



Study

Read the following book:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1j29iupzwJ11P0Jujf_XzhcjTkN5DPRZZ/view?usp=sharing

And then answer the following questions:

1. What is Boolean? Write down 3 different expressions that result in a Boolean type (i.e. `5 == 6`)
 - A Boolean value is either True or False.
 - A Boolean expression evaluates to produce a result which is a Boolean value. For example, the operator `==` tests if two values are equal. It produces a Boolean value:

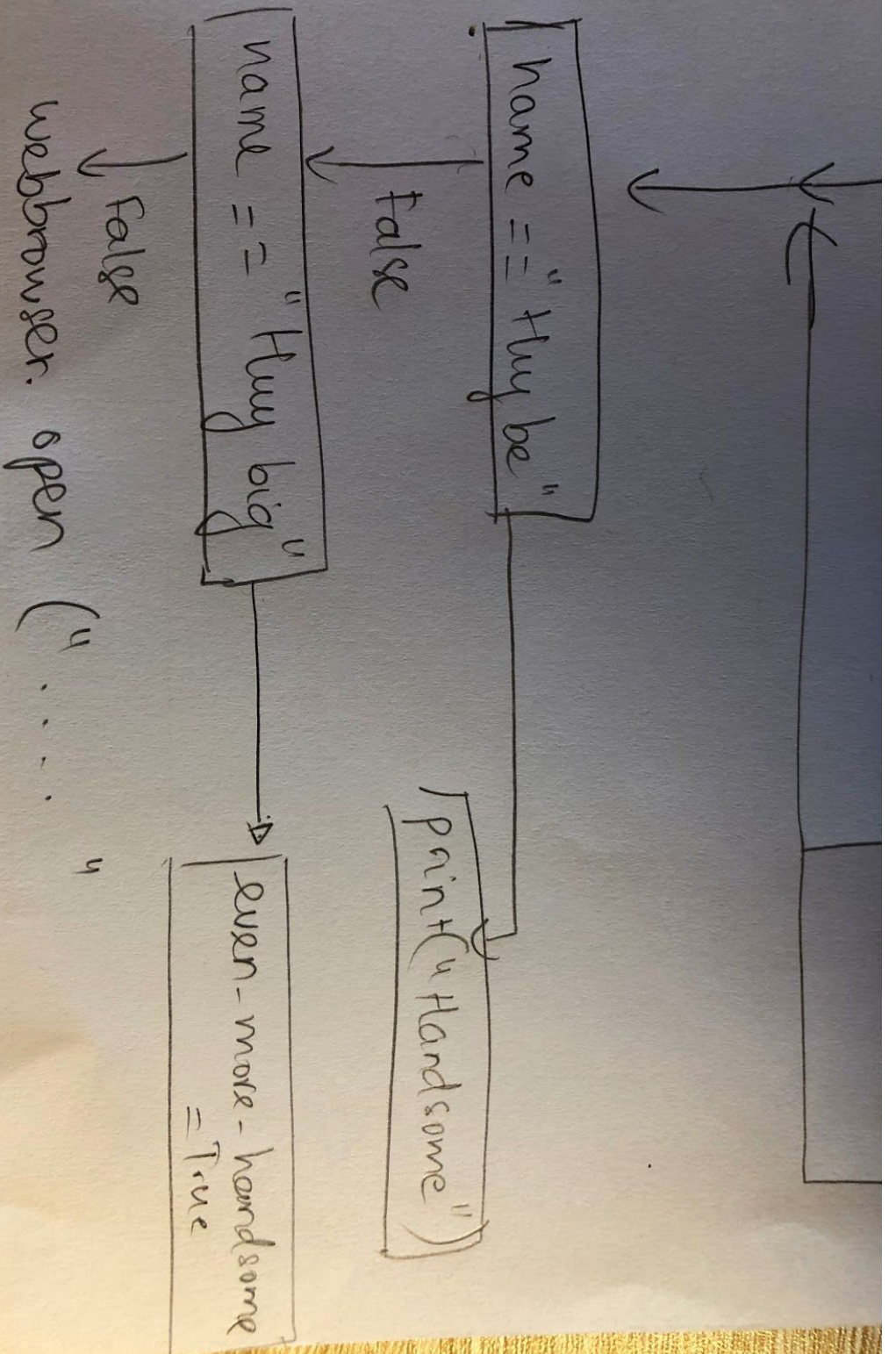
`5 == (3+2)`

`=> True`

2. What is a flowchart? Draw a flowchart for the following code snippet: (you can draw on a piece of paper, take a picture of it)

```
if name == "Huy be":  
    print("Hand some")  
elif name == "Huy big":  
    even_more_handsome = True  
else:  
    webbrowser.open("https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=04854XqcfCY")
```

- A **flowchart** is a type of diagram that represents an algorithm, workflow or process. The **flowchart** shows the steps as boxes of various kinds, and their order by connecting the boxes with arrows.



3. What are nested conditionals? Write a piece of code that uses nested conditionals

```
if x < y:
```

```
    STATEMENTS_A
```

```
else:
```

```
    if x > y:
```

```
        STATEMENTS_B
```

```
    else:
```

```
        STATEMENTS_C
```

- The outer conditional contains two branches. The second branch contains another if statement, which has two branches of its own. Those two branches could contain conditional statements as well.
- Should avoid them

```
name = input("what's your name? ")
```

```
if name == "Huyen":
```

```
    print("yay!")
```

```
else:
```

```
    if name == "no name":
```

```
        print("sad")
```

```
    else:
```

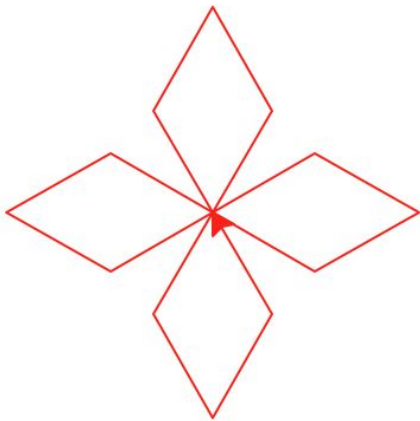
```
        print("not coming in")
```



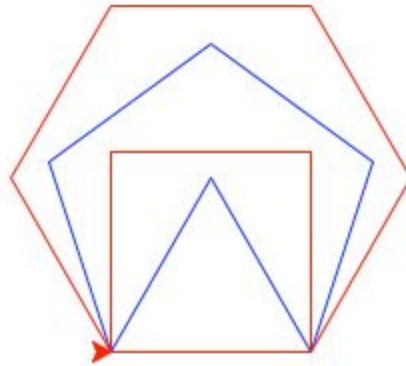
Turtle exercises

Using turtle to draw the following shapes:

1.



2.





Serious exercises

1. Write a program that asks the user their height (cm) and weight (kg), and then calculate their BMI (Body Mass Index):

$$\text{BMI} = \text{mass (kg)} / (\text{height(m)} \times \text{height(m)})$$

Note: you must do the conversion from cm to m before calculation

Then based on the BMI, tell them that they are:

- Severely underweight if BMI < 16
- Underweight if BMI is between 16 and 18.5
- Normal if BMI is between 18.5 and 25
- Overweight if BMI is between 25 and 30
- Obese if BMI is more than 30

2. Write a program that

a. Asks users enter a number and then calculates factorial of n: $(1 * 2 * 3 * \dots * n)$

3. Study how to print without moving to a new line

Each time we call `print(...)` to print out something, python will automatically move to a new line, for example, the following snippet:

```
print("Hello")
print(",my name")
print("is B-max")
```

will result:

```
Hello
,my name
is B-max
```

Your task: Try to search and learn how to print without moving to new line,:

```
print("Hello", ...)
print(",my name", ...)
print("is B-max", ...)
```

"..." is the piece of code you would add

so that the result would be

Hello,my name is B-max

4. Print out the following patterns, remember that the number of columns and rows can be changed later, so try to write programs that can scale

- a. 20 x 1 stars:

```
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
```

- b. n stars (n is entered by users)

Enter a number: 17

```
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
```

- c. 9 stars and xs in total

```
x * x * x * x * x
```

- d. n stars and xs in total (n is entered by users)

Enter a number: 13

```
x * x * x * x * x * x * x
```

- e. You can use **print()**, (yes, print with **nothing inside the parentheses** **()**) to move to a new line, try it

- f. 7 x 3 stars

```
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
```

- g. n x m stars (n, m are entered by users)

Enter n: 5

Enter m: 3

```
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
```




Tools preparation

Watch the homework submission tutorial