Lecture Abstracts. Stochastic Fluid Mechanics.

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Lecture 1.

Basic existence and uniqueness results for deterministic and stochastic 2-d and 3-d Navier-Stokes equations.

We first discuss some background knowledge as well as recent progresses in 2–d and 3–d Navier–Stokes equations. We then show basic existence and uniqueness results for deterministic and stochastic 2–d Navier–Stokes equations.

References

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Lecture 2.

Existence and uniqueness of invariant measures for 2-d hydrodynamical systems subject to degenerate random forcing.

We present a model problem in finite dimensions showing the existence and uniqueness of invariant measure for general white–noise driven stochastic systems with hydrodynamical background. We will also mention the result as well as difficulties for infinite dimensional systems corresponding to general semilinear evolutionary SPDEs. Application of the theoretical method includes hydrodynamical systems such as the 2–d Navier–Stokes system, the 2–d Boussinesq system, and a 2–d Euler system subject to fractional dissipation.

References

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Lecture 3.

Inviscid limit and related problems in turbulence.

Asymptotic problems of sending the viscosity $\nu \to 0$ will be discussed in this lecture. In particular, we discuss the application of de Giorgi–Nash–Moser iteration method to stochastic Navier–Stokes equations. We show the corresponding invariant mesure is concentrated in L^{∞} in vorticity space. The relationship between inviscid limit and turbulence will be explained.

References

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Lecture 4.

The 2-d deterministic and stochastic Euler equations and related problems.

The L^{∞} -well posedness (in vorticity formulation) of 2–d deterministic Euler equations will be discussed. Recent results in singularity formation in the sense of double exponential growth of the gradient of the vorticity at the boundary will be mentioned. The area-preserving scheme of adding the stochastic noise to the equation will be considered. Well-posedness results in the case of stochastic equation will also be discussed.

References

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- [2] Kiselev, A., Šverák, V., Small scale creation for solutions of the incompressible 2–dimensional Euler equation. *Annals of Mathematics* **180** (2014), pp. 1205–1220.
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Lecture 5.

Motion of incompressible ideal fluids from group theoretic and Hamiltonian dynamical point of view.

Classical mechanics from group theoretic point of view will be discussed, including the motion of incompressible ideal fluids. The Hamiltonian formulation of Euler equations will be presented. If time permits, we will also discuss finite dimensional model problems and some open questions related to 2–d turbulence.

References

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