



**College of Engineering
and Computer Science**

UNIVERSITY OF CENTRAL FLORIDA

Function

COP-3402 Systems Software
Paul Gazzillo

Functions Abstract Away Computation

- Example: keys and locks
 - Input: key
 - Output: unlocking
 - Implementation: tumbler, wafer, RFID, etc
- Example: printf
 - Input: format string, values
 - Output: characters to stdout and num chars written
 - Implementation:
 - <https://sourceware.org/git/?p=glibc.git;a=blob:f=stdio-common/vfprintf-internal.c;h=547a3a868b4668bf615cf3f39a92e3c11cbb98ad;hb=HEAD#l1288>

Functions Abstract Away Computation

- Abstraction
 - Name the computation
 - Define inputs/outputs
- Reuseable
 - Reason about specification instead of implementation
- Create functions with care
 - Explicitly state assumptions
 - Cover all possible inputs
 - Document any side effects (or just avoid them)

Functions for Recursive Descent

- Carefully define each parsing function
 - Inputs/outputs
 - Position of file pointer (fgetc, fungetc)
- Example
 - Callee assumes file pointer on preceding
 - Callee leaves file pointer on its last character
- Ensure all parsing functions follow the same rules
 - This make the functions composeable
- Easier to just reason about one function at-a-time

Functions in SimpleC

- Similar to C
- A function has
 - A name, e.g., square
 - Parameter types, e.g., int
 - A return type, e.g., int
- Parameters are inputs
- Return creates the output
- Side effects
 - Global values may be (implicit) inputs and outputs

```
int square(int x) {  
    return x * x;  
}
```

square : (int) -> int

Static Scoping

- Region of code where variable is valid
 - Compound statement
 - Nested scopes, e.g., `int x`
- Local variables
 - Declared in nested scopes
 - Function parameters
- Out-of-scope variables
 - e.g., `print y`

```
int x;  
int f(int x) {  
    int y;  
    read y;  
    return x * y;  
}  
print x;  
print y;
```

Function Application

- (Conceptually) replace function its result

```
print square(9);
```

```
print 9 * 9;
```

```
print 81;
```

Simulating Functions in Hardware

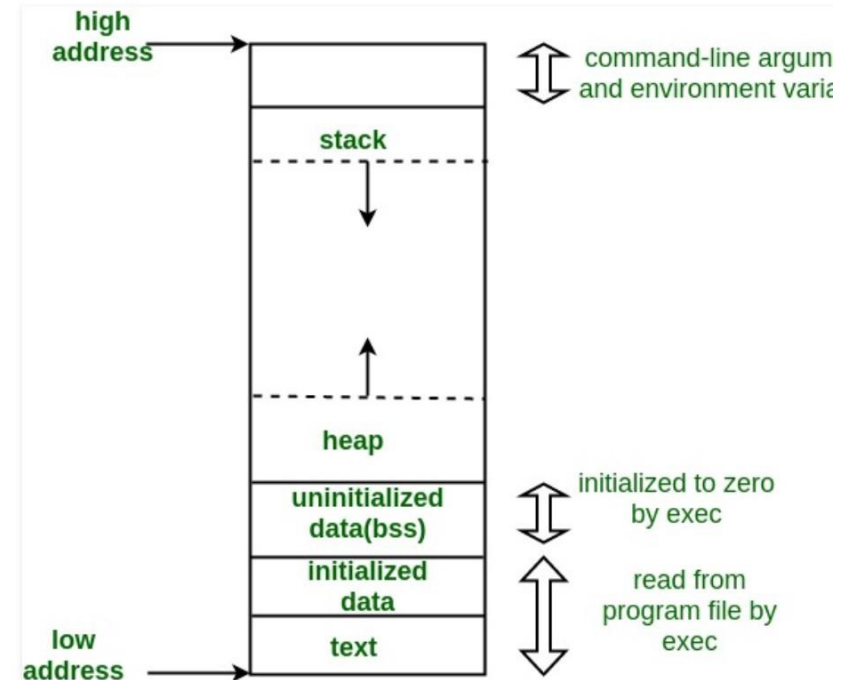
- No real function abstraction in hardware, e.g., x86
- How can we generate code for a function using only
 - Arithmetic and logical operators
 - Memory operations
 - Compare and branch
- Answer
 - Branch to code of function (or inline it)
 - Copy parameters to well-known registers & memory locations
 - Copy return value to well-known register or memory location

Demo: Functions in Assembly

- Functions as unconditional branches
- Passing parameters
- Local state
- Return value

Freezing Function State Using the Stack

- Stack holds local variables



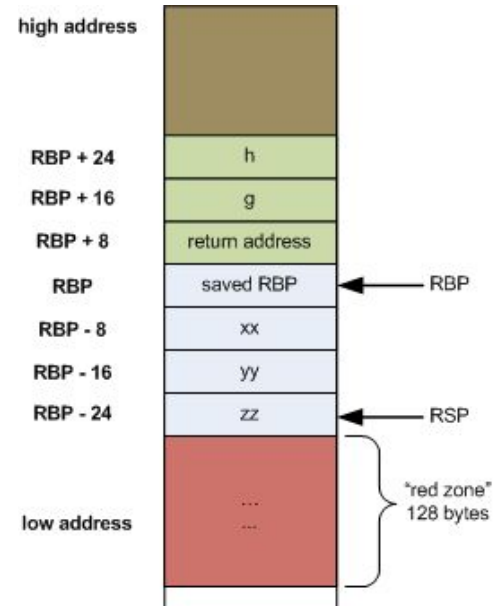
Demo: Freezing Function State on the Stack

Functions in Intel Assembly

- Calling conventions
 - Standard for caller/callee communication
- Application Binary Interface (ABI)
- Linux uses System V AMD64 ABI
- Parameters passed in six specific registers
 - rdi, rsi, etc
 - More than six, more parameters in stack
- Return value in specific register (eax)

System V AMD64 ABI

```
long myfunc(long a, long b, long c, long d,  
            long e, long f, long g, long h)  
{  
    long xx = a * b * c * d * e * f * g * h;  
    long yy = a + b + c + d + e + f + g + h;  
    long zz = utilfunc(xx, yy, xx % yy);  
    return zz + 20;  
}
```



RDI:	a
RSI:	b
RDX:	c
RCX:	d
R8:	e
R9:	f

Demo: Intel Assembly