
USTH Smart Garden

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I. Introduction

Gardening is very interesting, so We thought about making a project in gardening. Nowadays smart garden systems are very popular because people enjoy them. However our challenge is to make the project very simple so that anyone can implement this. As it turns out, projects based around the Arduino open hardware development board are an excellent place to start. A soil moisture sensor can read the amount of moisture present in the soil surrounding it. It's an ideal for monitoring an urban garden, or your pet plant's water level. This is a must have component for a IOT garden / Agriculture!

II. Sensors

We are now having two different type of sensor:

- Capacitive Soil Moisture Sensor - SKU_SEN0193
- Analog Soil Moisture Sensor - SKU_SEN0114

A. Capacitive Soil Moisture Sensor - SKU_SEN0193

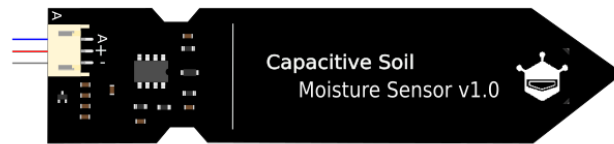


Figure 1: Capacitive Soil Moisture Sensor

This product measures soil moisture levels by capacitive sensing, rather than resistive sensing like other types of moisture sensor. It is made of a corrosion resistant material giving it a long service life. Insert it into soil and impress your friends with the real-time soil moisture data! The product includes an on-board voltage regulator which gives it an operating voltage range of 3.3 ~ 5.5V. It is compatible with low-voltage MCUs (both 3.3V and 5V logic). To make it compatible with a Raspberry Pi, an ADC converter is required.

For example, we can use an Arduino to read the value directly from the sensor.

- Supports Gravity 3-Pin Interface
- Analog Output

- Gardening & Farming
- Moisture Detection
- Intelligent Agriculture

- Operating Voltage: 3.3 ~ 5.5 VDC
- Output Voltage: 0 ~ 3.0VDC
- Operating Current: 5mA
- Interface: PH2.0-3P
- Dimensions: 3.86 x 0.905 inches (L x W)
- Weight: 15g

Dev

Connection

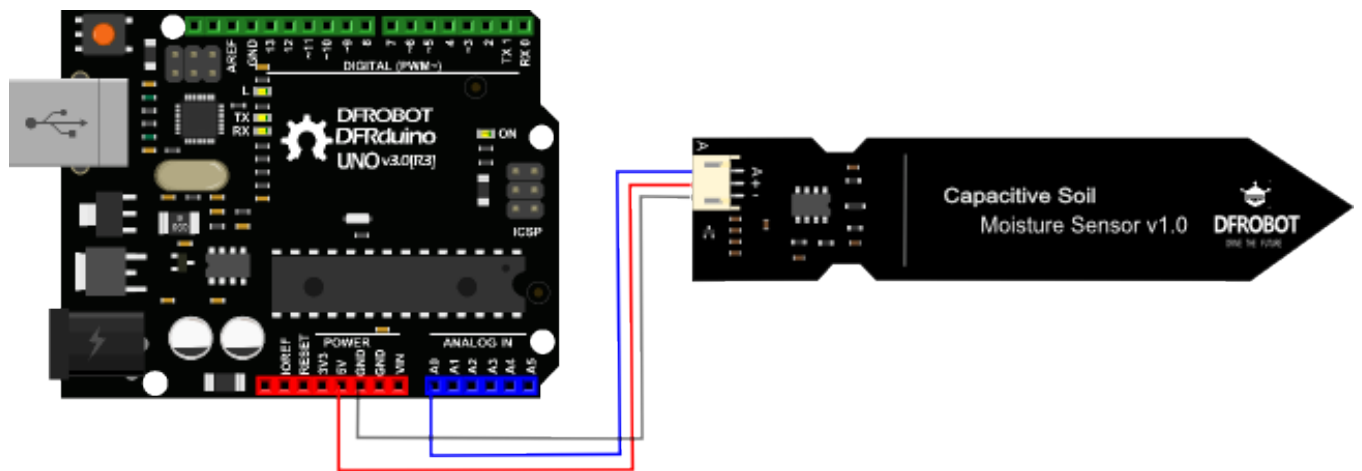


Figure 3: Connection Example with Arduino Uno

Aduino Uno	Capacitive Soil Moisture Sensor
GND	GND (Black wire)
5V	Red Wire
Analog output	Blue Wire

Calibration Range

The components on this board are NOT waterproof, do not expose to moisture further than the red line. (If you want to protect components from the elements, try using a length of wide heat shrink tubing around the upper-section of the board.) There is an inverse ratio between the sensor output value and soil moisture.

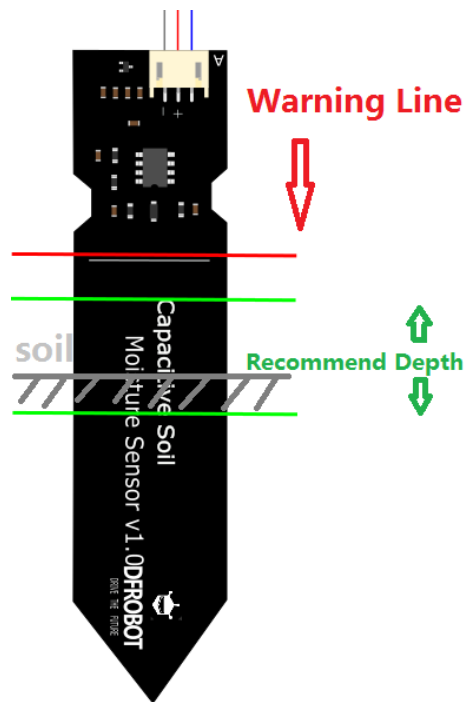


Figure 4: Calibration Range

- The final output value is affected by probe insertion depth and how tight the soil packed around it is.
- The range will be divided into three sections: dry, wet, water. Their related values are:
 - Dry: (520 430]
 - Wet: (430 350]
 - Water: (350 260]

Sample Code

Our Sample Code can be found [here](#)

B. Analog Soil Moisture Sensor - SKU_SEN0114

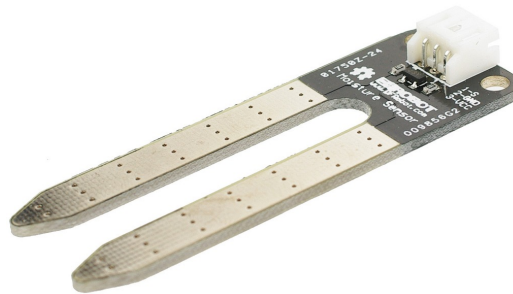


Figure 5: Analog Soil Moisture Sensor

This Gravity: **Analog Soil Moisture Sensor** For Arduino can read the amount of moisture present in the soil surrounding it. It's a low tech sensor, but ideal for monitoring an urban garden, or your pet plant's water level. This is a must have tool for a connected garden! The new soil moisture sensor uses Immersion Gold which protects the nickel from oxidation. Electroless nickel immersion gold (ENIG) has several advantages over more conventional (and cheaper) surface platings such as HASL (solder), including excellent surface planarity (particularly helpful for PCB's with large BGA packages), good oxidation resistance, and usability for untreated contact surfaces such as membrane switches and contact points.

This soil moisture arduino sensor uses the two probes to pass current through the soil, and then it reads that resistance to get the moisture level. More water makes the soil conduct electricity more easily (less resistance), while dry soil conducts electricity poorly (more resistance). This sensor will be helpful to remind you to water your indoor plants or to monitor the soil moisture in your garden.

Note: If you are going to place the sensor to very humid soil, that would make it very easy to get the sensor surface erosion within several days, hence we suggest to use this one Analog Capacitive Soil Moisture Sensor- Corrosion Resistant instead.

Specification

- Power supply: 3.3V ~ 5V
- Output voltage signal: 0 ~ 4.2V
- Current: 35mA
- Pin definition:
 - Blue: Analog output
 - Black: GND
 - Red: Power
- Size: 60x20x5mm
- value range:
 - 0~300: dry soil
 - 300~700: humid soil
 - 700~950: in water

Schematic

Figure 6: Schematic

Connection

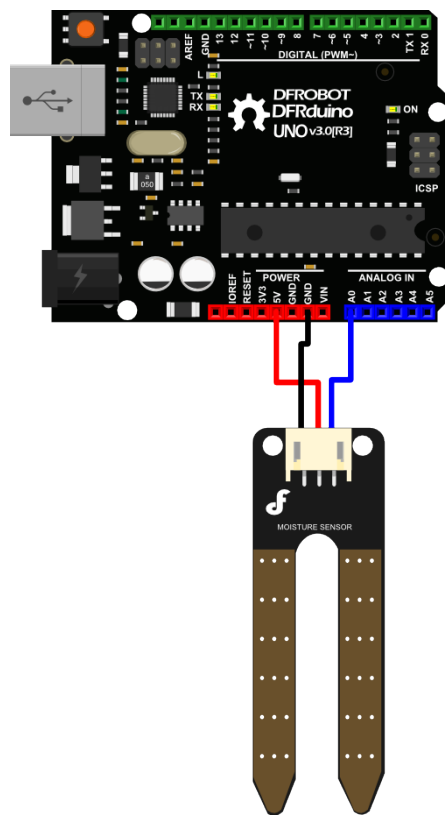


Figure 7: Connection Example with Arduino Uno

Aduino Uno	Analog Soil Moisture Sensor
GND	GND (Black wire)
5V	Red Wire
Analog output	Blue Wire

Calibration Range

- The range will be divided into three sections: dry soil, wet soil, in water. Their related values are:
 - 0 ~ 300 - dry soil
 - 300~700 - humid soil
 - 700~950 - in water

Sample Code

Our Sample Code can be found [here](#)

III. Database

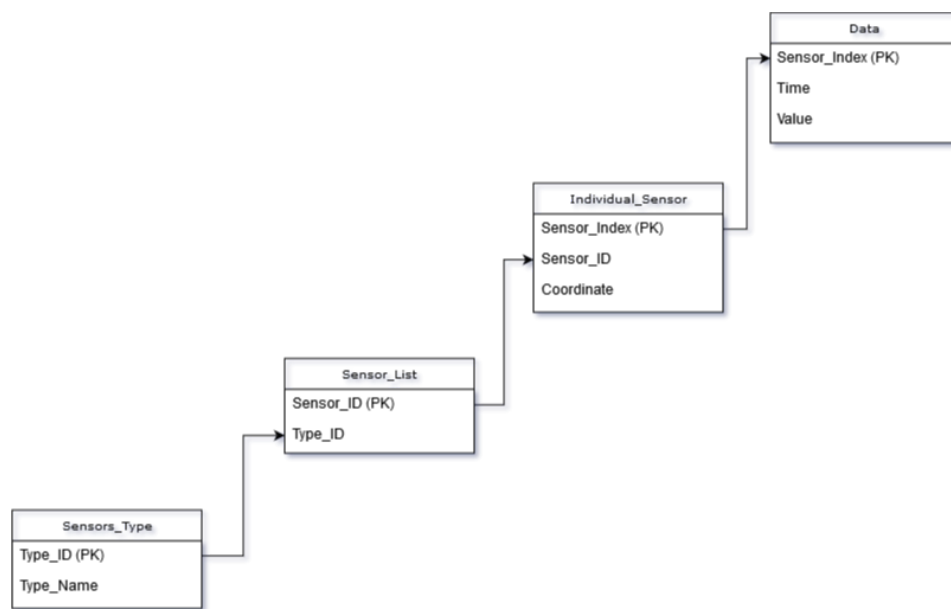


Figure 8: Database

IV. Server

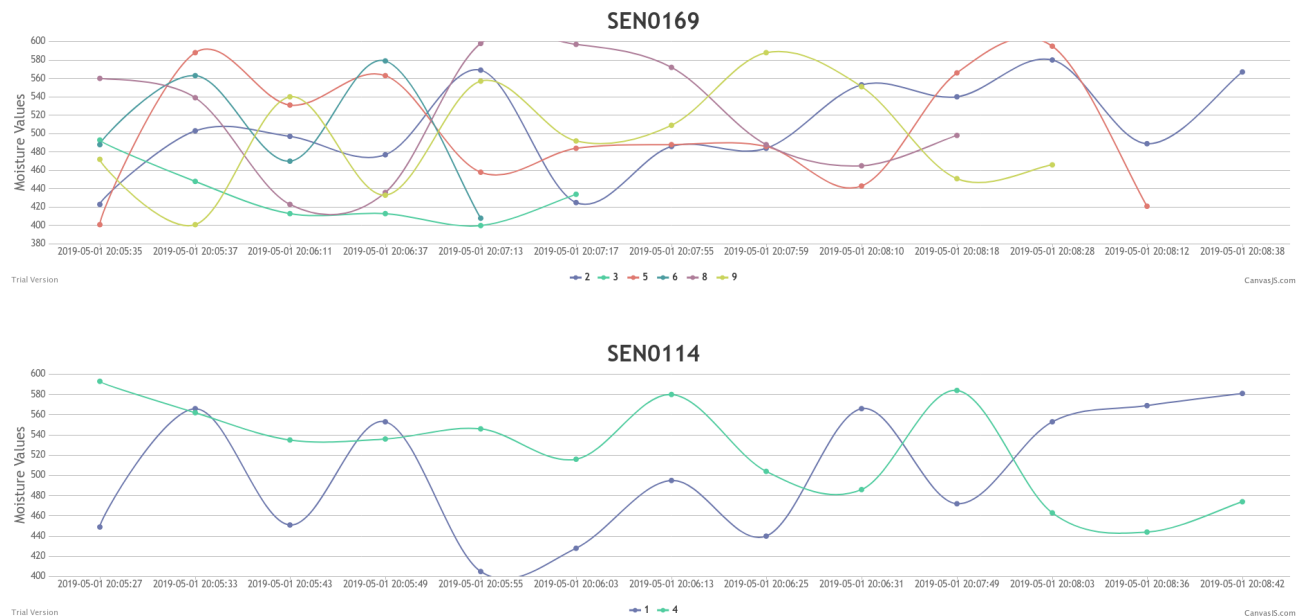


Figure 9: Data Visualization

V. Client

We have a small python script and It is controlled by a cron job. Basically It will read the directly output from the arduino and send back to the server by using HTTP GET request.