| Owners | Activity | Risk-Rewards |
|--------|----------|--------------|
| | | |

BITCOIN'S ECONOMY

Abstract: I made this dataset collecting information about bitcoin from 2014 to 2022 from coinmetrics.io. In 2017, bitcoin attracted great public attention during the bull-run, but the public's interest quickly faded out after. Many doubted it was the end for bitcoin. However, bitcoin is still thriving in 2022. Using this data, I would like to present how the current situation of bitcoin differs from 2017 in terms of bitcoin's owners, bitcoin's activity, and its pay-offs.

Variables

- USD denominated closing price: the closing price of bitcoin (USD)
- 30 day volatility: short-term volatility
- 180 day volatility: long-term volatility
- ROI, 1 year (%): The return on investment for the asset assuming a purchase 12 months prior.
- Total issuances (bitcoin): The sum of all new native units issued that interval.

Addr Cnt of Bal >= 1\$: The sum count of unique addresses holding at least 1 dollar worth of bitcoin

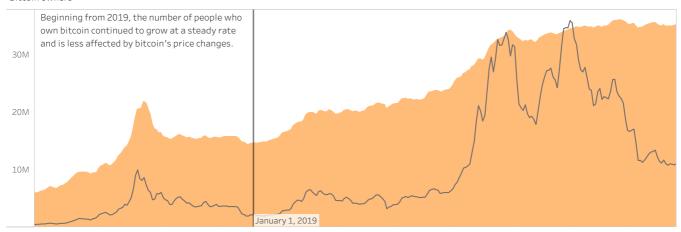
- Addr Cnt of Bal >= 1k: The sum count of unique addresses holding at least 1000 bitcoin
- Addr Cnt of Bal >= 10k: The sum count of unique addresses holding at least 10,000 bitcoin
- Mean Hash rate, 30 days: the speed at which computations are being completed across all miners in the network
- Market cap: Market capitalization of bitcoin in USD
- BTC / Active Addr Cnt: Number of addresses that either sent or received bitcoin
- 10 Year Active Supply (bitcoin): The sum of unique native units that transacted at least once in the trailing 10 years up to the end of that interval.

Findinas:

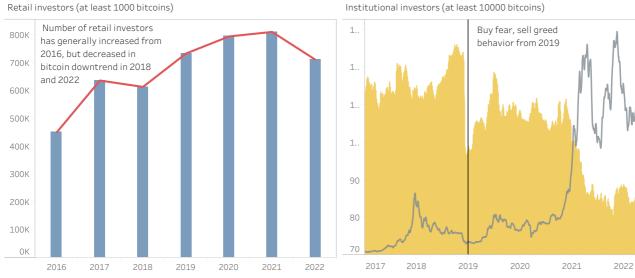
Since 2017, Bitcoin's economy has a steady increase of owners and activity. Compared to 2017, the bull-run and bear market of bitcoin in 2020-2022 is less volatile but less rewarding in the short-term.

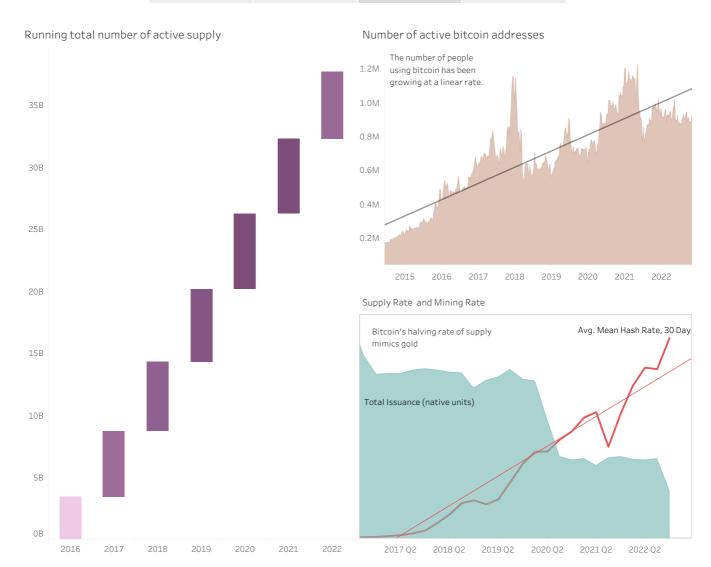
Owners Activity Risk-Rewards

Bitcoin owners



Retail investors (at least 1000 bitcoins)





Owners Activity Risk-Rewards

