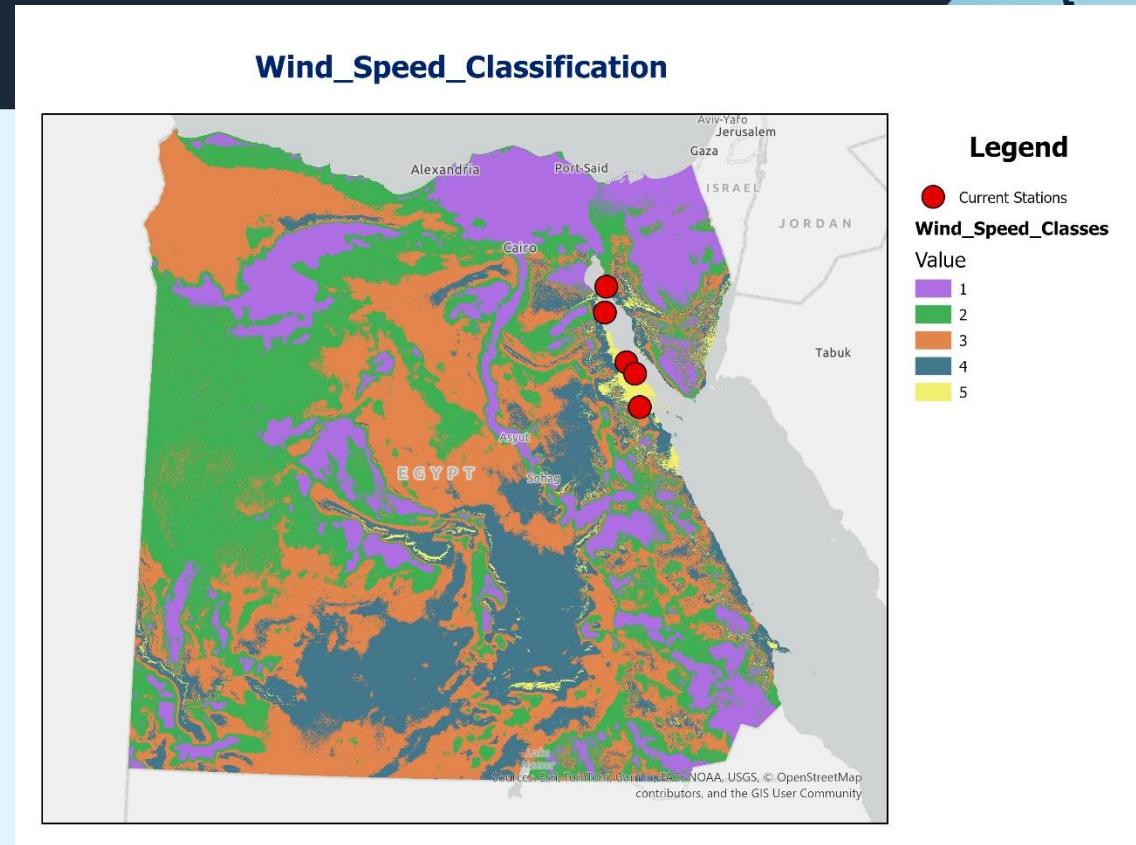


# Criteria for identifying the most suitable location for new wind power station

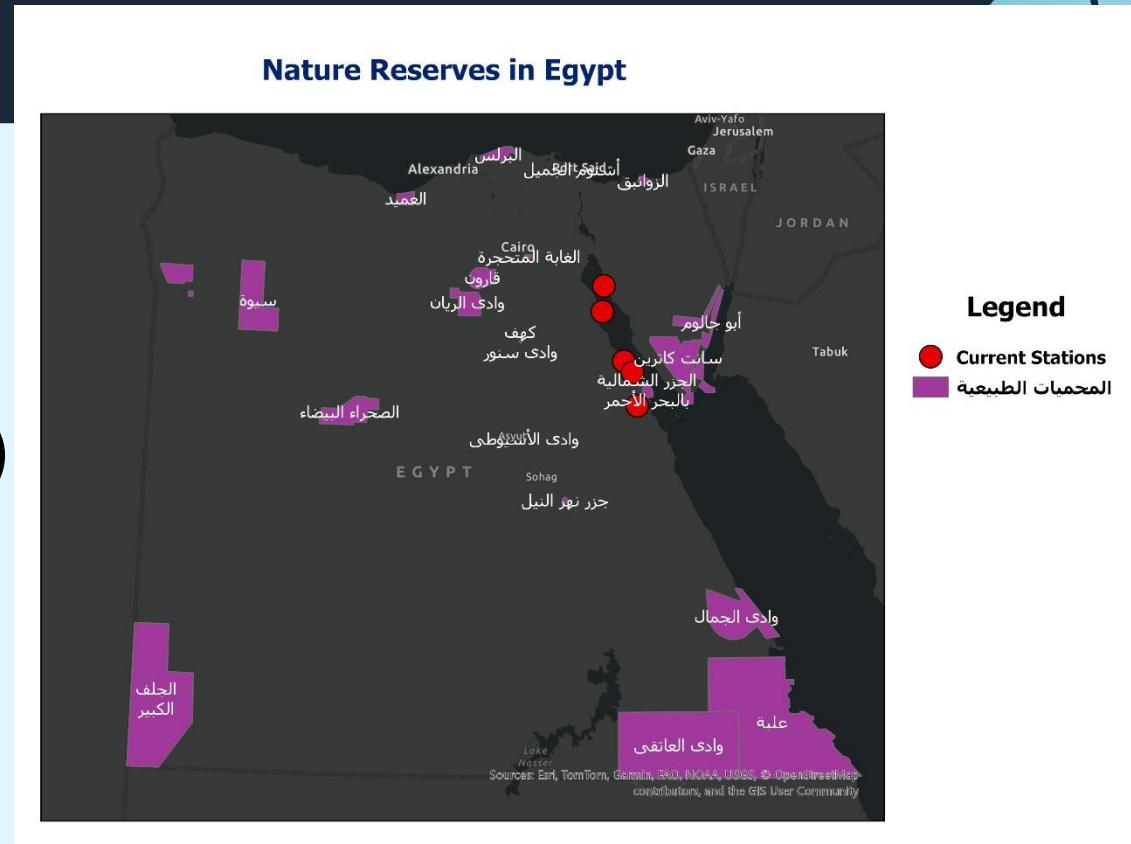


- Wind Speed reclassified

Start	End	New
0.63	5	1
5	6	2
6	6.8	3
6.8	8.2	4
8.2	19.7	5
NODATA	NODATA	NODATA

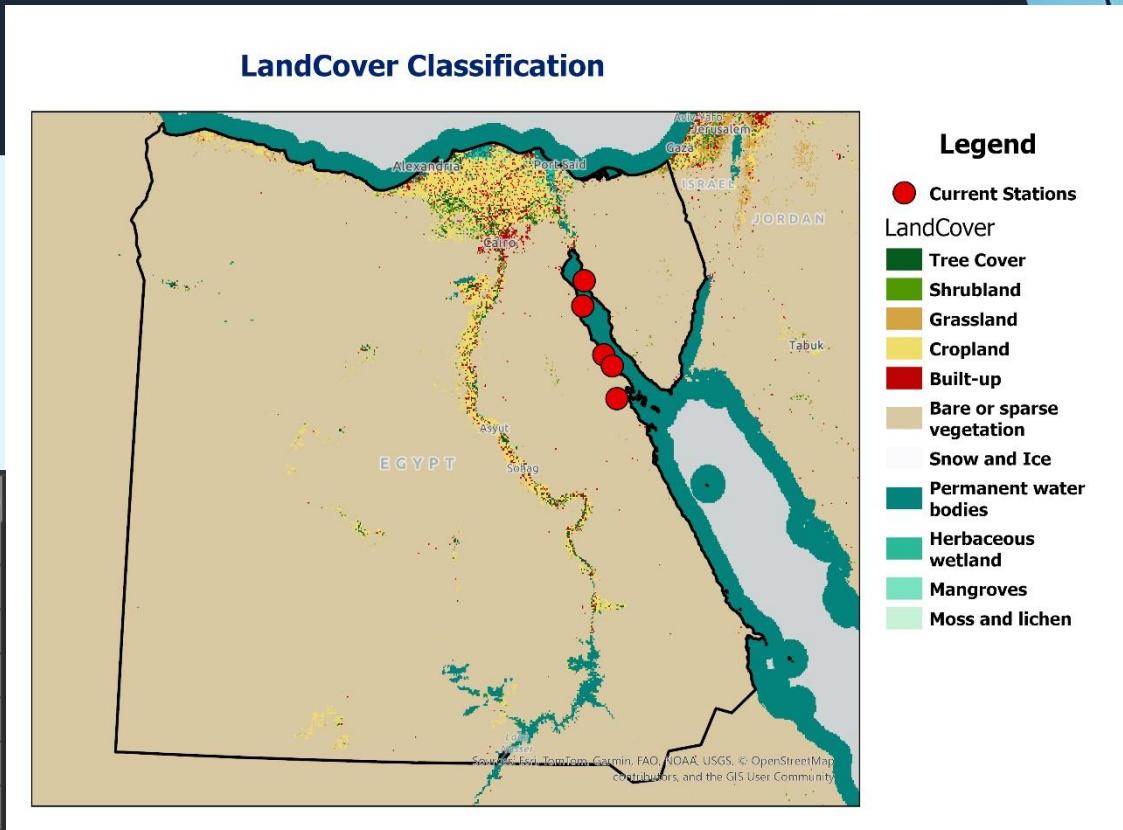


- Distance from Nature Reserves (2 km<sup>2</sup> Buffer)



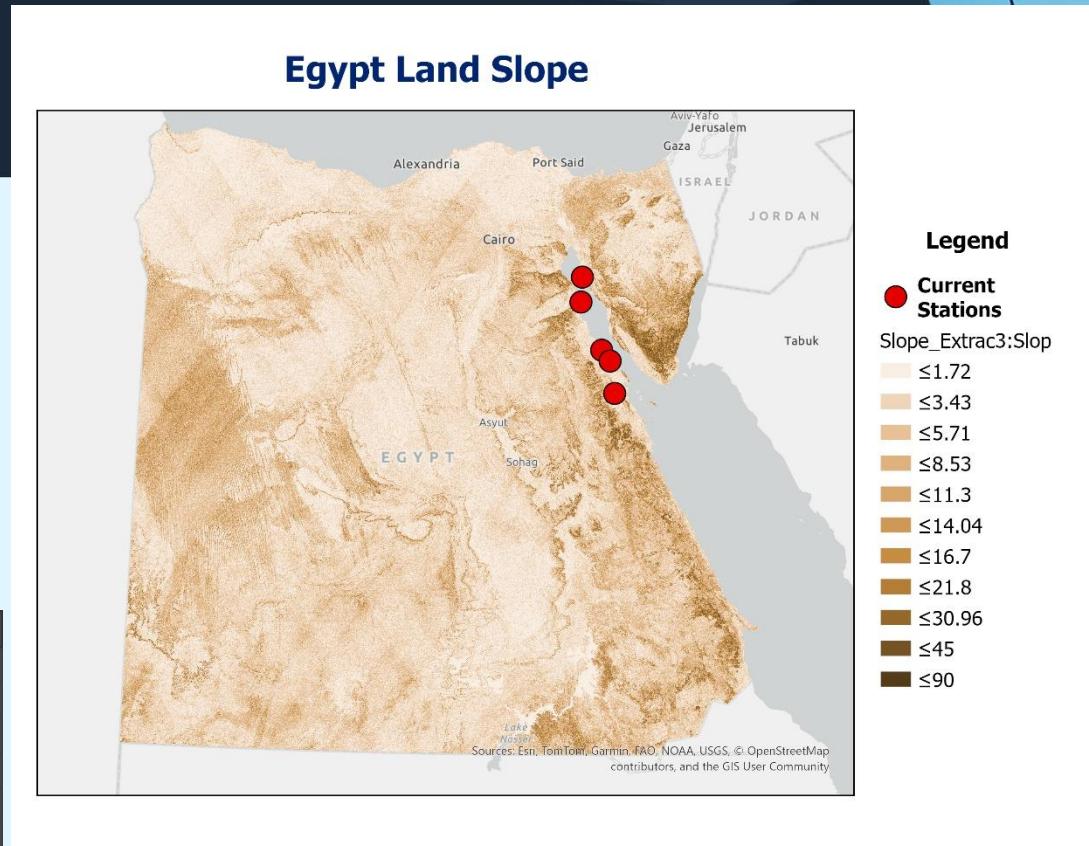
- Land Cover

Value	Scale ↘
Tree Cover	2 ▾
Shrubland	3 ▾
Grassland	4 ▾
Cropland	3 ▾
Built-up	1 ▾
Bare or sparse vegetation	5 ▾
Snow and Ice	1 ▾
Permanent water bodies	1 ▾
Herbaceous wetland	2 ▾
Mangroves	1 ▾

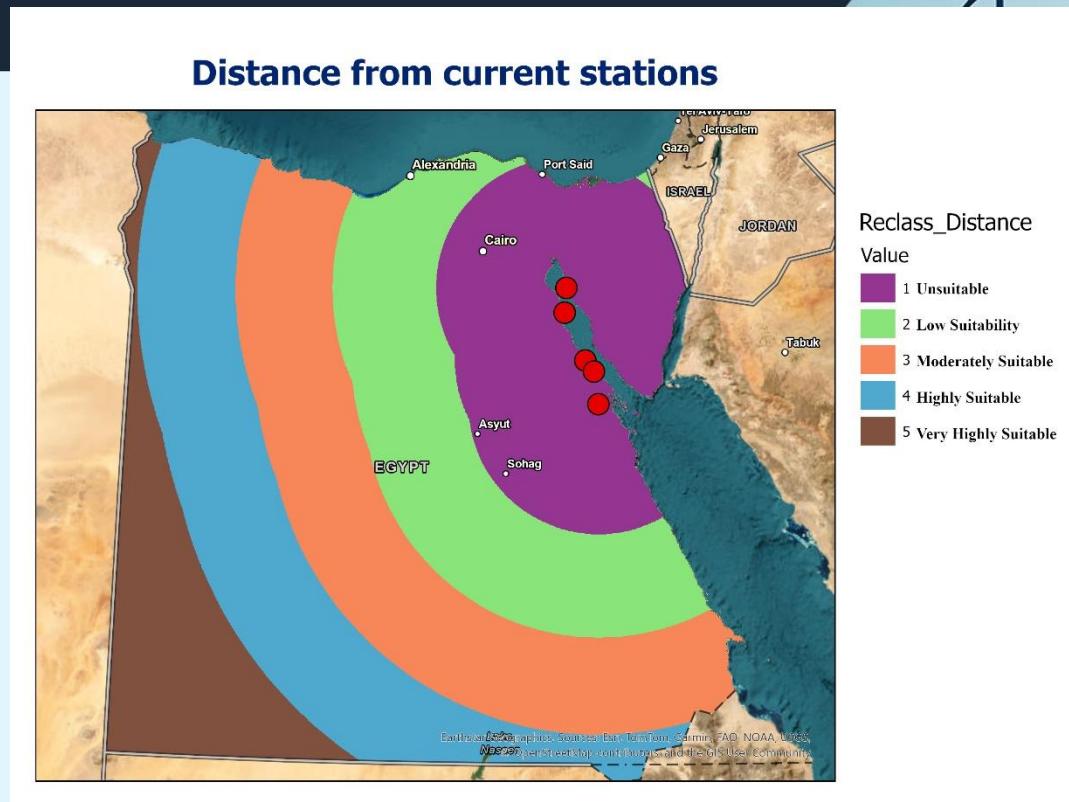


- Slope

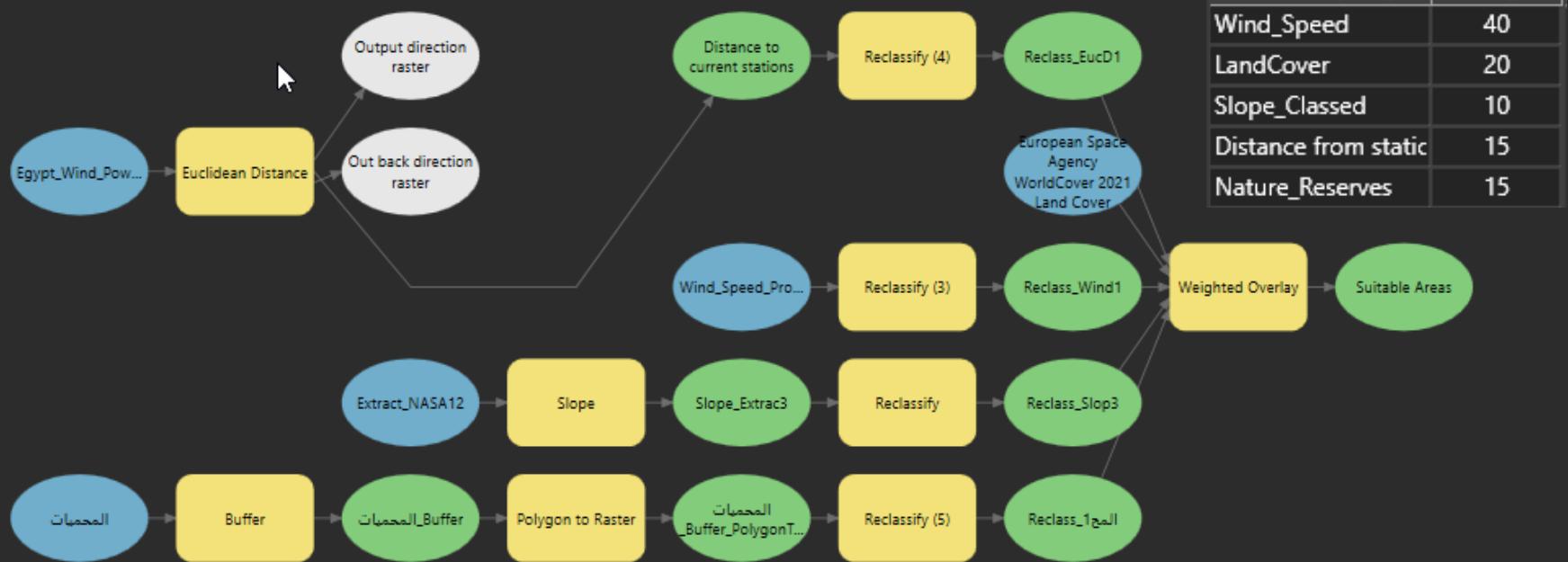
Start	End	New
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2.95195	7.379876	4
7.379876	14.169362	3
14.169362	24.501188	2
24.501188	75.274734	1
NODATA	NODATA	NODATA



- Distance from current farms



# Processing Workflow

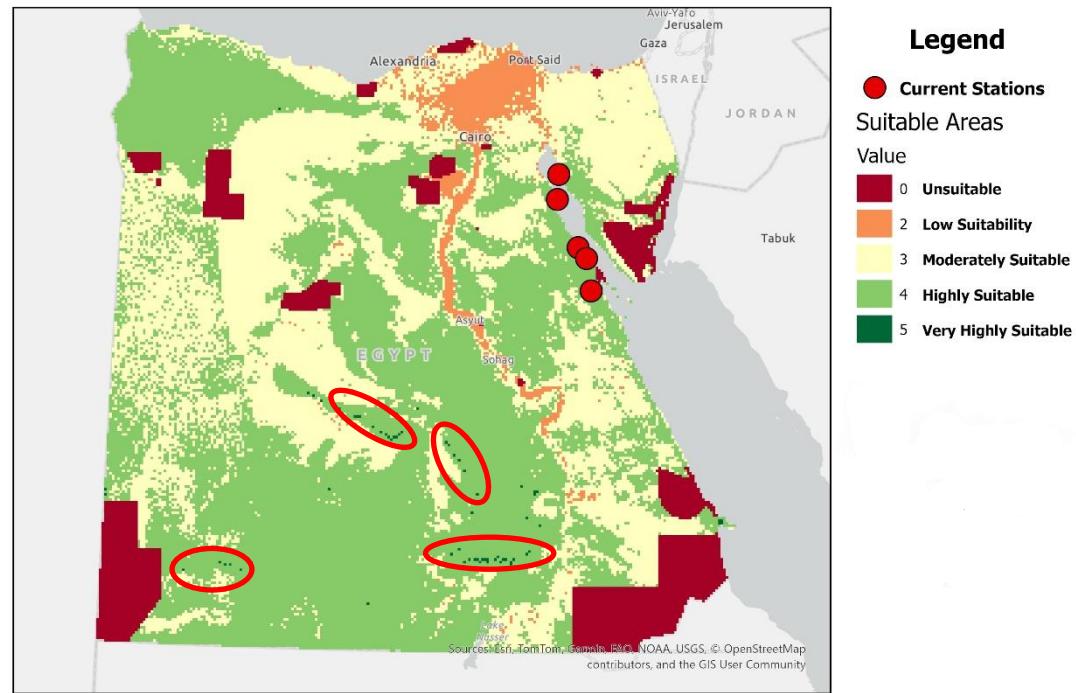


# Results

So , the most suitable locations for establishing new wind farms are identified in El Wadi Al Gadid Governorate :

- Western Aswan
- El Kharga , El Dakhla Oases
- The eastern of the Gilf Kebir Plateau .

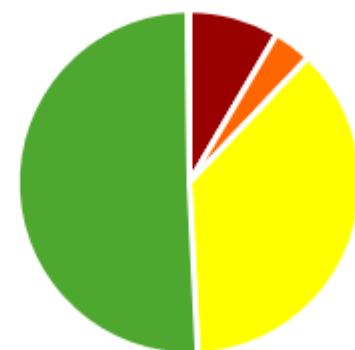
Suitable Areas for building New Wind\_Power\_Station





Class	Suitability Degree	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Color
0	Unsuitable	83097.63	
2	Low Suitability	35464.62	
3	Moderately Suitable	364446.97	
4	Highly Suitable	496770.61	
5	Very Highly Suitable	1341.18	
		981121.01	

Area (km<sup>2</sup>)



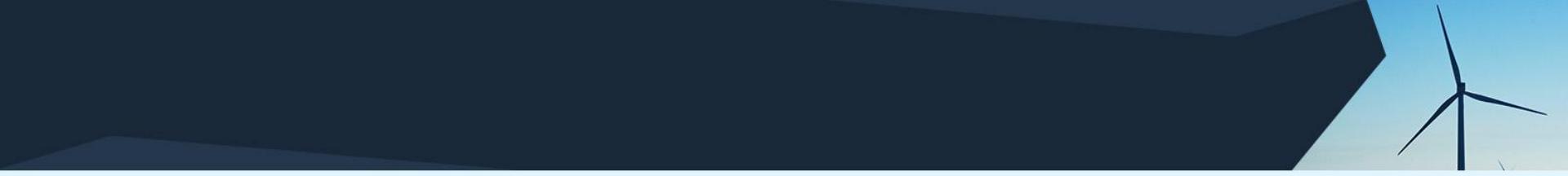
- 0 Unsuitable
- 2 Low Suitability
- 3 Moderately Suitable
- 4 Highly Suitable
- 5 Very Highly Suitable

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# References

- <https://www.power-technology.com/>
- <https://globalwindatlas.info/en/>
- <https://livingatlas.arcgis.com/en>
- <https://en.tutiempo.net/climate>
- <https://blog.arabnubia.com/>





Thank you