

③  $\ell(\theta) = - \sum_{i=1}^m \log P(y^{(i)} | x^{(i)}; \theta)$

④  $P(y | x; \theta) = \prod_{i=1}^m P(y^{(i)} | x^{(i)}; \theta)$

$-\log P(y | x; \theta) = - \sum_{i=1}^m \log P(y^{(i)} | x^{(i)}; \theta)$

$\nabla_{\theta} \ell(\theta) = \nabla_{\theta} \left( - \sum_{i=1}^m \log b(y^{(i)}) + \overset{\theta^T x^{(i)}}{\uparrow} \eta y^{(i)} - a(\eta) \right)$

$= - \sum_{i=1}^m 0 + x^{(i)} y^{(i)} - a'(\theta^T x^{(i)}) x^{(i)}$

$= - \sum_{i=1}^m (y^{(i)} - a'(\theta^T x^{(i)})) x^{(i)}$

$\left( \nabla_{\theta}^2 \ell(\theta) \right)_k = H_k = \nabla_{\theta} \left( \nabla_{\theta} \ell(\theta) \right)_k$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left( - \sum_{i=1}^m (y^{(i)} - a(\theta^T x^{(i)})) x_k^{(i)} \right)$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m 0 - a''(\theta^T x^{(i)}) x^{(i)} x_k^{(i)}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m a''(\theta^T x^{(i)}) x^{(i)} x_k^{(i)}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\text{Var}(y^{(i)} | x^{(i)}; \theta)$$

$$\Rightarrow H = \sum_{i=1}^m \text{Var}(y^{(i)} | x^{(i)}; \theta) x^{(i)} x^{(i)T}$$

As variance is always positive ( $\Rightarrow > 0$ )  
 Hence  $H$  is positive semi-definite.