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testLUdecomposition2.c

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#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cmath>

#include <limits.h>

const float EPSILON = 1.0E-6;

void computeMatrixProduct(float **L, float **U, int n, float **B)
{
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            float sum = 0.0;
            for (unsigned int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
                sum += L[i][k] * U[k][j];
            }
            B[i][j] = sum;
        }
    }
}

float computeMaxError(const float *x, const float *y, int n)
{
    float e = 0.0;
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        float d = fabs(x[i] - y[i]);
        if (d > e) {
            e = d;
        }
    }
    return e;
}

void printVector(const char *info, const float *x, int n)
{
    std::cout << info << std::endl;
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        std::cout << x[i] << " ";
    }
    std::cout << std::endl;
}

void printMatrix(const char *info, float **A, int n)
{
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            if (fabs(A[i][j]) < EPSILON) {
                printf(" ");
            } else {
                printf("%.3f", A[i][j]);
            }
        }
        std::cout << std::endl;
    }
    std::cout << std::endl;
}
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```
int makeLUdecomposition(float **A, int n, float **L, float **U)
{
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            U[i][j] = A[i][j];
            L[i][j] = 0.0;
        }
        L[i][i] = 1.0;

        for (unsigned int k = 0; k < (n - 1); k++) {
            for (unsigned int i = k + 1; i < n; i++) {
                if (fabs(U[k][k]) < EPSILON) {
                    return (-1);
                }
                float lik = U[i][k] / U[k][k];
                for (unsigned int j = k; j < n; j++) {
                    U[i][j] = U[i][j] - lik * U[k][j];
                }
                L[i][k] = lik;
            }
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

int makeLUdecomposition2(float **A, int n, float **L, float **U) // by the Doolittle method
{
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            U[i][j] = 0.0;
            L[i][j] = 0.0;
        }
        L[i][i] = 1.0;

        for (unsigned int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
            // compute the kth row of the upper triangular matrix "U"
            for (unsigned int j = k; j < n; j++) {
                float sum = 0.0;
                for (unsigned int m = 0; m < k; m++) {
                    sum += L[k][m] * U[m][j];
                }
                U[k][j] = A[k][j] - sum;
            }

            // compute the kth column of the lower triangular matrix "L"
            for (unsigned int i = k + 1; i < n; i++) {
                float sum = 0.0;
                for (unsigned int m = 0; m < k; m++) {
                    sum += L[i][m] * U[m][k];
                }
                if (fabs(U[k][k]) < EPSILON) {
                    return (-1);
                }
                L[i][k] = (A[i][k] - sum) / U[k][k];
            }
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

int solveByGaussElimination(float **A, float *b,
                             int n, float *x)
{
    for (unsigned int k = 0; k < (n - 1); k++) {
        for (unsigned int i = k + 1; i < n; i++) {
            if (fabs(A[k][k]) < EPSILON) {

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        return (-1);
    }
    float lik = A[i][k] / A[k][k];
    for (unsigned int j = k; j < n; j++) {
        A[i][j] = A[i][j] - lik * A[k][j];
    }
    b[i] = b[i] - lik * b[k];
}

printMatrix("A:", A, n);

for (int k = (n - 1); k >= 0; k--) {
    float sum = 0.0;
    for (unsigned int j = k + 1; j < n; j++) {
        sum += A[k][j] * x[j];
    }
    x[k] = (b[k] - sum) / A[k][k];
}

return 0;
}

float randfloat(void)
{
    float v = (rand()%INT_MAX) / (INT_MAX - 1.0);
    return v;
}

float randfloat(float a, float b)
{
    float v = a + (b - a) * randfloat();
    return v;
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int n = 0;
    if (argc > 1) {
        int n0 = atoi(argv[1]);
        if (n0 > 1) {
            n = n0;
        }
    }
    if (n <= 1) {
        std::cout << "Please input the matrix/vector dimension: ";
        std::cin >> n;
        if (n <= 1) {
            std::cout << "invalid dimension found" << std::endl;
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }
    }

    float **A = new float*[n];
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        A[i] = new float[n];
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            A[i][j] = 0.0;
        }
    }

    //////////////////////////////////////

    srand(time(0));

    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            A[i][j] = randfloat(-1.0, 1.0);
        }
    }

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    }

    printMatrix("A:", A, n);

    /* float *z = new float[n];
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        z[i] = randfloat(-1.0, 1.0);
    }

    float *b = new float[n];
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        b[i] = 0.0;
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            b[i] += A[i][j] * z[j];
        }
    }

    float *x = new float[n];
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        x[i] = 0.0;
    }

    int status = solveByGaussElimination(A, b, n, x);
    if (status < 0) {
        std::cout << "Failed to solve the system" << std::endl;
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    printVector("x:", x, n);
    printVector("z:", z, n);

    float err = computeMaxError(x, z, n);
    std::cout << "max error = " << err << std::endl; */

    //////////////////////////////////////

    float **L = new float*[n];
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        L[i] = new float[n];
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            L[i][j] = 0.0;
        }
    }

    float **U = new float*[n];
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        U[i] = new float[n];
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            U[i][j] = 0.0;
        }
    }

    //int status = makeLUdecomposition(A, n, L, U); // by the Gauss elimination

    int status = makeLUdecomposition2(A, n, L, U); // by the Doolittle method
    if (status < 0) {
        std::cout << "Failed to make LU decomposition" << std::endl;
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    printMatrix("L:", L, n);
    printMatrix("U:", U, n);

    float **B = new float*[n];
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        B[i] = new float[n];
        for (unsigned int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            B[i][j] = 0.0;
        }
    }

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```
}  
  
computeMatrixProduct(L, U, n, B);  
printMatrix("B:", B, n);  
  
// free pointers  
  
for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    delete[] A[i];  
}  
delete[] A;  
  
for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    delete[] L[i];  
}  
delete[] L;  
  
for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    delete[] U[i];  
}  
delete[] U;  
  
for (unsigned int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    delete[] B[i];  
}  
delete[] B;  
  
/* delete[] b;  
delete[] x;  
delete[] z; */  
  
return EXIT_SUCCESS;  
}
```