1.	 /15
2.	 /10
3	/10

4. \_\_\_\_\_/18

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_/8

6. \_\_\_\_\_/13

7. \_\_\_\_\_/15

9. \_\_\_\_\_/1

10. \_\_\_\_\_/1

Total \_\_\_\_\_/100

This quiz is open book and open notes, but do not use a computer.

Please write your name on the top of each page. Answer all questions in the boxes provided.

1) Are each of the following True or False (15 points)

1.1. In Python the **values** of a dict must be immutable.

1.2. There exist problems that **cannot** be solved in Python **without** using either iteration or recursion.

1.3. Floating point arithmetic behaves exactly like normal arithmetic on real numbers.

1.4. On all inputs, a bisection search will run faster than a linear search.

1.5. Let L be a list, each element of which is a list of ints. In Python, the assignment statement L[0][0] = 3 mutates the list L.

2) What does the following code print? (10 points)

```
T = (0.1, 0.1)
x = 0.0
for i in range(len(T)):
    for j in T:
        x += i + j
        print x
print i
```





3) What does the following code print? (10 points)

```
def f(s):
    if len(s) <= 1:
        return s
    return f(f(s[1:])) + s[0] #Note double recursion
print f('mat')
print f('math')</pre>
```





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Name

4) Implement the body of the function specified in the box. (18 points)

def findAll(wordList, lStr):

"""assumes: wordList is a list of words in lowercase.

1Str is a str of lowercase letters.

No letter occurs in 1Str more than once

returns: a list of all the words in wordList that contain

each of the letters in 1Str exactly once and no

letters not in lStr.""





5) The following code does not meet its specification. Correct it. (8 points)

```
def addVectors(v1, v2):
    """assumes v1 and v2 are lists of ints.
    Returns a list containing the pointwise sum of
    the elements in v1 and v2. For example,
    addVectors([4,5], [1,2,3]) returns [5,7,3],and
    addVectors([], []) returns []. Does not modify inputs."""
if len(v1) > len(v2):
    result = v1
    other = v2
else:
    result = v2
    other = v1
for i in range(len(other)):
    result[i] += other[i]
```



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Name

6) Consider the following code:

```
def f(s, d):
    for k in d.keys():
        d[k] = 0
    for c in s:
        if c in d:
            d[c] += 1
        else: d[c] = 0
    return d
def addUp(d):
    result = 0
    for k in d:
        result += d[k]
    return result
d1 = \{\}
d2 = d1
d1 = f('abbc', d1)
print addUp(d1)
d2 = f('bbcaa', d2)
print addUp(d2)
print f('', {})
print result
```

6.1) What does it print? (9 points)





6.2) Does it terminate normally? Why or why not? (4 points)



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Name

7) Consider the following code:

```
def logBase2(n):
    """assumes that n is a positive int
       returns a float that approximates the log base 2 of n"""
    import math
    return math.log(n, 2)
def f(n):
    """assumes n is an int"""
    if n < 1:
        return
    curDigit = int(logBase2(n))
    ans = 'n = '
    while curDigit >= 0:
        if n%(2**curDigit) < n:
            ans = ans + '1'
            n = n - 2**curDigit
        else:
            ans = ans + '0'
        curDigit -= 1
    return ans
for i in range(3):
    print f(i)
```

7.1) What does it print? (10 points)



7.2) Under the assumption that logBase2 is O(n), what is the order (use big Oh notation) of f? (5 points)

## 8) Next to each item in the left column write the letter labeling the item in the right column that best matches the item in the left column. No item in the right column should be used more than once. (9 points)

Big O notation

a) induction

Newton's method

b) upper bound

Recursion

c) lower bound

d) approximation

e) expected running time

f) exponential

- 9. Do you think that the lectures are too slow paced, too fast paced, about right? (1 point)
- 10. Do you think that the problem sets are too short, too long, about right? (1 point)

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