

Listening Practice

Week one

听力链接：

[Analytical skills \(huyulin666.github.io\)](https://huyulin666.github.io)

OR

http://k6.kekenet.com/Sound/2020/06/1912dw01_1954785bJr.mp3

Key words: **analytical** 分析, 善于分析.adj

ultimately 最终, 根本上.adv

consensus 共识.n

engage 吸引, 雇佣, 理解, 从事.v

Summary: Analytical skills are our ability to deal with problems. And we can improve them by being an active participant in a full range of activity.

听力文本

Analytical skills are our ability to understand and solve problems using information we have available. These skills are extremely important for our professional, social, and intellectual lives. What are the best ways to improve them?

分析能力是我们通过现有的信息, 理解和解决问题的能力。这些技能对我们的职业、社交和有品质地生活极其重要。提高这些能力的最佳方法是什么?

One way is to expand your world view. Unfortunately, this takes time. **Ultimately**, it will help you better evaluate information and analyze different

ideas and outcomes. Traveling is a great way to expand your world view, although it can be expensive.

一种方法是扩大你的眼界。不幸的是, 这很花时间。最终, 它将帮助你更好地辨识信息和看待不同的想法和结果。旅行是一个对扩大世界观很好的方法, 即使它十分昂贵。

An entertaining way of enhancing your **analytical** skills is to **engage** them by playing brain games. These are games that challenge you to think deeply and to develop your **analytical** skills. These games will get you used to thinking in a certain way. As a result, they will help improve your ability to think.

增强分析能力的一个有趣的方法通过玩智力游戏, 尽力理解这种能力。这些游戏能够挑战你的深度思考能力并开发你的分析能力。这些游戏会让你习惯某些思考的方式。因此, 它们将有助于提高你的思维能力。

However, opinions vary on whether video games are effective. The general **consensus** is that the best ones avoid mindless violence, and instead focus on strategy and challenge us to solve problems and achieve broad goals.

然而, 对于电子游戏是否有效, 人们众说纷纭。普遍的共识是, 好的游戏要避免盲目的暴力, 而是把重点放在策略上, 提出挑战, 让我们解决问题, 实现各种目标。

Joining a debate or reading club or group is also a good idea. This provides people with the opportunity to come together and discuss ideas, literature and problems. Groups like these will help you refine your **analytical** skills and enable you to express yourself better. Any social group that encourages free exchange of ideas and **pursuit** of knowledge is beneficial. It helps you to actively develop your **analytical** skills.

参加一场辩论或加入阅读社团、小组也是一个好主意。这为人们提供了一个机会来聚在一起讨论思想、文学和问题。像这样的小组会帮助你去完善你的分析能力, 并使你能更好地表达自己。任何鼓励思想自由交流和追求知识的社会团体都是有益的。它会帮助你积极地发展你的分析能力。

Questions **16** to **18** are based on the passage you have just heard.

请根据刚才所听的文章回答 **16-18** 题。

Question 16. What kind of ability do **analytical** skills refer to in the passage?

问题 **16**: 根据这篇文章, 分析能力指的是什么样的能力?

Question 17. What does the passage say is an **entertaining** way of enhancing one's **analytical** skills?

问题 **17**: 根据这篇文章, 什么是增强分析能力的有趣方法?

Question 18. What else does the speaker advise people to do to improve their **analytical** skills?

问题 **18**: 作者还建议人们做些什么来提高他们的分析能力?

Massachusetts Institute of Technology 麻省理工学院

Key words:

Summary:

Occupying 153.8 acres alongside the Charles, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) originally established in 1865. MIT has since risen to international prominence (出名) as a major center for theoretical and practical research in the sciences.

在 Charle 河畔占据了 153.8 英亩的土地的麻省理工大学始建于 1865 年。现在 MIT 已经以科学理论与实验水平享誉世界。

MIT has drawn the attention of some of the major architects of the twentieth century. They used the university's progressiveness (先进) as a testing ground for some of their more experimental works. Two of these are located in the courtyard across Massachusetts Avenue from the Rogers Building. The Kresge Auditorium, designed by Finnish architect Eero Saarinen, resembles a large tent, though its real claim to fame is that it puzzlingly rests on three, rather than four, corners.

MIT 早在二十世纪就已经引起了一些专业建筑师的注意, 他们用大学的先进性去完成一些更具实验性的作品。其中两个位于 Rogers 大厦对面 Massachusetts 大道的庭院中。由芬兰建筑师 Eero Saarinen 设计的 Kresge 礼堂类似于一个大帐篷, 尽管它真正出名的地方是它莫名其妙地坐落在三个而不是四个角上。

In the same courtyard is the MIT Chapel, also the work of Saarinen. Shaped like a stocky cylinder and topped with abstract sculpture crafted from paper-thin metals, it's undoubtedly the city's least traditional religious space. The I. M. Pei-designed Weisner Building is home to the List Visual Art Center (Tues-Sun noon-6pm; free), which displays student works, often heavily influenced by science and involving a great deal of computer design, and more technologically impressive than visually appealing.

MIT 的礼拜堂也在同一个院子里, 也是 Saarinen 的作品。它的形状像一个结实的圆柱体, 顶部是由薄纸金属制成的抽象雕塑, 毫无疑问, 它是这个城市最不传统的宗教空间。贝聿铭设计的魏斯纳大楼是 List 视觉艺术中心的所在地 (周二周日中午至下午 6 点; 免费), 该中心展示学生作品, 通常深受科学影响, 涉及大量计算机设计, 在技术上比视觉上更吸引人

Of perhaps more interest, down Massachusetts Ave at no. 265, is the MIT Museum (Tues-Fri 10am-5pm, Sat-Sun noon-5pm; \$3, students and seniors \$1.) The museum has two main permanent displays, the Hologram Museum and the Hall of Hacks, the latter of which provides a retrospective on the various pranks ("hacks") pulled by techies. Among other things, the madcap funsters have placed a fake cow and a real MIT police car atop the Great Dome, and have wreaked havoc at the annual Harvard-Yale football game by landing a massive weather balloon in the middle of the gridiron. Both shows alone warrant a visit, though there are excellent rotating exhibits as well.

也许更有趣的是, 沿着马萨诸塞大道 265 号的麻省理工学院博物馆 (周二-周五上午 10 点至下午 5 点, 周六-周日中午 5 点; 3 美元, 学生和高年级学生 1 美元)。该博物馆有两个主要的永久性展示, 全息图博物馆和黑客大厅, 后者提供了对各种恶作剧 ("黑客") 的回顾由技术人员拉动。除此之外, 疯狂的基金会将一只假牛和一只真正的麻省理工警车放在大圆顶上, 在耶鲁大学每年一度的橄榄球比赛中, 在一个巨大的气象气球降落在格林德龙的中部, 造成了巨大的破坏。这两个展览都值得参观, 尽管也有优秀的轮换展品。