LAB 02

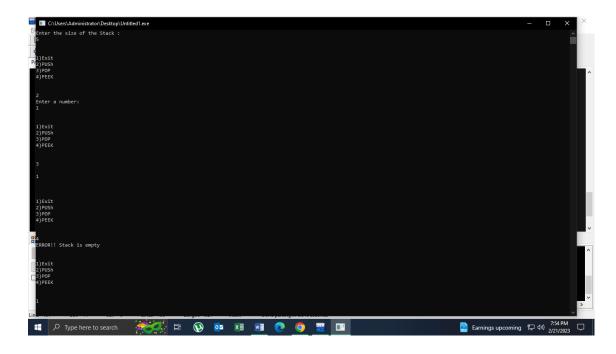
```
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```
1. Implement Stack.
    Source Code:
    #include<iostream>
    using namespace std;
    int Size_of_Stack;
    class Stack
   {
            private:
                    int top;
                    int array[];
                    public:
                            Stack(int temp_number)
                            {
                                    Size_of_Stack = temp_number;
                                    array[temp_number];
                                    top = -1;
                            }
                            void push(int a)
                                    if(!is_full())
                                    {
                                             array[++top] = a;
                                    else
                                    {
                                            cout<<"Error !!! Stack is full : "<<endl;</pre>
                                    }
                            }
                            void pop()
                            {
                                    if(!is_empty()){
```

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}
                                   else{
                                           cout << "ERROR!! Stack is empty " << endl;</pre>
                                   }
                          }
                          void peek()
                          {
                                   if(!is_empty()){
                                            cout << "\n" << array[top] << "\n" << endl;</pre>
                                   }
                                   else{
                                           cout << "ERROR!! Stack is empty " << endl;</pre>
                                   }
                          }
                          bool is_empty()
                          {
                                   if(top != -1){
                                            return false;
                                   }
                                   else{
                                            return true;
                                   }
                          }
                          bool is_full(){
                                   if(top < Size_of_Stack){</pre>
                                            return false;
                                   }
                                   else{
                                            return true;
                                   }
                          }
};
int main()
{
        int num;
        int option = 1;
```

cout << "\n" << array[top--] << "\n" << endl;

```
cout<<"Enter the size of the Stack : "<<endl;</pre>
        cin>>option;
        Stack arr(num);
        while(option != 0){
                cout << "\n\n1)Exit \n2)PUSh \n3)POP \n4)PEEK \n\n" << endl;
                cin >> option;
                if(option == 1){
                        break;
                }
                if(option == 2){
                        int number;
                        cout << "Enter a number: " << endl;</pre>
                        cin >> number;
                        arr.push(number);
                        }
                        if(option == 3){
                                 arr.pop();
                        }
                        if(option == 4){
                                 arr.peek();
                        }
        }
}
Picture:
```

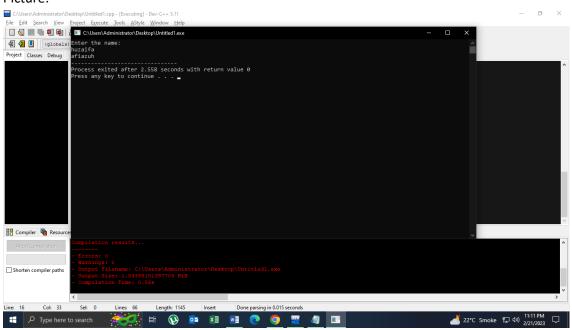


2. Print Reverse String using Stack.

```
Source Code:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
const int size_of_stack = 100;
class stack{
        private:
                int size;
                int top;
                char stack1[size_of_stack];
        public:
                stack(){
                        top=-1;
                }
                void push (char a){
                        if(top >= size_of_stack - 1){
                                cout << "Stack is full\n";
                        }
                        else{
                                top++;
                                stack1[top]=a;
                        }
                }
```

```
char peek() {
       if (top < 0) {
         cout << "Stack is empty\n";</pre>
         return 0;
       }
                         else {
         return stack1[top];
       }
    }
          void pop() {
       if (top < 0) {
         cout << "Stack is empty\n";</pre>
       }
                         else {
         top--;
       }
                 }
                         bool isFull1(){
       return top == size - 1;
        bool isEmpty1(){
       return top == -1;
        }
};
void ReverseString(string name){
        stack s;
        int n= name.length();
        for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
                 s.push(name[i]);
        for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
                 cout<<s.peek();
                 s.pop();
        }
}
int main(){
        string name;
        cout<<"Enter the name: "<<endl;
        cin>>name;
        ReverseString(name);
```

} Picture:



3. Implement 2 Stacks in Single Array. Source Code: #include <iostream> using namespace std; int length1, length2; class Stack{ private: int top1, top2, len; int arr[]; public: Stack(int I1, int I2){ arr[l1 + l2];len = l1+l2; top1 = -1;top2 = 11 - 1;} bool Full1(){ return (top1 < length1 - 1);

}

```
bool Full2(){
         return (top2 < len - 1);
}
void Peek1(){
        if(!Empty1()){
                 cout<<"Value at Index " << top1 <<": " <<arr[top1] <<endl;</pre>
        }
        else{
                 cout<<"\n Stack is Empty." <<endl;</pre>
        }
}
void Peek2(){
        if(!Empty2()){
                 cout<<"Value at Index " << top2 <<": " <<arr[top2] <<endl;</pre>
        }
        else{
                 cout<<"\n Stack is Empty." <<endl;</pre>
        }
}
void Push1(int a){
        if( Full1() ){
                 arr[++top1] = a;
                 \verb|cout|<<"\\ \verb| Nalue at Index"|<< top1<<": "<< arr[top1] << endl;
        }
        else{
                 cout<<"\n Stack is Full." <<endl;</pre>
        }
}
void Push2(int a){
        if( Full2() ){
```

```
arr[++top2] = a;
                 cout<<"\n Value at Index " << top2 <<": "<<arr[top2] <<endl;</pre>
        }
        else{
                 cout<<"\n Stack is Full." <<endl;</pre>
        }
}
bool Empty1(){
        return (top1 == -1);
}
bool Empty2(){
        return (top2 == length1 - 1);
}
void Pop1(){
        if(!Empty1()){
                cout<<"\n Value at index "<<top1--<<" : " << arr[top1]<<endl;
        }
        else{
                 cout<<"\n Stack is Empty." <<endl;</pre>
        }
}
void Pop2(){
        if( !Empty2() ){
                cout<<"\n Value at index "<<top2--<<": " << arr[top2]<<endl;</pre>
        }
        else{
                 cout<<"\n Stack is Empty." <<endl;</pre>
        }
}
```

```
};
int main(){
        cout<<"Enter size of Stack 1: ";</pre>
        cin>>length1;
        cout<<"Enter size of Stack 2: ";</pre>
        cin>>length2;
        Stack s1(length1, length2);
        int choice = 0, option = 0;
        while(choice != 3){
                 cout<<"\n 01. Stack 01 \n 02. Stack 02 \n 03. Exit \n ";
                 cin>>choice;
                 if(choice == 1){
                          cout << "\n 01. Push \n 02. Pop \n 03. Peek \n 04. Exit \n ";
                                  cin>>option;
                                  switch(option){
                                           case 1:{
                                                    int val;
                                                    cout<<"\n Enter value: ";</pre>
                                                    cin>>val;
                                                    s1.Push1(val);
                                                    break;
                                           }
                                           case 2:{
                                                    s1.Pop1();
                                                    break;
                                           }
                                           case 3:{
                                                    s1.Peek1();
```

```
}
                                         case 4:{
                                                 break;
                                         }
                                }
                        }
                                else{
                                cout<<"\n 01. Push \n 02. Pop \n 03. Peek \n 04. Exit \n ";
                                 cin>>option;
                                switch(option){
                                         case 1:{
                                                 int val2;
                                                 cout<<"Enter value : ";</pre>
                                                 cin>>val2;
                                                 s1.Push2(val2);
                                                 break;
                                         }
                                         case 2:{
                                                 s1.Pop2();
                                                 break;
                                         }
                                         case 3:{
                                                 s1.Peek2();
                                                 break;
                                         }
                                         case 4:{
                                                 break;
                                         }
                                }
                }
        }
}
```

break;

Picture:

