Project Milestone 2

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Topic

This project is named Space Titanic. The goal is to predict which passengers of the spaceship have been transported to another dimension.

Business Problem

Kaggle unveils fascinating data science competition projects. For this instance, Kaggle developed a dataset for a futuristic scenario of an interstellar passenger liner, the *Spaceship Titanic*, collided with a hidden spacetime anomaly. This collision sent some of the passengers onboard into an alternate dimension.

Rescue crews must save the lost passengers. Therefore, I must predict which passengers were transported using a recovered dataset from the spaceship's damaged computer system. Being able to accurately predict which passengers are transported will additionally give insight for future voyages into space. From these insights measures may be taken to reduce the likelihood of a passenger being transported to another dimension.

Data Exploration

Datasets

Kaggle already separated this data into a training and test datasets featuring the following variables:

- Passenger ID Unique Identifier
- Home Planet
- Cryo Sleep
- Cabin
- Destination
- Age
- VIP

- Room Service
- Food Court
- Shopping Mall
- Spa
- VR Deck
- Name
- Transported

Overall, the training dataset contains information for 8,693 passengers. Of these 4,378 ended up being transported to an alternate dimension.

Data Preparation

To begin preparing and exploring the data, I first checked for null values. Several features contained nulls. The features RoomService, FoodCourt, ShoppingMall, Spa, and VRDeck all had their nulls replaced with zeros as these features represented amounts spent on various amenities aboard the ship. Nulls in the VIP & CryoSleep features were replaced with False. Lastly the nulls in the Age feature were replaced by the mean age of the dataset. Nulls in categorical features were left in the dataset.

Three additional features were created from the dataset. Deck and Side (port or starboard) were extracted from the Cabin feature to provide richer information on where the passenger was staying to the model. The number of passengers in each specific group was added to the features. This feature was extracted from the PassengerId field.

Lastly, True and False values within the data were replaced by the binary values 0 and 1. The dataset was split into training and test sets with 80% of the data reserved for training the model.

Methods

The target variable for this project is "Transported," as the model will predict whether a passenger was transported to the alternate dimension. No class balancing was needed as the data

contained equal members in both transported and not transported. Overall, three models were constructed. These models included logistic regression, random forest, and XGBoost.

Analysis

Since the data classes are balanced, the main method of analyzing the models is the accuracy of the predictions on the test dataset which are as follows.

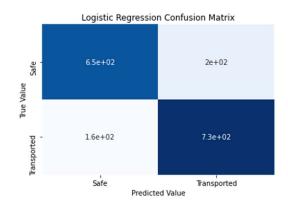
1. Logistic Regression: 79.3%

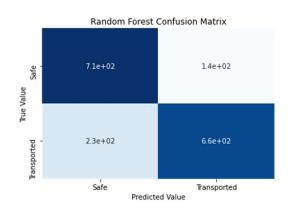
2. Random Forest: 78.5%

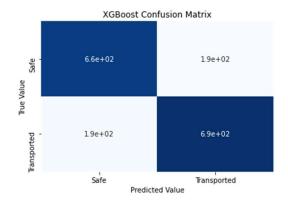
3. XGBoost: 78.0%

The logistic regression model performed the best on the test dataset with an accuracy of 79.3%.

Confusion matrix' were then built for each model to further evaluate the results.







After further evaluation of the results, the logistic regression model is still the winner as it correctly identified the most transported passengers.

Conclusion

Based on the model evaluations, the logistic regression model will be selected to model future passenger's risk of being transported. Further research into establishing an ensemble model may bear additional fruit based on the results seen in the various confusion matrices.

Assumptions & Limitations

The greatest assumptions were made around the null values existing in the dataset. Additional methodologies for handling the variety of null values contained within the features of the data may warrant further investigation.

Challenges

The data set contained null values likely due to the damage sustained to the computer.

Identifying the correct way to handle the nulls was challenging. Due to the fact that this dataset is fictitious, identifying the proper way to evaluate the data proved difficult.

Recommendations & Additional Applications

Building an ensemble model from the three models built in this exercise may further enhance the overall accuracy.

Although this was a fictional dataset, the methodology may have applications in real-life accident classification problems.

Implementation Plan

Each of the three models will have their predictions on the test dataset built and entered into the Kaggle competition. Upon completion of the competition, the results will be followed up on for additional learning opportunities.

Ethical Considerations

Since this is a fictional dataset, the real-life ethical impacts are minimal. However, if this was a real-life scenario care would need to be taken to ensure that no classes of people are treated in a biased fashion. Passenger transportation has the potential to create a life-or-death situation. Accurately predicting a specific subset of the population's transportation status at the expense of another subset would be unacceptable. In other words, the VIP passengers should not be given any preferential treatment relative to the construction of the model than other class.

10 Questions from the Audience

- 1. Is the model's accuracy score high enough to be reliable?
- 2. When will the model be implemented?
- 3. What additional steps can be taken to boost the model's accuracy?
- 4. How will we know if the model is working as intended?
- 5. What additional information may be useful to the model in the future that we should begin tracking now?
- 6. Which feature(s) provided the greatest predictability into the model?
- 7. Does any bias have the potential to exist in the model?
- 8. How do these models rank among the other models created for this Kaggle competition?
- 9. Are there any follow up steps after the competition concludes?
- 10. Would investigating any other model types be beneficial?

References

Kaggle (2022). *Spaceship Titanic*. Www.kaggle.com. https://www.kaggle.com/competitions/spaceship-titanic/overview