# Propagation of signals from indoor small cells and optimization of cell positions











Hayley Wragg Alan Tayler Day, 28th November 2016 Supervisors: Prof C. J. Budd OBE, Dr. R. Watson, Dr. K. Briggs, Dr. M. Fitch

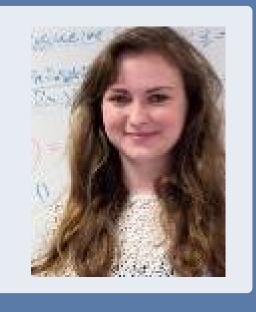
University of Bath

## Who are we?

### PhD Student

#### Hayley Wragg

Previously studied an MMath at the University of Sussex now based at the University of Bath.



#### Supervisors



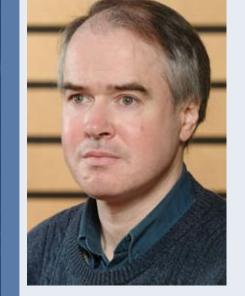
Primary Supervisor: C. Budd Professor of Applied Mathematics at the University of Bath and Professor of Mathematics at the Royal Institution of Great Britain.

#### Secondary Supervisor: R. Watson

Senior Lecturer in the Dept of Electronic and Electrical Engineering at the University of Bath.



### **Industrial Supervisors**



K. Briggs A research mathematician, for BT TSO at Adastral Park.

M. Fitch A research engineer for BT TSO at Adastral Park.



#### Where?

#### **Adastral Park**



Adastral Park is home to the research labs for BT.



### The Project

#### AIM

- Create an accurate model and reduce the time it takes to simulate indoor-to-indoor WiFi propagation in a domestic environment.
- Use the model to optimize the location several LTE-femtocells.

#### Proposed method

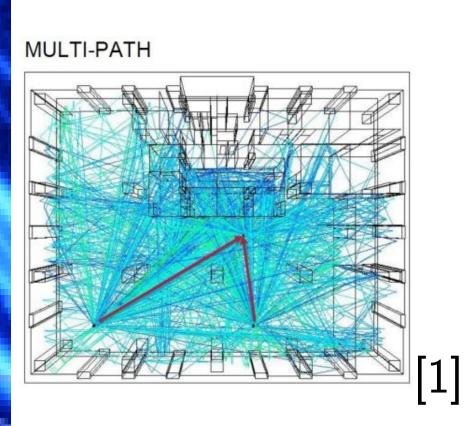
- Use intelligent algorithms and adaptive mesh techniques to decrease execution time.
- Compare simulation results to PDE models and to measured results from BT.
- Develop a stochastic model for the environment.
- Optimize the location of the transmitter using the developed model.

#### High volumes of data

More and more users are requiring high volumes of data. This causes a need for high frequency wave propagation.

The high frequency causes a problem with indoor-indoor propagation.

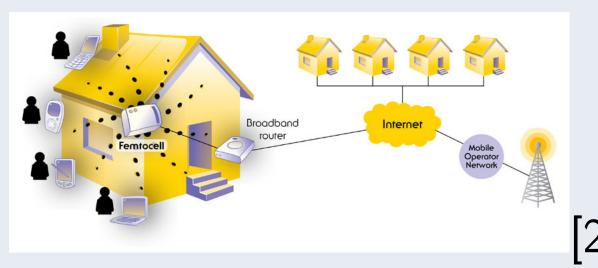
#### High frequency



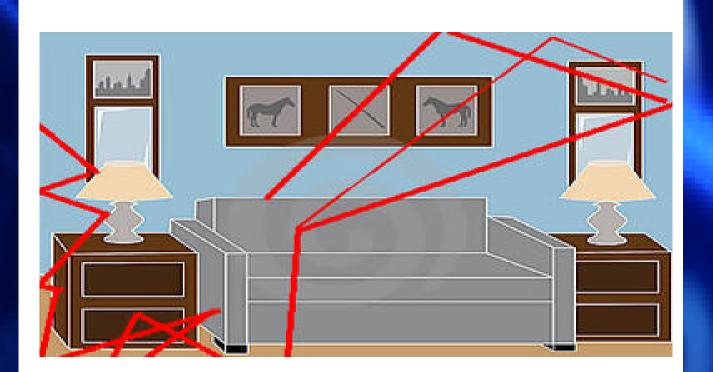
- Since the waves we are looking at are at a high frequency (typically of the order of 3GHz, but sometimes going higher) we can model them using ray-tracing.
- This is very computationally costly to run and requires lots of input information.

#### LTE-femtocell

LTE(Long Term Evolution) femtocells are low-powered base stations for the home designed to allow high speed data transfer [3, 8].



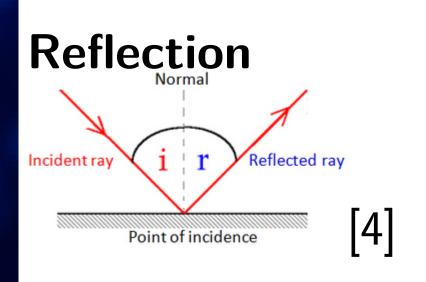
#### Domestic Environment



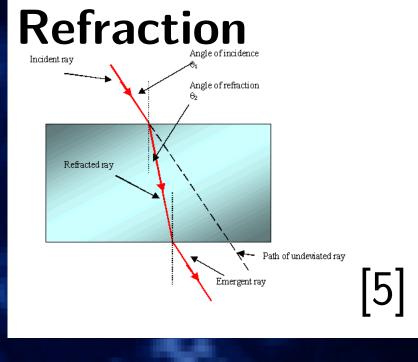
- A domestic environment is very cluttered, which reduces the number of Line of Sight Paths.
- Each collision results in the wave having a combination of reflections, diffractions, and refractions.

#### **Collisions**

When a wave collides with an object the collision causes a loss in signal power.

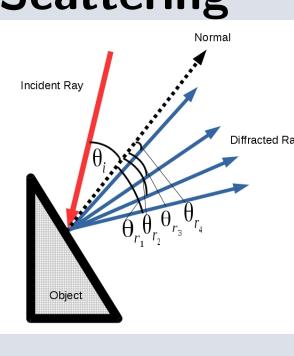


After colliding with an object at some angle of incidence ia ray is then reflected at an angle of reflection r.



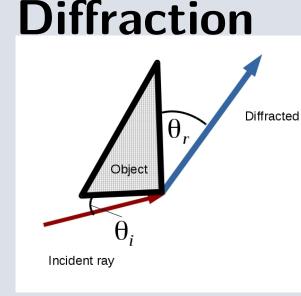
When a ray travels through an object it is refracted slightly towards the normal.

# **Scattering**



When colliding with a rough surface a ray can scatter. This can be unpredictable and can be computationally costly to simulate. [6]

#### Diffraction



Collision with the corner of an object this causes the ray to diffract which is also difficult to predict.

#### References

#### [1] A. Hall. TEMS iBuildNet: Ray-Tracing multi-path.

//www.tems.com/blog/item/74-tems-ibuildnet-ray-tracing,

Accessed: 2016-11-13. [2] Don Dingee.

Left2MyOwnDeviceswait, i thought femtocells were the solution http://l2myowndevices.com/index.php/2011/08/31/ wait-i-thought-femtocells-were-the-solution/, 2011. Accessed: 2016-11-14.

[3] Jim Zyren and Wes McCoy.

Overview of the 3gpp long term evolution physical layer. Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., white paper, 2007.

[4] Excel@Physics. Reflection.

http://www.excelatphysics.com/reflection-of-light.html, Accessed: 2016-11-14.

Waves Tutorial 6 âĂŞ Reflection, Refraction, and Optical Fibres refraction. http://www.antonine-education.co.uk/Pages/Physics\_2/ Waves/WAV\_06/Waves\_6.htm, 2012. Accessed: 2016-11-14.

[6] Simon Saunders.

Antennas and Propagation for Wireless Communication Systems. Manning Publications Co., Connecticut, USA, 2000.

[7] C. Wutz.

Drahtlose Kommunikation. http://www.iis.fraunhofer.de/de/ff/kom/tech/ drahtlose-kommunikation.html, 2016. Accessed: 2016-11-14.

[8] IXIA.

Lte-femtocells.

https://support.ixiacom.com/sites/default/files/ resources/quick-reference-sheet/femtocell-qrs.pdf, 2011. Accessed: 2016-11-14.

#### **Contact Information**

Email: hw454@bath.ac.uk