

# SSD\_project\_lost\_and\_found

### **Current Risk Summary report**

Sun Apr 20 2025 20:22:50 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)

Project description: No description

Filtered by: Critical risk High risk Medium risk Lowrisk Very Lowrisk Unmitigated threats No mitigation planned

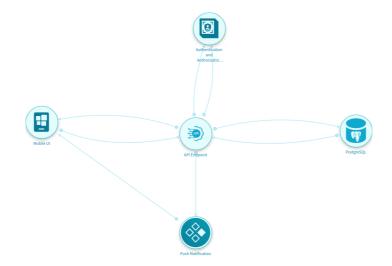
This report only includes threats that match the filters above.

Unique ID: ssd\_project\_lost\_and\_found-1744131289774

Owner: Hassaan Ali Bukhari, Muhammad Abdullah

Workflow state: Draft

Tags: No tags







### **Content menu**

Current risk summary

Components

Accepted Risks

### Current Risks

- API Endpoint
- Authentication and Authorization Module
- Mobile UI
- PostgreSQL
- Push Notification



### **Current Risk summary**

Inherent risk description: The Inherent Risk before countermeasures were applied

• Risk Rating: 63% ^ High

The Current Risk description (the risk we are at now): The Current Risk is based on the current implementation status of the countermeasures and test results

• Risk Rating: 63% High

Projected Risk description: The Projected Risk is the level of risk that would be reached should the required countermeasures be implemented.

• Risk Rating: 63% ^ High

### **Components**

### API Endpoint

Model questionnaire information

- Credit Card Data: How is it handled by this component? Sent from component
- Credit Card Data: How is it handled by this component? Received by component
- Customer Data: How is it handled by this component? Sent from component
- Customer Data: How is it handled by this component? Received by component
- Do you have proper authorization checks implemented? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you have rate limiting and robust load balancing in place for your API endpoint? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you implement logging and monitoring in your API endpoints? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you regularly conduct security audits and review configurations in your API endpoint environment? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you use Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) to manage permissions based on user roles (assigning access levels to users based on their roles)? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you use data encryption for both data at rest (stored data) and data in transit (data being sent or received)? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you use strict security headers (like Content Security Policy, X-Content-Type-Options, X-Frame-Options, and Strict-Transport-Security) for your API endpoints? Yes, it is implemented
- Does this component handle personally identifiable information from citizens of the European Union? No
- Does this component handle personally identifiable information from citizens of the European Union? Yes
- Does this component have to be CCPA-compliant? No
- Personally Identifiable Information: How is it handled by this component? Sent from component
- Personally Identifiable Information: How is it handled by this component? Received by component
- Protected Health Information: How is it handled by this component? Sent from component
- Protected Health Information: How is it handled by this component? Received by component

#### • Authentication and Authorization Module

Model questionnaire information:

- Credit Card Data: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- $\bullet$  Credit Card Data: How is it handled by this component? Sent from component
- Credit Card Data: How is it handled by this component? Received by component
- Customer Data: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- Customer Data: How is it handled by this component? Sent from component
- Customer Data: How is it handled by this component? Received by component
- Do you have a policy and workflow for comprehensive logging and monitoring (tracking user activities and system events to detect suspicious behavior) in place? Not sure
- Do you have a policy and workflow for comprehensive logging and monitoring (tracking user activities and system events to detect suspicious behavior) in place? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you have a secure access control mechanism (a way to ensure only authorized users can access certain parts of your application) in your workflow? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you have rate limiting (a technique to control the number of requests a user can make) and proper resource management (efficient use of server resources) active in your module? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you have secure configuration (ensuring settings are properly set to protect the application) and encryption standards (rules for converting data into a secure format) enforced in your project? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you thoroughly validate and sanitize user input (checking and cleaning data provided by users to prevent harmful code or data from causing issues)? Yes, it is implemented
- Does this component handle personally identifiable information from citizens of the European Union? No
- $\bullet \ \, \text{Does this component handle personally identifiable information from citizens of the European Union?} \ \, \text{Yes} \\$
- $\bullet$  Does this component have to be CCPA-compliant? No
- $\bullet \ {\bf Personally \ Identifiable \ Information: \ How \ is \ it \ handled \ by \ this \ component?} \ \ {\bf Processed}$
- $\bullet \ \textbf{Personally Identifiable Information: How is it handled by this component?} \quad \textbf{Sent from component} \\$
- Personally Identifiable Information: How is it handled by this component? Received by component
- Protected Health Information: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- Protected Health Information: How is it handled by this component? Sent from component
- Protected Health Information: How is it handled by this component? Received by component

#### Mobile UI

Model questionnaire information:

- Credit Card Data: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- Customer Data: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- Do you encrypt communications in your application? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you encrypt communications in your application? Not sure
- Do you properly utilize the app sandbox feature to contain the app and limit its access? Not sure
- Do you use Two-Factor Authentication (2FA) in your mobile application? Not sure
- Do you use a secure method to store data in your mobile application? Not sure
- Do you validate user input to protect against injection attacks? Not sure
- Does this component handle personally identifiable information from citizens of the European Union? No
- Does this component have to be CCPA-compliant? No
- Personally Identifiable Information: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- Protected Health Information: How is it handled by this component? Processed

### PostgreSQL

Model questionnaire information:

• Credit Card Data: How is it handled by this component? Stored



- Customer Data: How is it handled by this component? Stored
- Does this component handle personally identifiable information from citizens of the European Union? No
- Does this component have to be CCPA-compliant? No
- $\bullet \text{ Is PostgreSQL database file permissions setting enforced and updated regularly in your current system? } Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system? Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and updated regularly in your current system. Yes, it is implemented and your current system. Yes, it is implemented and your current system and your current system. Yes, it is implemented and your current system and your current system and your current$
- Is PostgreSQL database file permissions setting enforced and updated regularly in your current system? No, and this is not applicable
- Is PostgreSQL routinely updated to its latest secure version in the current system? No, but it is required
- $\bullet \ \text{Is rate limiting and resource throttling active and regularly updated in PostgreSQL? \ Yes, it is implemented \\$
- Is the PostgreSQL configuration hardened and network access restricted currently? Yes, it is implemented
- Is the TLS encryption enforced for all connections to PostgreSQL? Yes, it is implemented
- Is the robust authentication and role-based access control currently in effect for PostgreSQL? Not sure
- Is the secure backup procedure with encryption and access controls for PostgreSQL currently implemented? Yes, it is implemented
- $\bullet \text{ Is the use of parameterized queries and validation of inputs in place for PostgreSQL to prevent SQL injection attacks?} \ \text{Yes, it is implemented}$
- Personally Identifiable Information: How is it handled by this component? Stored
- Protected Health Information: How is it handled by this component? Stored

#### Push Notification

Model questionnaire information:

- Credit Card Data: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- Customer Data: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- \* Do you have rate limiting (a technique to control the number of requests a user can make to a server in a given timeframe) in place? Yes, it is implemented
- Do you use content validation and filtering (checks to ensure input data is safe and appropriate) in your application? Not sure
- Do you use strong authentication (verifying the identity of users) and authorization checks (controlling user access) for notifications and their triggering mechanisms? Not sure
- $\bullet \ \mathsf{Does} \ \mathsf{this} \ \mathsf{component} \ \mathsf{handle} \ \mathsf{personally} \ \mathsf{identifiable} \ \mathsf{information} \ \mathsf{from} \ \mathsf{citizens} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{European} \ \mathsf{Union?} \ \ \mathsf{No} \\$
- Does this component have to be CCPA-compliant? No
- Personally Identifiable Information: How is it handled by this component? Processed
- Protected Health Information: How is it handled by this component? Processed



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No data



### **Current Risks**

### Component: API Endpoint

of Use case: Information Disclosure CRT1. Threat name: Attackers abuse of Missing or Insecure Security Headers • Inherent risk: = Medium • Current risk: 

Medium • Projected risk: = Medium • State: Expose • CR1. Countermeasure name: Implement Strict Security Headers Status: RECOMMENDED CRT2. Threat name: Attackers exploit Misconfiguration • Inherent risk: ♠ Critical • Current risk: Critical • Projected risk: ♠ Critical • State: Expose CR2. Countermeasure name: Regular Security Audits and Configuration Reviews Status: RECOMMENDED CRT3. Threat name: Attackers take advantage of Sensitive Data Exposure • Inherent risk: ^ High • Current risk: 🔼 High • Projected risk: ^ High • State: Expose CR3. Countermeasure name: Data Encryption at Rest and in Transit Status: RECOMMENDED CRT4. Threat name: Attackers carry out denial of service by API Abuse/Flooding • Inherent risk: ^ High • Current risk: A High • Projected risk: ^ High • State: Expose CR4. Countermeasure name: Implement rate limiting and robust load balancing Status: RECOMMENDED ∘ **§ Use case:** Elevation of Privilege CRT5. Threat name: Attackers gain elevated privilege from Broken Function Level Authorization • Inherent risk: ^ High • Current risk: 🔼 High • Projected risk: ^ High • State: Expose • CR5. Countermeasure name: Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) • Status: RECOMMENDED ≪ Use case: Tampering CRT6. Threat name: Attackers perform Injection Attacks and Scripting • Inherent risk: ^ High • Current risk: 🔼 High • Projected risk: ^ High • State: Expose CR6. Countermeasure name: Implement Proper Authorization Checks Status: RECOMMENDED ≪ Use case: Repudiation CRT7. Threat name: Lack of evidences of actions due to insufficient Auditing and Logging • Inherent risk: = Medium • Current risk: 🗖 Medium • Projected risk: = Medium • State: Expose CR7. Countermeasure name: Implement Logging and Monitoring Status: RECOMMENDED

### Component: Authentication and Authorization Module

## IriusRisk< CRT8. Threat name: Attackers gain unauthorized access or elevated privileges, e.g., via stolen credentials, cookies, or tokens • Inherent risk: ^ High • Current risk: A High • Projected risk: ^ High • State: Expose CR8. Countermeasure name: Use secure access control mechanisms • Status: RECOMMENDED ≪ Use case: Tampering CRT9. Threat name: Attackers inject malicious content, e.g., SQL queries, to manipulate or access data • Inherent risk: ^ High • Current risk: 🔼 High • Projected risk: ^ High • State: Expose CR9. Countermeasure name: Input validation and sanitization • Status: RECOMMENDED « Use case: Information Disclosure CRT10. Threat name: Attackers intercept or eavesdrop on sensitive information during transmission • Inherent risk: ^ High • Current risk: A High • Projected risk: ^ High • State: Expose CR10. Countermeasure name: Enforce secure configuration and encryption • Status: RECOMMENDED ∘**§ Use case:** Denial of Service CRT11. Threat name: Attackers use enumeration to discover valid user identifiers, potentially creating a Denial of Service (DoS) condition • Inherent risk: ^ High • Current risk: A High • Projected risk: ^ High • State: Expose . CR11. Countermeasure name: Rate limiting and proper resource management Status: RECOMMENDED o **Use case:** Repudiation CRT12. Threat name: Lack of evidences of misuse due to insufficient logging • Inherent risk: = Medium • Current risk: 🗖 Medium • Projected risk: = Medium • State: Expose CR12. Countermeasure name: Create a policy and workflow for comprehensive logging and monitoring • Status: RECOMMENDED Component: Mobile UI

### ≪ Use case: Spoofing

CRT13. Threat name: Attackers attempt to access sensitive information

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: A High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR13. Countermeasure name: Use secure storage mechanisms
- Status: RECOMMENDED
- CR14. Countermeasure name: Implement encryption of communications
- Status: RECOMMENDED
- CR15. Countermeasure name: Implement Two-Factor Authentication to provide an extra layer of security
- Status: RECOMMENDED

### √⊗ Use case: Elevation of Privilege

CRT14. Threat name: Attackers exploit vulnerable dependencies to execute malicious activities

- Inherent risk: = Medium
- Current risk: 
  Medium
- Projected risk: = Medium



- State: Expose
- CR16. Countermeasure name: Use the app sandbox feature provided by the Operating System to contain the app and limit its access
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### CRT15. Threat name: Attackers gain unauthorized access to the App's functions or data

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: 🔼 High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR17. Countermeasure name: Validate all user inputs to protect against injection attacks
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### Component: PostgreSQL

#### √⊗ Use case: Denial of Service

CRT16. Threat name: Attackers cause denial of service through resource exhaustion

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: 🔼 High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR18. Countermeasure name: Implement rate limiting and resource throttling
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### « Use case: Information Disclosure

CRT17. Threat name: Attackers exfiltrate data due to insecure backup procedures

- Inherent risk: ♠ Critical
- Current risk: 🔼 Critical
- Projected risk: 
   Critical
- · State: Expose
- CR19. Countermeasure name: Implement secure backup procedures with encryption and access controls
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### CRT18. Threat name: Attackers exploit misconfigurations in postgresql settings

- Current risk: 🔼 Critical
- Projected risk: 
   Critical
- State: Expose
- CR20. Countermeasure name: Harden postgresql configuration and restrict network access
- Status: RECOMMENDED

### CRT19. Threat name: Attackers exploit sql injection vulnerabilities

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: 🔼 High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR21. Countermeasure name: Use parameterized queries and validate inputs
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### CRT20. Threat name: Attackers intercept data due to unencrypted communications

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: 🔼 High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR22. Countermeasure name: Enforce TLS encryption for all connections
- Status: RECOMMENDED

### ≪ Use case: Tampering

### CRT21. Threat name: Attackers exploit outdated postgresql vulnerabilities

- Current risk: 🔼 Critical
- Projected risk: ♠ Critical
- State: Expose
- CR23. Countermeasure name: Regularly update postgresql to the latest secure version
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### CRT22. Threat name: Attackers tamper with data due to insecure file permissions

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: 🔼 High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR24. Countermeasure name: Enforce secure file permissions on PostgreSQL database files
- Status: RECOMMENDED



#### ∘ **Use case:** Spoofing

CRT23. Threat name: Attackers gain unauthorized access due to weak authentication

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: A High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR25. Countermeasure name: Implement robust authentication and role-based access control
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### **Component: Push Notification**

#### ≪ Use case: Tampering

CRT24. Threat name: Attackers intercept, manipulate, or take control of notifications

- Inherent risk: ♠ Critical
   Current risk: ☒ Critical
- Projected risk: ♠ Critical
- State: Expose
- CR26. Countermeasure name: Implement strong authentication and authorization checks
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### ∘ **Use case:** Denial of Service

CRT25. Threat name: Attackers overload users by sending too many notifications

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: 🔼 High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR27. Countermeasure name: Implement rate limiting
- Status: RECOMMENDED

#### √§ Use case: Spoofing

CRT26. Threat name: Attackers send notifications to impersonate legitimate services

- Inherent risk: ^ High
- Current risk: 🔼 High
- Projected risk: ^ High
- State: Expose
- CR28. Countermeasure name: Implement content validation and filtering mechanisms
- Status: RECOMMENDED



End of Current Risk Report