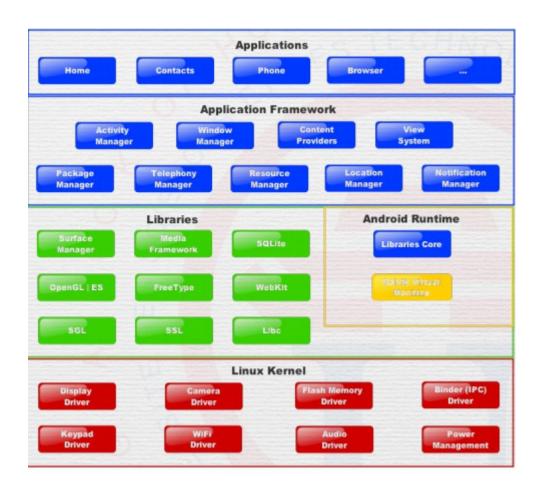
ANDROID FUNDAMENTAL

Chapter Objectives

Understand content of MVC model and some components od Android

I. Architecture:



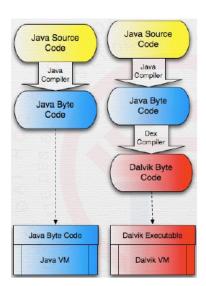
- Application:
 - Written in java
 - o Example: Phone, Browser,...
- Application framework:

- o Java, Higher level, User Interface, Location service, Notation,...
- Window manager, Resource Manager
- Libraries:
 - Mostly in C/C++, Low level, Render text Play media, Local databases
 - o OpenCL, SQLite, ...
- Linux Kernel:
 - o Active development, Secured, Well shaped
 - Display driver, Audio driver

II. Compilation:

- Java source code, Java Complier: complier code and run everywhere or on different platform.

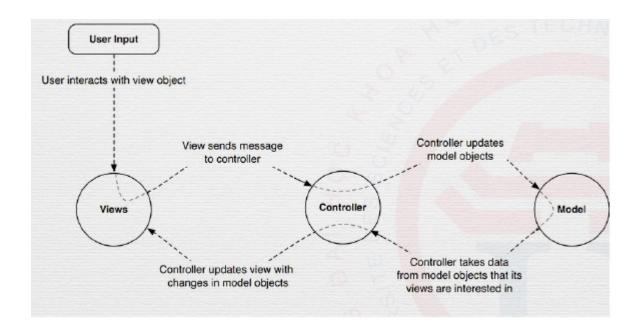
From Source to device:



- Example: Dalvik, ART

III. Controller:

- 1. Context and Application:
- MVC Model:



Context:

- Central command center
- Access application-specific data
 - Settings
 - Private files
 - Resources
 - Assets
- System services
- Application:
 - A context
 - Can be subclasses:

Example: Global data, early initialization of libraries

Android memory management

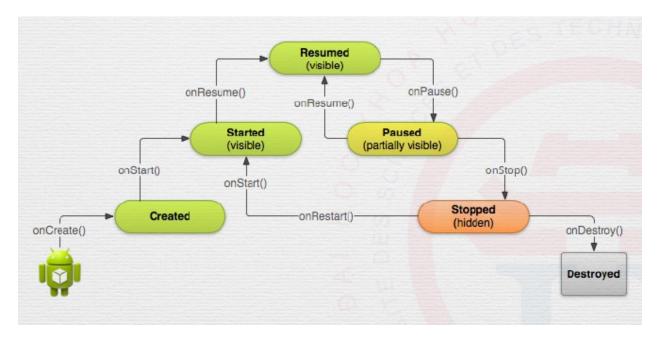
Example: Garbage collector, Upper limit for each application

AndroidManifest.xml

Example: Metadata about the app, target SDK

2. Activity:

- A kind of controller mean in the middle of model and view, update model to UI
- Activity:
 - fundamental building block
 - Has a unique task or purpose
 - Need at least one per application
 - o Handle display of single screen



Activity lifecycle

Activity lifecycle: states different from webpage (all content cleared when closed)

- onCreate(): initialization
- onStart(): visible state
- onPause(): do not have to override (just cases you need)
- onStop()

onResume(): continue Screen orientaion onSaveInstanceState() onDestroy() - will be called if no memory leak Create a new activity instance o onCreate() onRestoreInstanceState() Close current activity: finish() 3. Fragment: Fragment is used to: Represents a behavior or a portion of user interface Building block of the Fundamental building blocks Supported from Honeycomb [API 11] Optional Functional: Adapt UI according to devices - explosion in the variety of devices, screen size, resolution, density, orientation. Activity with fragments Simplified Coordinates fragments [optionally, but mostly] uses FragmentManager (or SupportFragmentManager) Put inside a layout XML Dynamically created using codes View:

IV.

- Basic building blocks of UI what user interacts with
- **Attributes**

		6
	0	id: findViewById()
	0	width, height
	0	padding and margin
	0	visibility: visible, invisible, non
	0	alpha: classic transparent
	0	rotation
	0	background
	0	click
- TextView		
	0	setText() :can contain one and only one icon
	0	drawable, font, gravity, style, align
- ImageView		
	0	src: setImageResource()
	0	scaleType: fitXY, fitStart, fitEnd, centerCrop, centerIn side
	0	tint, crop, viewBounds
-	View Group	
	0	Contain children
	0	LayoutParams
-	Button	
	0	Push-button
	0	onClick()
- EditText		
	0	TextBoxes: allow to edit a text
	0	getText()

o Selection