"Fall" Detection for Smart Homes

Wangyang He

UIN: 625004872

Nickname: heswaggy

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Abstract

The topic I choose for the "Smart Home" project is the "fall" action detection. I built my own model with VGG16 and some other layers for this detection project. I increased my model's accuracy by changing parameters such as epochs, steps per epoch, optimizer learning rate, train and test data split rate, batch size and many more. I improved the training process of my model by purchasing the Google CoLab Pro account, which adds more GPU memory and speed. I used the Kinetics 700 (2020 Version) as my training and testing dataset. My model's overall accuracy is at around 75% with 1600 videos trained.

1. Topic

The topic for my project is action detection on "fall".

2. Motivation

The reason for choosing this project is because I want to make something that will help people's safety at home. Falling at home can sometimes result in bad consequences. For example, my grandpa fell at home and had to stay on wheel chair for rest of his time. So, I really wanted to do something about this issue, which is why I picked this topic.

3. Related Works

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0925231212003153

https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/4352627

https://biomedical-engineering-online.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/1475-925X-12-66

https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/4600107

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1574119212000983

(Not enough time to read and summarize these papers, will do in future submissions.)

4. Proposed Model

I build my model with learning and code based on the textbook "Deep Learning with Python" and a medium article "Training a neural network with an image sequence — example with a video as input". For the base model, I used the VGG16 model, which is what I learned from the class textbook. On top of the VGG16, I used suggestions from the medium article, added layers such as GRU, dense, dropout and time distributed layers. The optimizer I used for this model is "Adam", at learning rate 0.001. A summary of my model looks like:

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
=======================================			
time_distributed_2 (TimeDist	(None,	15, 512)	14714688
gru_2 (GRU)	(None,	64)	110976
dense_10 (Dense)	(None,	1024)	66560
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None,	1024)	0
dense_11 (Dense)	(None,	512)	524800
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_12 (Dense)	(None,	128)	65664
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_13 (Dense)	(None,	64)	8256
dense_14 (Dense)	(None,	2)	130
Total params: 15,491,074 Trainable params: 776,386 Non-trainable params: 14,714	,688		

5. Dataset

The dataset I used to train the model is Kinetics 700 (2020 Version).

A link to this dataset: https://deepmind.com/research/open-source/kinetics

This dataset contains 700 classes with at least 700 video clips from different YouTube videos. A sample data looks like:

	label	youtube_id	time_start	time_end	split
0	clay pottery making	0dWlqevI	19	29	train
1	news anchoring	aQ-tA5_A	9	19	train
2	using bagging machine	j12rm3WI	14	24	train
3	javelin throw	07WQ2iBlw	1	11	train
4	climbing a rope	0NTAs-fA0	29	39	train

This dataset contains many labeled actions with its YouTube video ID, start time and end time of the clip. There are in total of 542902 labels in the dataset's training data as shown below:

```
[ ] print(data.label)
                clay pottery making
                    news anchoring
             using bagging machine
    3
                      javelin throw
    4
                    climbing a rope
    542897
                     washing dishes
    542898
                     juggling fire
    542899
                       taking photo
    542900
                     brush painting
    542901
                      changing oil
    Name: label, Length: 542902, dtype: object
```

By using pandas data frame, I was able to take out the label that I need, which is the label named "falling off chair" in this case. There are total of 805 training videos for this label as shown below:

```
[ ] print(data[data.label == ('falling off chair')])
                        label youtube_id time_start time_end split
            falling off chair -5hw88bD4mE
    840
                                                              13 train
            falling off chair -6ezg_-7Bck
                                                              20 train
    2029
            falling off chair -Fmo9kHEV7M
    2537
            falling off chair -KN260H63WU
                                                              15 train
            falling off chair -MqpifyByYs
                                                    0
    2831
                                                             10 train
    539608 falling off chair zaGM-9_DGe4
                                                              10 train
           falling off chair zc_uLy45ZJU
falling off chair znz5AOG_AYY
    539967
                                                    10
                                                              20 train
    541545
                                                              10
                                                                  train
            falling off chair zqpoWFfiyvM
                                                              10
     541902
    542363 falling off chair zumeyo_1LwY
                                                              45 train
    [805 rows x 5 columns]
```

I downloaded all the videos with label of "falling off chair" to use as my training data, also I downloaded the same number of videos with label that isn't "falling off chair" also to used during my training process. So, there are about 1600 videos used to train my model.

6. Model Training and Performance

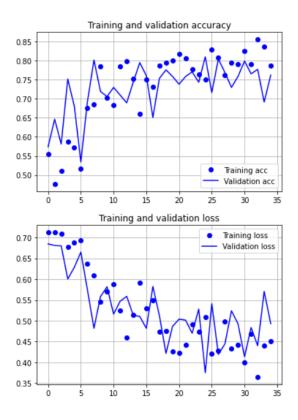
For my base model, I used VGG16, with input shape (150, 150, 3). I added layers such as below:

```
conv_base = VGG16(weights='imagenet',
                 include_top=False,
                 input_shape=(150, 150, 3))
conv_base.trainable = False
def action_model(shape=(NBFRAME, 150, 150, 3), nbout=2):
    # Flatten output of conv_base
   mod = Sequential()
   mod.add(conv_base)
   mod.add(GlobalMaxPool2D())
   # Build our model for training
   model = Sequential()
   model.add(TimeDistributed(mod, input_shape=shape))
   # LSTM for time series
   model.add(GRU(64))
   # Build the classifier
   model.add(Dense(1024, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dropout(.5))
   model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dropout(.5))
   model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dropout(.5))
   model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dense(nbout, activation='sigmoid'))
   return model
```

The optimizer I used was Adam, with learning rate 0.001 as shown below:

I choose 35 as the number of my epochs, and 20 steps per epoch. Initially I started with 20 epochs and resulted in underfitting, so I changed to 50 epochs, which resulted in overfitting. Based on the accuracy and loss graphs, I could tell around 30 or 40 epochs was my best result, so I ended up with 35 epochs.

As the results, my model's training and validation accuracy increased and loss decreased as shown in the graphs below:



As you can see, there was no overfit or underfit in both of the categories. And my model accuracy ended up around 75%. The best I've gotten was 78% and worst was 56%. I think a key factor about this model is the quality of videos. I manually looked through some of the training videos, many of them either had bad quality, or bad lighting, or only part of the human body was shown. This could strongly affect the accuracy of my model.

7. Performance on YouTube Videos

7.1 How to detect "moments" of target action

I first choose some videos to test the performance of my model, by doing that, I downloaded those videos from YouTube. Then, I loaded my saved model .h5 file, and made a function where it will check the video with my model. For every two seconds, the model will check if the video contains the target action, if it does, then it will save the 2 second video clip's information such as start and end time, video ID, to a .json file.

7.2 Video Found "Moments" in iLab Website

The label of my target action is "fall", in total I found 69 moments in 12 videos. You can simply search on the website with "CSCE636Spring2021-heswaggy-2" in the observer filed to see these videos and moments.

- 7.3 Performance Accuracy (Will do later)
- 7.4 Performance: Efficacy of Action Detection (Will do later)

8. Improve Accuracy and Efficiency

(will do some research on it in the future)

9. Code in TAMU Github

Github Link: https://github.tamu.edu/hwy893747147/CSCE636-Spring2021-ProjectSubmission2-WangyangHe