# Live Programming IoT devices With Pharo Things

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1 Lesson 4 - LED Flowing Lights

#### Section 1

Lesson 4 - LED Flowing Lights

#### What do we need

#### Components

- 1 Raspberry Pi connected to your network (wired or wireless)
- 1 Breadboard
- 8 LEDs
- 8 Resistors 330ohms
- Jumper wires

### Schema connection 8 LEDs

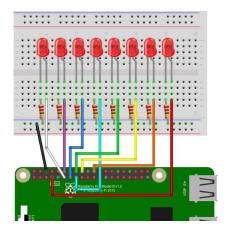


Figure 1: Schema connection 8 LEDs

# Physical connection 8 LEDs

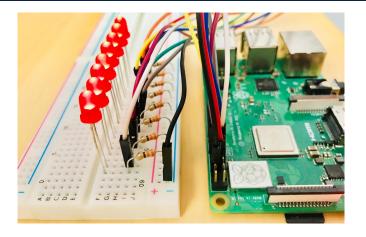


Figure 2: Physical connection 8 LEDs

## Experimental process

- Connect the Ground PIN from Raspberry in the breadboard blue rail (-).
- Then connect the 8 resistors from the blue rail (-) to a column on the breadboard.
- Now push the LED legs into the breadboard, with the long leg (with the kink) on the right.
- And insert the jumper wires connecting the right column of each LED to GPIO from 0 to 7.

# Connecting remotely

```
remotePharo := TlpRemoteIDE connectTo: (TCPAddress ip:
    #[193 51 236 212] port: 40423)
GTInspector enableStepRefresh.
remoteBoard := remotePharo evaluate: [ RpiBoard3B current]
    remoteBoard inspect.
```

## Experimental code

 Let's create an array and initialize the 8 LEDs, putting each one in a position of the array.

```
gpioArray := { gpio0. gpio1. gpio2. gpio3.
     gpio4. gpio5. gpio6. gpio7 }.
gpioArray do: [ :item | item beDigitalOutput ].
```

# Experimental code

 In the previous lesson, we use toggleDigitalValue to change the value of the object (Led value)

```
gpioArray do: [ :item | item toggleDigitalValue ].
```

# Experimental code

 Let's put a Delay after changing the led value, to wait a bit time before to changethenextLEDvalue. Let's also put this inside a process using the method forkNamed:

```
gpioArray do: [ :item | item toggleDigitalValue.
   (Delay forSeconds: 0.3) wait ].
] forkNamed: 'FlowingProcess'.
```

#### Result

 Execute this code and... cool! Now your LEDs are on by flowing an ordering!

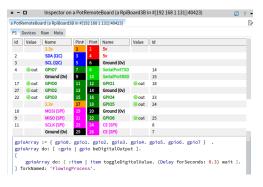


Figure 3: Code on Inspector

## Result

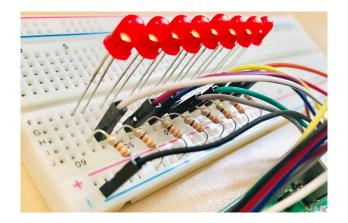


Figure 4: LEDs turn On.

# Adding features

#### Control loop time?

```
[ 2 timesRepeat: [
    gpioArray do: [ :item | item toggleDigitalValue.
    (Delay forSeconds: 0.1) wait ].
] forkNamed: 'FlowingProcess'.
```

# Adding features

### Reversing the flow

```
[ 2 timesRepeat: [
  gpioArray reverseDo: [ :item | item toggleDigitalValue.
  (Delay forSeconds: 0.1) wait ].
] ] forkNamed: 'FlowingProcess'.
```

## Terminating the process

Call the Remote Process Browser

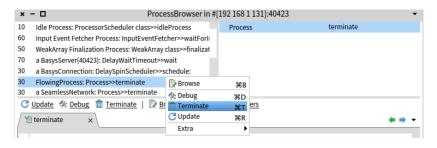


Figure 5: Remote Process Browser