

1 Navigation

1.1 File System

1.2 ls

- looks at the directory you are in
- lists all the files and directories inside of it

1.3 pwd

- stands for “print working directory.”
- prints the path of directory you are currently in
- Together `ls`, the `pwd` are useful to show where you are in the filesystem.

1.4 cd

- stands for “change directory.”
- switches you into the directory you specify.

Example

```
cd 2015
```

– 2015 is called argument

- `..` is used to move up directory

Example

```
cd ..
```

1.5 mkdir

- stands for “make directory”
- takes in a directory name as an argument and then creates a new directory in the current working directory.

1.6 touch

- creates a new file inside the working directory.
- takes in a filename as an argument and then creates an empty file with that name in the current working directory.