Abstract: In this assignment, I will learn basic Haskell by making some interesting programs in the language.

# <u>Task 1 Mindfully mimicking the demo:</u>

```
GHCi, version 9.2.7: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
ghci> :set prompt ">>>
>>> length [2,3,5,7]
>>> words "need more coffee"
["need","more","coffee"]
>>> unwords ["need","more","coffee"]
"need more coffee"
>>> reverse "need more coffee"
"eeffoc erom deen"
>>> reverse ["need","more","coffee"]
["coffee","more","need"]
>>> head ["need","more","coffee"]
"need"
>>> tail ["need","more","coffee"]
["more","coffee"]
>>> last ["need","more","coffee"]
 "coffee'
>>> init ["need","more","coffee"]
["need","more"]
>>> take 7 "need more coffee"
 'need mo"
>>> drop 7 "need more coffee"
 're coffee"
>>> ( \x -> length x > 5 ) "Friday"
>>> ( \x -> length x > 5 ) "uhoh"
False
>>> (\x -> x /= '' ) 'Q'
<interactive>:15:13: error: lexical error at character '\8217'
>>> ( \x -> x /= '' ) 'Q'
<interactive>:16:14: error: lexical error at character '\8217'
>>> ( \x -> x /= '' ) '0'
<interactive>:17:14: error: lexical error at character '\8217'
>>> ( \x -> x /= '' ) 'Q'
<interactive>:18:14: error:
    Parser error on `''`
    Character literals may not be empty
>>> ( \x -> x /= ' ' ) 'Q
True
>>> ( \x -> x /= ' ' ) ' '
False
>>> filter( \x -> x /= ' ' ) "Is the Haskell fun yet?"
 'IstheHaskellfunyet?"
>>>
```

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# Task 2 Numeric Function Definitions:

```
ha.hs - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
______
---ha.hs contains some simple numeric function
---definitions
------
squareArea sideLength = sideLength * sideLength
______
-- Thing 2
circleArea r = pi * (r * r)
______
-- Thing 3
blueAreaOfCube sideLength = 6 * ( blue - white )
     where blue = sideLength * sideLength
         white = circleArea ( sideLength / 4 )
-- Thing 4
paintedCube1 order = if ( order == 1 ) then 0
else if ( order == 2 ) then 0
else 6 * ( order - 2 ) ^ 2
______
-- Thing 5
paintedCube2 order = if ( order == 1 ) then 0
else if ( order == 2 ) then 0
else 12 * ( order - 2 )
```

Harley Wakeman Haskell Assignment 04/27/2023

```
GHCi, version 9.2.7: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
ghci> :cd C:\Haskell
ghci> :load ha
[1 of 1] Compiling Main ( ha.hs, interpreted )
Ok, one module loaded.
ghci> :set prompt ">>> "
>>> squareArea 10
100
>>> squareArea 12
144
>>> circleArea 10
314.1592653589793
>>> circleArea 12
452.3893421169302
>>> blueAreaOfCube 10
482.19027549038276
>>> blueAreaOfCube 12
694.3539967061512
>>> blueAreaOfCube 1
4.821902754903828
>>> map blueAreaOfCube [1..3]
[4.821902754903828,19.287611019615312,43.39712479413445]
>>> paintedCube1 1
>>> paintedCube1 2
>>> paintedCube1 3
>>> map paintedCube1 [1..10]
[0,0,6,24,54,96,150,216,294,384]
>>> paintedCube2 1
>>> paintedCube2 2
>>> paintedCube2 3
>>> map paintedCube2 [1..10]
[0,0,12,24,36,48,60,72,84,96]
>>>
```

## Task 3 Puzzlers:

```
GHCi, version 9.2.7: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
ghci> :cd C:\Haskell
ghci> :load ha
[1 of 1] Compiling Main (ha.hs, interpreted)
Ok, one module loaded.
ghci> :set prompt ">>> "
>>> reverseWords "appa and baby yoda are the best"
"best the are yoda baby and appa"
>>> reverseWords "want me some coffee"
"coffee some me want"
>>> reverseWords "Haskell is the best programming language"
"language programming best the is Haskell"
>>> reverseWords "This sentence is going to be processed"
"processed be to going is sentence This
>>> averageWordLength "appa and baby yoda are the best"
3.5714285714285716
>>> averageWordLength "want me some coffee"
4.0
>>> averageWordLength "Haskell is the best programming language"
5.833333333333333
>>> averageWordLength "This sentence is going to be processed"
4.571428571428571
>>>
```

## Task 4 Recursive List Processors:

```
-- Thing 8
list2set [] = []
list2set (x:xs) = x : list2set (filter ( /= x ) xs )
-- Thing 9
isPalindrome [] = True
isPalindrome [_] = True
isPalindrome (x:xs)
 | x == last xs = isPalindrome (init xs)
 otherwise = False
-- Thing 10
collatz 1 = [1]
collatz integer
  | even integer = integer : collatz ( integer `div` 2 )
  otherwise = integer : collatz ( 3 * integer + 1 )
```

```
GHCi, version 9.2.7: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
ghci> :set prompt ">>> "
|>>> :cd C:\Haskell
>>> :load ha
[1 of 1] Compiling Main (ha.hs, interpreted)
Ok, one module loaded.
>>> list2set [1,2,3,2,3,4,3,4,5]
[1,2,3,4,5]
>>> list2set "need more coffee"
'ned morcf"
>>> isPalindrome ["coffee","latte","coffee"]
>>> isPalindrome ["coffee","latte","espresso","coffee"]
>>> isPalindrome [1,2,5,7,11,13,11,7,5,3,2]
>>> isPalindrome [2,3,5,7,11,13,11,7,5,3,2]
True
>>> collatz 10
[10,5,16,8,4,2,1]
>>> collatz 11
[11,34,17,52,26,13,40,20,10,5,16,8,4,2,1]
>>> collatz 100
[100,50,25,76,38,19,58,29,88,44,22,11,34,17,52,26,13,40,20,10,5,16,8,4,2,1]
```

# Task 5 List Comprehensions:

```
-- Thing 11

count object list = timesPresent
    where timesPresent = length [ x | x <- list, x == object ]

-- Thing 12

freqTable list = table
    where set = list2set list
        table = [ (x, count x list) | x <- set ]
```

```
GHCi, version 9.2.7: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
ghci> :set prompt ">>> "
>>> :cd C:\Haskell
>>> :load ha
[1 of 1] Compiling Main (ha.hs, interpreted)
Ok, one module loaded.
>>> count 'e' "need more coffee"
>>> count 4 [1,2,3,2,3,4,3,4,5,4,5,6]
>>> count 'l' "Haskell is the best programming language"
>>> count 7 [1,3,4,2,7,8,2,7,0,7,2,3,4,5,1,7,8]
>>> fregTable "need more coffee"
[('n',1),('e',5),('d',1),(' ',2),('m',1),('o',2),('r',1),('c',1),('f',2)]
>>> freqTable [1,2,3,2,3,4,3,4,5,4,5,6]
[(1,1),(2,2),(3,3),(4,3),(5,2),(6,1)]
>>> freqTable "Haskell is the best programming language"
[('H',1),('a',4),('s',3),('k',1),('e',4),('l',3),('',5),('i',2),('t',2),('h',1),('p',1),('r',2),('o',1),('g',4),('m',2),('n',2),('u',1)]
>>> freqTable [1,3,4,2,7,8,2,7,0,7,2,3,4,5,1,7,8]
[(1,2),(3,2),(4,2),(2,3),(7,4),(8,2),(0,1),(5,1)]
```

# Task 6 Higher Order Functions:

```
-- Thing 13

tgl integer = foldl (+) 0 [1..integer]
-- Thing 14

triangleSequence integer = map tgl [1..integer]
-- Thing 15

vowelCount string = length ( filter (\x -> x == 'a' || x == 'e' || x == 'i' || x == 'o' || x == 'u' ) string )
-- Thing 16

lcsim func pred list = map func ( filter ( \x -> pred x ) list )
```

```
[1 of 1] Compiling Main
                                      ( ha.hs, interpreted )
Ok, one module loaded.
>>> tgl 5
15
>>> tgl 10
55
>>> tgl 15
120
>>> tgl 27
378
>>> triangleSequence 10
[1,3,6,10,15,21,28,36,45,55]
>>> triangleSequence 20
[1,3,6,10,15,21,28,36,45,55,66,78,91,105,120,136,153,171,190,210]
>>> triangleSequence 16
[1,3,6,10,15,21,28,36,45,55,66,78,91,105,120,136]
>>> triangleSequence 24
[1,3,6,10,15,21,28,36,45,55,66,78,91,105,120,136,153,171,190,210,231,253,276,300]
>>> vowelCount "cat
>>> vowelCount "mouse"
>>> vowelCount "haskell is the best programming language"
>>> vowelCount "need more coffee"
>>> lcsim tgl odd [1..15]
[1,6,15,28,45,66,91,120]
>>> animals = ["elephant","lion","tiger","orangatan","jaguar"]
>>> lcsim length (\w -> elem ( head w ) "aeiou") animals
[8,9]
>>> lcsim tgl even [1..20]
[3,10,21,36,55,78,105,136,171,210]
>>> lcsim tgl odd [1..40]
[1,6,15,28,45,66,91,120,153,190,231,276,325,378,435,496,561,630,703,780]
```

# Task 7 An interesting statistic: nPVI:

Task 7a Test data:

Note: The test data for c was not present in the specification document. Because of this, I made c just an empty array.

```
Haskell
GHCi, version 9.2.7: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
ghci> :set prompt ">>> "
>>> :cd C:\Haskell
>>> :load npvi
                         ( npvi.hs, interpreted )
[1 of 1] Compiling Main
Ok, one module loaded.
>>> a
[2,5,1,3]
>>> c
[]
>>> b
[1,3,6,2,5]
>>> u
[2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2]
[1,9,2,8,3,7,2,8,1,9]
```

Task 7b The pairwiseValues function:

```
-- Thing 1

pairwiseValues::[Int] -> [(Int,Int)]

pairwiseValues list = zip list ( tail list )
```

```
>>> pairwiseValues a
[(2,5),(5,1),(1,3)]
>>> pairwiseValues b
[(1,3),(3,6),(6,2),(2,5)]
>>> pairwiseValues c
[]
>>> pairwiseValues u
[(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2)]
>>> pairwiseValues x
[(1,9),(9,2),(2,8),(8,3),(3,7),(7,2),(2,8),(8,1),(1,9)]
>>>
```

## Task 7c The pairwiseDifferences function:

```
-- Thing 2

pairwiseDifferences:: [Int] -> [Int]

pairwiseDifferences list = map ( \(x,y) -> x - y \) ( pairwiseValues list )
```

```
>>> pairwiseDifferences a
[-3,4,-2]
>>> pairwiseDifferences b
[-2,-3,4,-3]
>>> pairwiseDifferences c
[]
>>> pairwiseDifferences u
[0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0]
>>> pairwiseDifferences x
[-8,7,-6,5,-4,5,-6,7,-8]
>>>
```

## Task 7d The pairwiseSums function:

```
-- Thing 3

pairwiseSums:: [Int] -> [Int]

pairwiseSums list = map ( \(x,y) -> x + y ) ( pairwiseValues list )
```

```
>>> pairwiseSums a
[7,6,4]
>>> pairwiseSums b
[4,9,8,7]
>>> pairwiseSums c
[]
>>> pairwiseSums u
[4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4]
>>> pairwiseSums x
[10,11,10,11,10,9,10,9,10]
>>>
```

## Task 7e The pairwiseHalves function:

```
-- Thing 4

half :: Int-> Double
half number = ( fromIntegral number ) / 2

pairwiseHalves::[Int] -> [Double]
pairwiseHalves list = map ( \(x) -> half x ) list

>>> pairwiseHalves [1..10]
[0.5,1.0,1.5,2.0,2.5,3.0,3.5,4.0,4.5,5.0]
>>> pairwiseHalves u
[1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0]
>>> pairwiseHalves x
[0.5,4.5,1.0,4.0,1.5,3.5,1.0,4.0,0.5,4.5]
>>>
```

## Task 7f The pairwiseHalfSums function:

```
-- Thing 5

pairwiseHalfSums::[Int] -> [Double]

pairwiseHalfSums list = pairwiseHalves ( pairwiseSums list )
```

```
>>> :r
0k, one module loaded.
>>> pairwiseHalfSums a
[3.5,3.0,2.0]
>>> pairwiseHalfSums b
[2.0,4.5,4.0,3.5]
>>> pairwiseHalfSums c
[]
>>> pairwiseHalfSums u
[2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0]
>>> pairwiseHalfSums x
[5.0,5.5,5.0,5.5,5.0,4.5,5.0,4.5,5.0]
>>>
```

## Task 7g The pairwiseTermPairs function:

```
>>> pairwiseTermPairs a
[(-3,3.5),(4,3.0),(-2,2.0)]
>>> pairwiseTermPairs b
[(-2,2.0),(-3,4.5),(4,4.0),(-3,3.5)]
>>> pairwiseTermPairs c
[]
>>> pairwiseTermPairs u
[(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0)]
>>> pairwiseTermPairs x
[(-8,5.0),(7,5.5),(-6,5.0),(5,5.5),(-4,5.0),(5,4.5),(-6,5.0),(7,4.5),(-8,5.0)]
>>>
```

## Task 7h The pairwiseTerms function:

```
-- Thing 7

term :: (Int,Double) -> Double

term ndPair = abs ( fromIntegral ( fst ndPair ) / ( snd ndPair ) )

pairwiseTerms :: [Int] -> [Double]

pairwiseTerms list = map term ( pairwiseTermPairs list )
```

### Task 7i The nPVI function:

```
-- Thing 8

nPVI :: [Int|] -> Double

nPVI xs = normalizer xs * sum ( pairwiseTerms xs )

where normalizer xs = 100 / fromIntegral ( ( length xs ) - 1 )

>>> nPVI a

106.34920634920636

>>> nPVI b

88.09523809523809

>>> nPVI c

-0.0

>>> nPVI u

0.0

>>> nPVI x

124.98316498316497

>>>
```

# Task 8 Historic code: The dit dah code:

### Subtask 8a:

```
GHCi, version 9.2.7: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
ghci> :cd C:\Haskell
ghci> :l ditdah
[1 of 1] Compiling Main ( ditdah.hs, interpreted )
Ok, one module loaded.
ghci> dit
ghci> dah
"---"
ghci> dit +++ dah
ghci> m
('m',"--- ---")
ghci> g
('g',"--- --- -")
ghci> h
('h',"- - - -")
ghci> symbols
[('a',"- ---"),('b',"--- - - -"),('c',"--- - --- -"),('d',"--- - -"),('e',"-"),('f',"- - --- -"),('g',"--- -- -"),('h',"- - - -"),('i',"- -"),('j',"- --- ---"),('k'
,"--- - ---"),('l',"- --- - -"),('m',"--- ---"),('n',"--- -"),('o',"--- --- ---"),('p',"- --- --- -"),('q',"--- --- ---"),('r',"- --- -"),('s',"- - -"),('t',"---"),('u
  ,"- - ---"),('v',"- - - ---"),('w',"- --- ---"),('x',"--- - ---"),('y',"--- - ---"),('z',"--- --- -")]
```

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### Subtask 8b:

```
>>> find 'p'
"- --- -- -"
>>> assoc 'h' symbols
('h',"- - - -")
>>> assoc 'l' symbols
('l',"- --- - -")
>>> find 'p'
"- --- -"
>>> find 'r'
"- --- -"
```

### Subtask 8c:

```
>>> addletter "n" "u"
"n u"
>>> addword "hello" "there"
"hello there"
"hello th"
>>> droplast7 "hello there"
"hell"
>>>
```

### Subtask 8d: