- 1. Total wait time: 23
  - Total runnint time: 20
  - Average wait time: 4.6
  - Average time to completion: 8.6

CSC 369: Exercise 11

Scheduling

Consider the following list of processes:

If time starts at 0, then A arrives at time 0 and gets 3 time units of service. At this point it is complete and leaves. B arrives at time 2, waits 1 time unit, and then runs for 6 time units. We assume that once a process has the CPU it runs to completion.

Time

Process	1	Service					
	Time	Time					
Α	0	3					
В	2	6					
С	4	4					
D	6	5					
E	8	2					

Q1. Fill in the chart below for the remaining 3 processes using a First-Come-First-Served algorithm. (The bars in the last 3 rows indicate the arrival time of the process.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Α																			
		w			В															
						W				(										
									W						D					
													W					Е		

Total Waiting time: 23 time units

Total Running time: 20 time units

Average Wait time: 4.6 time units

2. Now create a schedule that **minimizes wait time**. You may not change the arrival time,

CSC 369 Exercise 12

and once a process begins running, it runs to completion. How do you choose the next process to run?

## Answer:

Shortest job First

From the tasks that are on schedule, choose one with the shortest job once a task finishes.

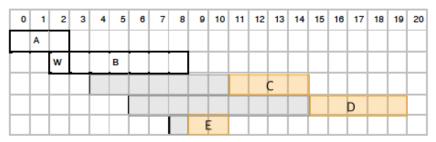
- 3. What is the minimum average waiting time?:
  - What is the average turnaround time?:

## Answer:

CSC 369 Exercise 12

CSC 369: Exercise 11 Scheduling

Q2+3. Now create a schedule that minimizes wait time. You may not change the arrival time, and once a process begins running, it runs to completion. How do you choose the next process to run?



Total Waiting time: \_\_\_\_18 \_\_\_\_ time units

Average Wait time: \_\_\_\_3.6 \_\_ time units

Average turnaround time: \_\_\_\_\_

Turnaround time = sum(completion time - arrival time )/ num processes

• What is the minimum average waiting time?:

• What is the average turnaround time?: