Computer Vision HW2

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參數:

```
int headerLength = 172;
int imageWidth = 512;
int imageHeight = 512;
int unit = 1;
int threshold = 128;
「相鄰判定: 4-connected
```

(a)a binary image (threshold at 128)

基本想法:

用基本IO讀入後,使用For迴圈,把byte數值小於128的都改成0,大於等於128的都改成255。

實作:

```
ArrayList<Integer> bytes = GetByteData(fileName);
for(int y = 0; y<imageHeight; y++)
{
    for(int x = 0; x <imageWidth;x++)
    {
        int data = bytes.get(headerLength+(y*imageWidth+x)*unit);
        if (data < threshold) data = 0;
        else data = 255;

        bytes.set(headerLength+(y*imageWidth+x)*unit, data);
    }
}
WriteOut(bytes,"./assets/hw2-a.im");</pre>
```

結果:



(b)a histogram

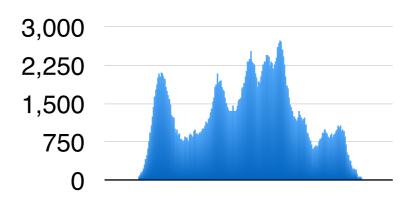
基本想法:

使用JAVA中的HashTable,對0~255建立統計表,然後用for迴圈將每一格的數值統計到對應的位置內。最後將HashTable的Data輸出到CSV檔,使用Numbers來畫圖。

實作:

```
bytes = GetByteData(fileName);
Hashtable<Integer,Integer> hashtable = new Hashtable<Integer,Integer>();
for(int i = 0; i < 256; i++){hashtable.put(i, 0); }
for(int y = 0; y < imageHeight; y++)
      for(int x = 0; x < imageWidth; x++)
             int data = bytes.get(headerLength+(y*imageWidth+x)*unit);
              int oldValue = hashtable.get(data);
              int newValue = oldValue + 1;
              hashtable.replace(data, newValue);
       }
File f = new File("./assets/hw2-b.csv");
if(f.exists())f.delete();
FileWriter writer = new FileWriter(f);
writer.write("value, count\n");
for(int i = 0; i < 256; i++)
       int value = i;
       int data = hashtable.get(i);
       writer.write(value+","+data+"\n");
writer.close();
```

結果:



(c)connected components

基本想法:[相鄰判定:4-connected]

幫每一個Pixel編編號,當相鄰的點都是白色時,會統一對方的編號。像是1號跟2號相鄰,又都是白色的話,會變成兩個pixel都標一號。然後用雙重For迴圈檢查所有的Pixel,都跟相鄰的Pixel統一編號。(相鄰不止隔壁,只要白色有連到都變),實作時維持好幾個List,把編號一樣的Pixel放在同樣的List。當兩坨碰在一起時,兩個List也會結合。最後再把List長度超過500的圖片

```
實作:
```

```
for(int y = 0; y<imageHeight; y++)
{
    for(int x = 0; x < imageWidth; x++)
    {
        connectMapCheck(bytes, records, GroupMap, x, y);
    }
}</pre>
```

ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> candidates = new ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>>();

```
for(int keyValue : GroupMap.keySet())
{
          ArrayList<Integer> alloc = GroupMap.get(keyValue);
          if(alloc!=null&&alloc.size()>=500)
          {
                candidates.add(GroupMap.get(keyValue));
                System.out.println("keyValue("+keyValue
+"):"+GroupMap.get(keyValue).size());
          }
}
ArrayList<Rectangle> rectangles = new ArrayList<Rectangle>();
```

for(ArrayList<Integer> candidate : candidates)

```
{
    rectangles.add(getRectangle(candidate));
}

for(Rectangle rec :rectangles)
{
    ReverseColor(bytes,rec);
    System.out.println("x1:"+rec.x1+" x2:"+rec.x2+" y1:"+rec.y1+" y2:"+rec.y2);
}

WriteOut(bytes,"./assets/hw2-c.im");
System.out.println("done");

结果:

Bounding Boxes:
x1:118 x2:157 y1:94 y2:237
x1:189 x2:139 y1:237 y2:287
x1:0 x2:31 y1:399 y2:511
x1:0 x2:87 y1:0 y2:511
x1:127 x2:511 y1:0 y2:511
```

