



Université
de Limoges

Master 1 Cryptis Computer Science

Project report Android LocaLim

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I. Introduction

The application that we had developed is a E-commerce application. The goals of this project is to carry out an application that provides users with a description of the products and their locations by using map localization . Moreover the application enables the users to upload and edit their own offers .

Objectives

Develop an E-Commerce Android application called LocaLim. Specific goals include:

- Login, logout with Firebase Authentication
- List all offers and List offers base on category
- Search offer by name
- Suggest near by offers
- Upload/Edit offer
- Preview offer:
 - Name
 - Description
 - Price
 - Image
 - Location
 - Map location
- Can swipe left-right to preview next offer

II. Programs, Materials, Methodologies

2.1 Programs

2.1.1 IntelliJ

IntelliJ provides the fastest tools for building apps on every type of Android device.

2.1.2 Adobe XD

Adobe XD is a one-stop app, from wireframes all the way to handing off to developers.

2.2 Materials

2.2.1 Material icons

Material icons are delightful, beautifully crafted symbols for common actions and items.

2.3 Work flow

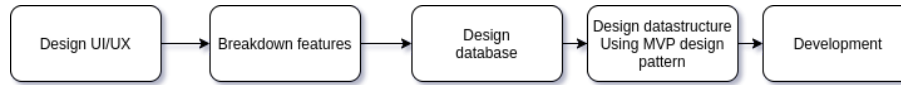


Figure 1: Work flow

2.4 Methodologies

Design UI/UX

We draft our application design by using Adobe XD which is a free and easy to use software. The application will have 6 main screens which is: - Splash screen - Login screen - List offer screen (all offers, by category, nearby) - Detail offer screen - Upload offer screen - Search offer screen

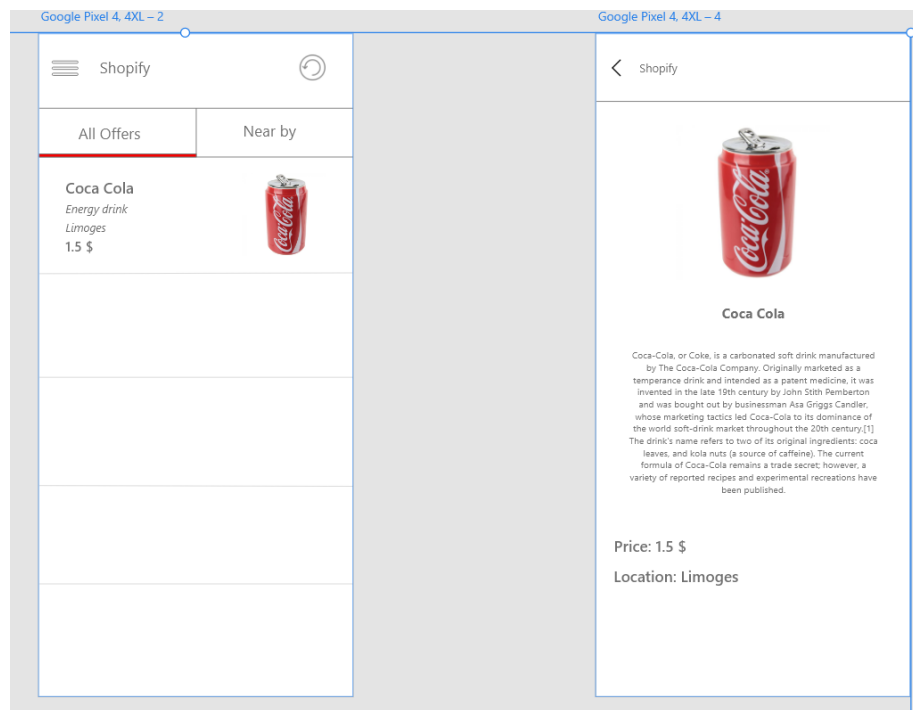


Figure 2: Adobe XD design example

By following this design, it is way better and easier to build the application later. Also, Adobe XD provides us the fastest method for creating interactive

prototypes after we have completed our screens. So that we can visualize how users can experience your app or website by building an interactive prototype.

Breakdown features

Regarding each above function, we designed the data structure intending to the most convenient way to read and write objects on Firebase while executing the source code. Also we need to ensure that the bussiness logic is built carefully and met the requirement correctly.

Database

We use *Realtime Database* and also *Storage* feature from Firebase. The database will have two collections: Product and User. The Product collection has category object for example: drink, food, clothes, etc. And inside these category, it is including detail offers which is represented as below:

```
offer_id:
  description: "short description"
  id: offer_id
  image: "offer image"
  location:
    latitude
    longitude
  name
  name: "offer name"
  price
```

The User collection only contain user information and their *role* (admin, normal user).

Data structure

MVP design pattern A clean codebase is always a pleasure to work with. A well organized codebase is easy to maintain, is robust, performs well, is testable and is self-documenting. In order to do that, the application will be written by using MVP - short for Model-View-Presenter design pattern.

For all the activity in this application will have:

- Model class: including the data from Firebase
- View: Activity, Fragment, Interface View
- Presenter: Interface Presenter

MVP model works according to the rule: all code handling bussiness logic is in Presenter. After the result, Presenter will ask View to display with corresponding result.

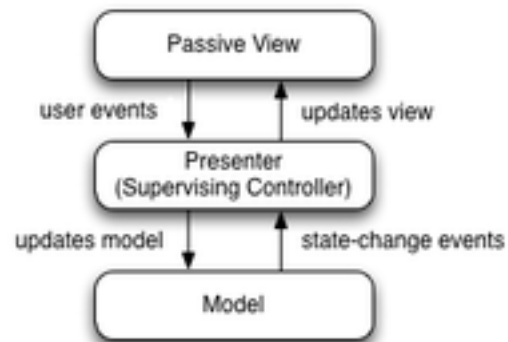


Figure 3: Diagram that depicts the Model View Presenter (MVP) GUI design pattern (Source: Wiki)

Development

In this section, we firstly discuss our special approach to do the layout for UI. After that, we will explain all the methods of the work.

Use cases Use cases diagram

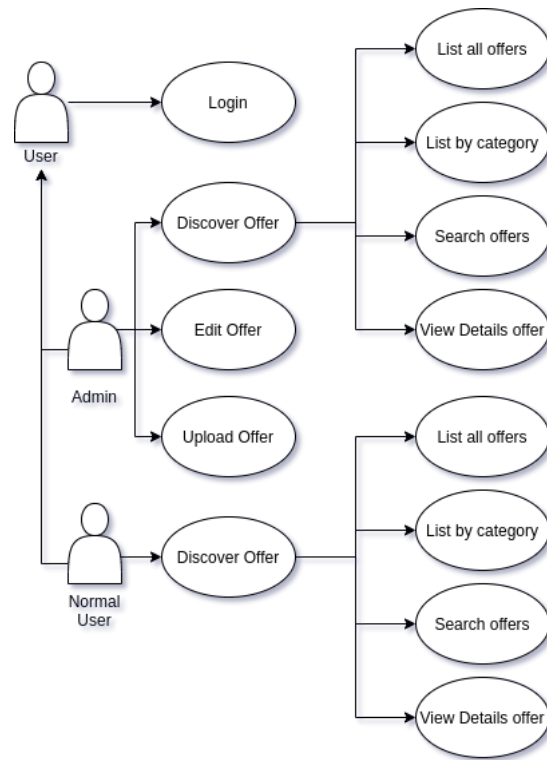


Figure 4: Use cases diagram

Flow chart Describe the flow of the entire application. The user start application then it checks to see if logged in or not, then switch to the login screen so that the user can login, if so or log in successfully then check if the login account is a guest or admin role that displays the screen corresponding to each role. If it is admin, you can upload and edit more products.

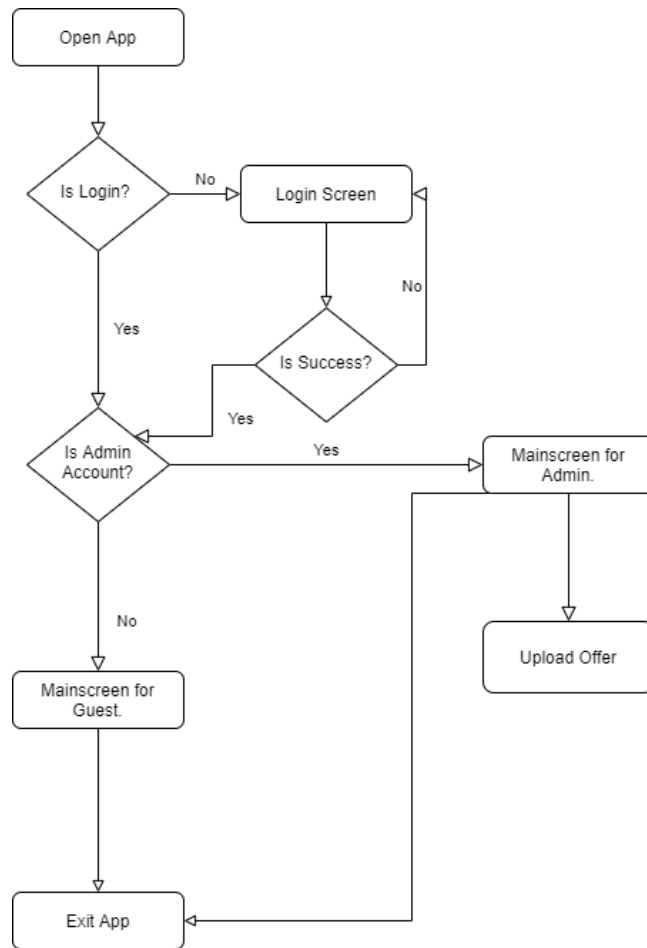
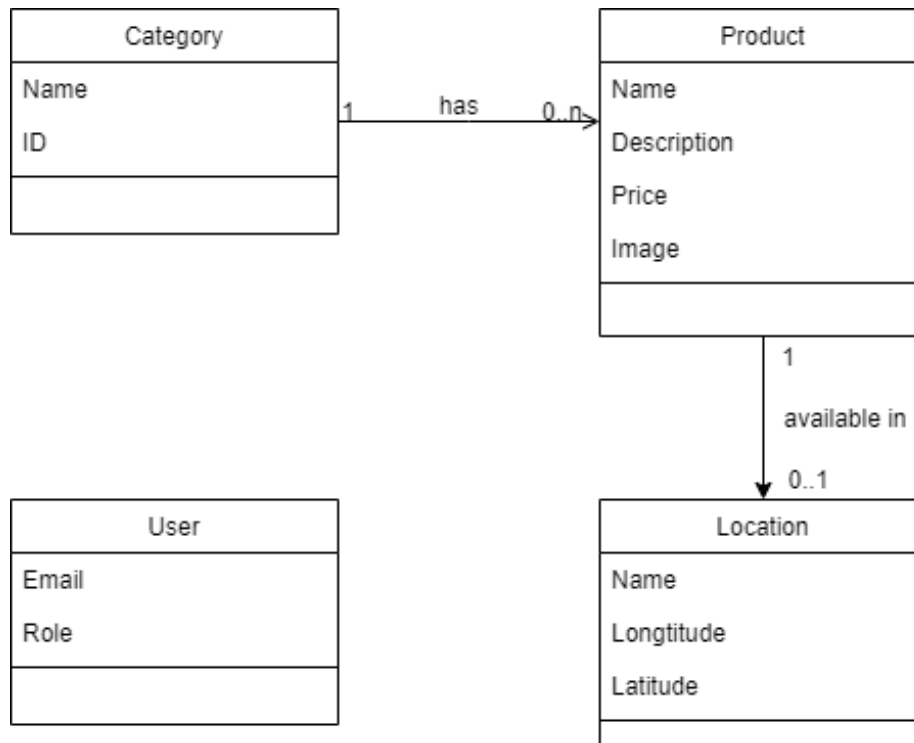


Figure 5: Flow chart

Class diagram A Category can have 0 or more products. A product is available in a certain location or is not currently available.



- Add Register function ##### Login activity

- View: ILoginView Define actions on the view to be controlled by Presenter (*showLoading, hideLoading, onSuccess, onFailure, goToMainScreen*). LoginActivity will implement the above interface to define the functions in detail.
- Presenter: Will hold the View preference to be able to control the View when there is a result through the new ILoginPresenterImpl (this) constructor. In LoginActivity, if Login is a logical bussiness, let the presenter handle the parameters of email and password from edit text on UI via presenter.login function (email, password). At Presenter, when the login function is called, it will call authentication to Firebase if successful, it will perform co-action on the UI via the view.onSuccess () function, otherwise, call view.onFailure ().

All product Fragment

- View: IProductView has functions for Presenter to interact with view (onSuccessListOffer, onSuccessCategory, onSuccessListByCategory, onFailure)
- When creating Fragment, View requires presenter get all products from Firebase Database then separate to create category list and product list. Send these 2 lists to View via function onSuccessCategory and onSuccessListOffer. In View 2 this list is saved as cache at MainApplication.

- When the user changes the filter option, the View asks the presenter to get the product according to the selected category. If successful, return the list of products by category to View via `onSuccessListByCategory` function, otherwise, `onFailure`.

Nearby Once created, it will get the Offer global list at `MainApplication` to filter the products with the coordinates matching the current location of the user.

Upload activity

- View: `IUploadView` specifies operations on the view (`showLoading`, `hideLoading`, `onUploadImageSuccess`, `onUploadProductSuccess`, `onFailure`) for Presenter to control.
- Presenter: Hold the View preference to update UI when it comes up. If you want to upload a product, the user will fill in the necessary information of a product, select an image from the gallery or take a photo and also the product's location, then ask Presenter Upload Image if Presenter returns `onUploadImageSuccess`, View continues to Product upload request with image link has just been returned. If the product upload is successful, the Presenter will return `onSuccess` otherwise `onFailure`.

Edit Similar to Upload, the View will receive the Detail of an offer to fill in the fields, the user will update the information as well as the photo and location of the location. When you press Upload, View asks `PPresenter` to upload the image to Firebase Storage if successful, return the image link to the View via the `onUploadImageSuccess` function, the View continues to ask Presenter to update the product with new information and attached image link. Public, then send message to `Vipew` via `onUpdateSuccess` function, otherwise `onFailure`

DetailOffer activity

- View: `IProductView` Define actions on the view to be controlled by `IProductPresenter`. `DetailOffer Activity` will implement the above interface to define the functions in detail.
- Presenter: Will hold the View preference to be able to control the View when there is a result through the new `IProductPresenterImpl` (this) constructor. At Presenter, when the `getProduct` function is called, it will call the products inserted in the Firebase if successful, it will perform co-action on the UI via the `view.onSuccess ()` function, otherwise, call `view.onFailure ()`.

Search activity

- View: `ISearchView` Define actions on the view to be controlled by `ISearchPresenter`(`onSuccessSearch`,`onFailure`). Search Activity will implement the above interface to define the functions in detail.

- Presenter: Will hold the View preference to be able to control the View when there is a result through the new ISearchPresenterImpl (this) constructor. At Presenter, when the onSuccessSearch function is called, it will call search the products inserted in the Firebase if successful, it will perform co-action on the UI via the view.onSuccess () function, otherwise, call view.onFailure ().

Result and Discussion

Application result

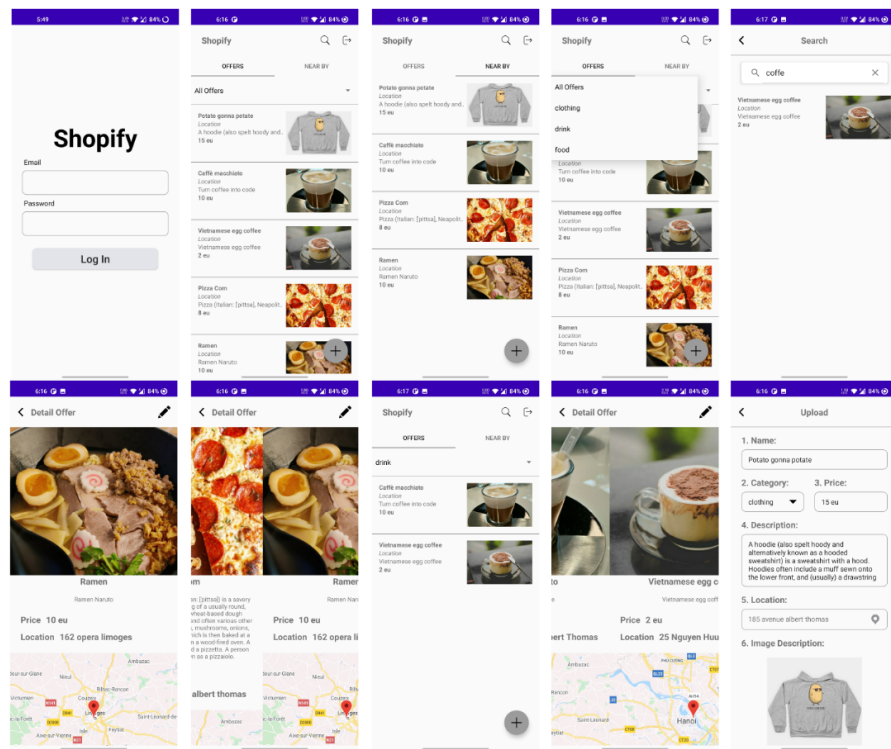


Figure 6: Application interface

Usage

- For authentication:
 - Admin account:
 - * email: def@gmail.com
 - * password: 123123

- Normal account:
 - * email: abc@gmail.com
 - * password: 123123

Conclusion and Future work

Conclusion

In this project, we have fulfilled the standard requirements set out from the beginning in a short amount of time. We have presented the details of the implementation and also our special features

Future work

- Add Register function
 - Specify user role
 - All users can have the right to upload their offer
 - Add user detail information activity
- Refractor code
- Data constrains
- Refractor account collection firebase
- Improve UI/UX

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