

Text manipulation

Searching

Command	Description
/joe/e	cursor set to end of match
/joe/e+1	cursor set to end of match plus 1
/joe/s-2	cursor set to start of match minus 2
/^joe.*fred.*bill/	normal
/^[A-J]\+/	search for lines beginning with one or more A-J
/begin_. *end	search over possible multiple lines
/fred\s*joe/i	any whitespace including newline
/fred\ joe	search for fred or joe
/. *fred\&.*joe	search for fred and joe in any order
/\<fred\>/i	search for fred but not alfred or frederick
/\<\d\d\d\d\>	search for exactly 4 digit numbers
/\D\d\d\d\d\>	search for exactly 4 digit numbers
/\<\d\{4\}\>	same thing
/\([^\0-9]\ ^\)\%. *%	search for absence of a digit or beginning of line
/^\n\{3}	find 3 empty lines
/\ (fred\).*\ (joe\).*\2.*\1	using rexp memory in a search
/^\([^\,]*\)\{8}	using rexp memory in a search
/<\zs[^\>]*\ze>	search for tag contents, ignoring chevrons (:h /\zs)
/<\@<=[^\>]*>\@=	search for tag contents, ignoring chevrons
/<\@<=[^\>]*>\@=	search for tags across possible multiple lines
/i!-p{-}-i	search for multiple line comments
/fred\s*joe/i	any whitespace including newline (\s)
/bugs\(\.\)*bunny	bugs followed by bunny anywhere in file
:h _	help
:bufdo /searchstr/	multiple file search (use :rewind to recommence search)
:bufdo %s/searchstr/&/gic	multiple file search better but cheating (n, then a to stop)
?http://www.vim.org/	search backwards for a URL without backslashing
/\c\v([^\aeiou]&\a){4}	search for 4 consecutive consonants

Search for declaration of subroutine/function under cursor

```
:nmap gx yiw/\(sub\<bar>function\)\s\+<C-R>"<CR>
```

Search for visually highlighted text

```
:vmap <silent> // y/<C-R>"<CR>
:vmap <silent> // y/<C-R>=escape("@", '\./.*~[]')<CR><CR> (with spec chars)
```

Substitution

```
:%s/fred/joe/igc | general substitute command
```

<pre> :%s/\r//g :%s/\r\r/g :%s= *\$== :%s= \+\$== :%s#\s*\r\?\$## :%s#\s*\r*\$## :%s/^\n\{3}// :%s/^\n\+/\r/ :%s#<[>]\+>##g :'a,'bg/fred/s/dick/joe/igc :%s= [^]\+\$=&&= :%s= \f\+\$=&&= :%s= \S\+\$=&& :s/(.*)\:(.*)\2 : \1/ :%s/^\(.*\) \n1\$/\1/ :%s/^\{-}pdf/new.pdf/ :%s#\<[zy]\?tbl-[a-z-]\+>#\L&#gc :%s/// :help /\{-} :s/fred/a/g :s/fred/\=@a/g :%s/\f\+\.gif\>/\r&\r/g v/\.gif\$/d %s/gif/jpg/ :%s/a/but/gie :update :next :%s/suck\ buck/loopy/gc :s/_date_/\=strftime("%c")/ :%s:\(\\w\+\\s\+)\{2}\str1:\1str2: :%s:\(\\w\+)\(.*\\s\+)\(\\w\+)\\$:\3\2\1: :%s/d\+/\=(submatch(0)-3)/ :g/loc\ function/s/d/\=submatch(0)+6/ :%s#txtdev\zs\d#\=submatch(0)+1#g :%s/(gg\)\@<=\d\+/\=submatch(0)+6/ :let i=10 'a,'bg/Abc/s/yy/\=i/ let i=i+1 :let i=10 'a,'bg/Abc/s/xx\zsy\ze/\=i/ let i=i+1 :%s/"\([^\+]\+).*\zsxx\1/ :nmap z :%s#\<=expand("`")\># :vmap z :%s/\<*\>/ </pre>	<pre> delete dos returns ^M turn dos returns ^M into real returns (fixes joined lines) delete end of line blanks same as above clean both trailing spaces AND dos returns same thing deleting empty lines delete blocks of 3 empty lines compressing empty lines delete html tags, leave text VERY USEFUL duplicate end column same as above usually the same reverse fields separated by : delete duplicate lines delete to 1st pdf only lowercase with optional leading characters delete possibly multi-line comments help non-greedy sub "fred" with contents of register "a" better alternative as register not displayed multiple commands on one line then use @: to repeat ORing (must break pipe) insert datestring working with columns sub any str1 in col3 swapping first and last column (4 columns) decrement numbers by 3 increment numbers by 6 on certain lines only better version of above increment only numbers gg\d\d by 6 (another way) convert yy to 10,11,12 etc convert xxyy to xx11,xx12,xx13 (more precise) find replacement text, use \zs to simplify substitute pull word under cursor into LHS of a substitute pull visually highlighted text into LHS of a substitute </pre>
--	--

Filter all form elements into paste register

```

:redir @*|sil exec 'g#<\(input\|select\|textarea\|/\=form\)\>#p'|redir END
:nmap ,z :redir @*|sil exec 'g@<\(input\|select\|textarea\|/\=form\)\>@p'|redir END

```

Substitutue within substitution

<pre> :%s,\(all/.*\)\@<=/,~,g :s#all/\zs.*#\=substitute(submatch(0), '/', ' ', 'g')# :s#all/#&^M# s#/#-#g -j! :%s/.*\/=cp '.submatch(0).' all/'.substitute(submatch(0),'/', ' ', 'g')/ </pre>	<pre> replace all / with - AFTER "all/" same thing sub by splitting line, re-joining sub inside sub </pre>
--	--

Substituting a visual area

<code>:'<,'>s/Emacs/Vim/g</code>	remember you DONT type the '<.>'
<code>gv</code>	re-select the previous visual area (ULTRA)

Global command display

<code>:g/gladioli/#</code>	display with line numbers (YOU WANT THIS!)
<code>:g/fred.*joe.*dick/</code>	display all lines fred,joe & dick
<code>:g/\<fred\>/</code>	display all lines fred but not freddy
<code>:g/^\s*\$/d</code>	delete all blank lines
<code>:g!/^\dd/d</code>	delete lines not containing string
<code>:v/^\dd/d</code>	delete lines not containing string
<code>:g/fred/,/joe/d</code>	not line based (very powerfull)
<code>:g/-----/-10,.d</code>	delete string & 10 previous lines
<code>:g/{/ ,/}/- s/\n\+/\r/g</code>	delete empty lines but only between {...}
<code>:v\S/d</code>	delete empty lines (both types)
<code>:v./././.-j</code>	compress empty lines
<code>:g/^\\$/./.-j</code>	compress empty lines
<code>:g/<input\ <form/p</code>	ORing
<code>:g/^/put_</code>	double space file (pu = put)
<code>:g/^/m0</code>	reverse file (m = move)
<code>:’a,’b/^/m’b</code>	reverse a section a to b
<code>:g/^/t.</code>	duplicate every line
<code>:g/fred/t\$</code>	copy lines matching fred to EOF
<code>:g/stage/t’a</code>	copy lines matching stage to marker a
<code>:g/\(^[^I]*\)\{80}/d</code>	delete all lines containing at least 80 tabs
<code>:’a,’bg/somestr/co/otherstr/</code>	match all lines containing “somestr” between markers a & b
<code>:’a,’bg/str1/s/str1/&&&/ mo/str2/</code>	as above but also do a substitution
<code>:%norm jdd</code>	delete every other line
<code>..,\$g/^\d/exe “norm! \”</code>	increment numbers
<code>:’a,’bg/\d\+ /norm! ^A</code>	increment numbers
<code>:g/fred/y A</code>	append all lines fred to register a (empty reg a first with qaq.)
<code>:g/fred/y A :let @*=@a</code>	put into paste buffer
<code>:let @a=” g/Barratt/y A :let @*=@a</code>	
<code>:’a,’b g/^Error/ . w >> errors.txt</code>	write out to errors.txt
<code>:g/./yank put -1s/’/”/g s/.*/Print ’&’/</code>	duplicate every line in a file wrap a print ” around each duplicate
<code>:g/^\MARK\$/r tmp.ex -d</code>	replace string with contents of a file, -d deletes the “mark”
<code>:g//z#.5</code>	display with context
<code>:g//z#.5 echo “=====”</code>	display beautifully
<code>:g/ /norm 2f r*</code>	replace 2nd with a star
<code>:nmap :redir @a:g//:redir END:new:put! a</code>	send output of previous global command to a new window

Global combined with substitute (power editing)

<code>:’a,’bg/fred/s/joe/susan/gic</code>	can use memory to extend matching
<code>:g/fred/,/joe/s/fred/joe/gic</code>	non-line based (ultra)
<code>:/fred/;/joe/-2,/sid/+3s/sally/alley/gIC</code>	find fred before beginning search for joe

Changing case

<code>guu</code>	lowercase line
<code>gUU</code>	uppercase line
<code>Vu</code>	lowercase line
<code>VU</code>	uppercase line
<code>g~~</code>	flip case line
<code>vEU</code>	upper case word
<code>vE~</code>	flip case word
<code>ggguG</code>	lowercase entire file
<code>vmap ,c :s/<(\(.)\(\k*\))>/\u1\L2/g</code>	titlise visually selected text (map for .vimrc)
<code>:%s/[!?!]_s\+_a/\U&\E/g</code>	uppercase first letter of sentences
<code>g<C-G></code>	count words in text file

Reformatting text

<code>gq}</code>	format a paragraph
<code>gqap</code>	format a paragraph
<code>ggVGgq</code>	reformat entire file
<code>Vgq</code>	current line
<code>:s/.\{,69\};\s*\ .\{,69\}\s\+/\&\r/g</code>	break lines at 70 chars, if possible after a ‘;

Deletion without destroying buffer

<code>“_d</code>	what you’ve ALWAYS wanted
<code>“_dw</code>	delete word (use blackhole)

Essential

<code>* # g* g#</code>	find word under cursor () (forwards/backwards)
<code>%</code>	match brackets and tags {}, [], (), etc.

.	repeat last modification
@:	repeat last : command (then @@)
<C-N><C-P>	word completion in insert mode
<C-X><C-L>	line complete SUPER USEFUL
/<C-R><C-W>	pull onto search/command line
/<C-R><C-A>	pull onto search/command line
:set ignorecase	you nearly always want this
:syntax on	colour syntax in perl, HTML, PHP etc.
:h regexp	list all help topics containing regexp (TAB to step through list)
:nmap ,s :source \$VIM/_vimrc	read from vimrc
:nmap ,v :e \$VIM/_vimrc	open and edit local vimrc
:vmap sb "zdi<C-R>z<ESC>	wrap around VISUALLY selected text
:vmap st "zdi<?= <C-R>z ?><ESC>	wrap <?= ?> around VISUALLY selected text

File Manipulation

Exploring

:Exp(lore)	file explorer (note: capital E)
:Sex(plore)	file explorer in split window
:ls	list of buffers
:cd ..	move to parent directory
:args	list of files
:lcd %:p:h	change to directory of current file
:autocmd BufEnter * lcd %:p:h	change to directory of current file automatically ¹ (put in _vimrc)
\be	buffer explorer list of buffers
\bs	buffer explorer (split window)

Opening files & other tricks

gf	open file name under cursor (SUPER)
:nnoremap gF :view	open file under cursor, create if necessary
ga	display hex,ascii value of char under cursor
ggVGg?	rot13 whole file
ggg?G	rot13 whole file (quicker for large file)
:8 normal VGg?	rot13 from line 8
:normal 10GVGg?	rot13 from line 8
,	increment, decrement number under cursor
=5*5	insert 25 into text (mini-calculator)
:e main_	tab completes
main_	include NAME of file in text (insert mode)

¹Script required: bufexplorer.vim http://www.vim.org/script.php?script_id=42

Multiple files management

:bn	goto next buffer
:bp	goto previous buffer
:wn	save file and move to next (super)
:wp	save file and move to previous
:bd	remove file from buffer list (super)
:bun	buffer unload (remove window but not from list)
:badd file.c	file from buffer list
:b 3	go to buffer 3
:b main	go to buffer with main in name eg main.c (ultra)
:sav php.html	save current file as php.html and “move” to php.html
:sav! %<.bak	save current file to alternative extension (old way)
:sav! %:r.cfm	save current file to alternative extension
:sav %:s/fred/joe/	do a substitute on file name
:sav %:s/fred/joe/:r.bak2	do a substitute on file name & ext.
:!mv % %:r.bak	rename current file (DOS use rename or del)
:e!	return to unmodified file
:w c:/aaa/%	save file elsewhere
:e #	edit alternative file (also cntrl-^)
:rew	return to beginning of edited files list (:args)
:brew	buffer rewind
:sp fred.txt	open fred.txt into a split
:sball:sb	split all buffers (super)
:scrollbind	in each split window
:map <F5> :ls<CR>:e #	pressing F5 lists all buffers, just type number
:set hidden	allows to change buffer w/o saving current buffer

File-name manipulation

:h filename-modifiers	help
:w %	write to current file name
:w %:r.cfm	change file extension to .cfm
:!echo %:p	full path & file name
:!echo %:p:h	full path only
<C-R>%	insert filename (insert mode)
“%p	insert filename (normal mode)
/<C-R>%	search for file name in text

Command over multiple files

:argdo %s/foo/bar/e | operate on all files in :args

:bufdo %s/foo/bar/e	include an external command
:windo %s/foo/bar/e	
:argdo exe '%!sort' w!	

Sessions (set of files)

gvim file1.c file2.c lib/lib.h lib/lib2.h	load files for “session”
:mksession	create a session file (default session.vim)
gvim -S Session.vim	reload all files

Modelines

vim:noai:ts=2:sw=4:readonly:	makes readonly
vim:ft=html:	says use HTML syntax highlighting
:h modeline	help with modelines

Creating your own GUI Toolbar entry

```
amenu Modeline.Insert\ at\ VIMt\ modeline <Esc><Esc>ggOvim:ff=unix ts=4 ss=4
<CR>vim60:fdm=marker<Esc>gg
```

(All on one line!)

Markers & moving about

’.	jump to last modification line (SUPER)
‘.	jump to exact spot in last modification line
g;	cycle through recent changes (oldest first) ²
g,	reverse direction ³
:changes	show entire list of changes
:h changelist	help for above
<C-O>	retrace your movements in file (starting from most recent)
<C-I>	retrace your movements in file (reverse direction)
:ju(mps)	list of your movements
:help jump-motions	explains jump motions
:history	list of all your commands
:his c	commandline history
:his s	search history

²(new in vim 6.3)

³(new in vim 6.3)

q/	search history window (puts you in full edit mode)
q:	commandline history window (puts you in full edit mode)
:	history Window

Editing/moving within insert mode

<C-U>	delete all entered
<C-W>	delete last word
<HOME><END>	beginning/end of line
<C-LEFTARROW><C-RIGHTARROW>	jump one word backwards/forwards
<C-X><C-E>,<C-X><C-Y>	scroll while staying put in insert

Abbreviations & maps

:map <f7> :’a,’bw! c:/aaa/x	
:map <f8> :r c:/aaa/x	
:map <f11> :.w! c:/aaa/xr<CR>	
:map <f12> :r c:/aaa/xr<CR>	
:ab php	list of abbreviations beginning php
:map ,	list of maps beginning ,
set wak=no	allow use of F10 for win32 mapping (:h winaltkeys)
<CR>	enter
<ESC>	escape
<BACKSPACE>	backspace
<LEADER>	backslash
<BAR>	
<SILENT>	execute quietly
iab phpdb exit(" <hr>Debug <C-R>a ");	yank all variables into register a

Display RGB colour under the cursor eg #445588

```
:nmap <leader>c :hi Normal guibg=#<c-r>=expand("<cword>")<cr><cr>
```

Registers

List your registers

:reg	display contents of all registers
:reg a	display content of individual registers
"1p....	retrieve numeric registers one by one

<pre>:let @y='yy@' qqq :let @a=@_ :let @a="" :let @*=@a map <F11> "qyy:let @q=@q."zzz"</pre>	<pre>pre-loading registers (put in .vimrc) empty register "q" clear register a clear register a copy register a to paste buffer</pre>
--	---

Appending to registers

Yank 5 lines into "a" then add a further 5

1. "a5yy
2. 10j
3. "A5yy

Using a register as a map (preload registers in .vimrc)

<pre>:let @m=":'a,'bs/" :let @s=":%!sort -u"</pre>	<pre></pre>
--	-------------

Redirection & paste register

<pre>:redir @* :redir END :redir >> out.txt "*yy "*p :'a,'by* :%y* .:y* :nmap p :let @* = substitute(@*, '[^[:print:]]', '', 'g') *p</pre>	<pre>redirect commands to paste buffer end redirect redirect to a file yank to paste insert from paste buffer yank range into paste yank whole buffer into paste yank current line to paster filter non-printable characters</pre>
--	--

Copy full path name

```
unix: noremap <F2> :let @*=expand("%:p")
win32: noremap <F2> :let @*=substitute(expand("%:p"), "/", "\\ ", "g")
```

Useful tricks

“ayy@a	execute “vim command” in a text file
yy@”	same thing using unnamed register
u@.	execute command JUST typed in
:norm qqy\$jq	paste “normal commands” without entering insert mode

Advanced

Command line tricks

cat xx gvim - -c “v/^d\d\ ^[3-9]/d “	filter a stream
ls gvim -	edit a stream!
gvim ftp://www.somedomain.com/index.html	uses netrw.vim
gvim -h	help
gvim -o file1 file2	open into a split
gvim -c “/main” joe.c	open joe.c & jump to “main”
gvim -c “%s/ABC/DEF/ge update” file1.c	execute multiple command on a single file
gvim -c “argdo %s/ABC/DEF/ge update” *.c	execute multiple command on a group of files
gvim -c “argdo /begin/+1,/end/-1g/^/d update” *.c	remove blocks of text from a series of files
gvim -s “convert.vim” file.c	automate editing of a file (ex commands in convert.vim)
gvim -u NONE -U NONE -N	load vim without .vimrc and plugins (clean vim)
gvim -c ‘normal ggdG”*p’ c:/aaa/xp	access paste buffer contents (put in a script/batch file)
gvim -c ‘s/^/\=@*/ hardcopy! q!’	print paste contents to default printer
gvim -d file1 file2	vimdiff (compare differences)
dp	“put” difference under cursor to other file
do	“get” difference under cursor from other file
:grep somestring *.php	internal grep creates a list of all matching files
:h grep	use :cn(ext) :cp(rev) to navigate list

External programs

:r!ls.exe	reads in output of ls
!!date	same thing (but replaces/filters current line)
:%!sort -u	sort unique content
:’a,’b!sort -u	as above
!1} sort -u	sorts paragraph (note normal mode!!)
map <F9> :w!c:/php/php.exe %	run file through php
map <F2> :w!perl -c %	run file through perl
:runtime! syntax/2html.vim	convert txt to html

Recording

qq	record to q
q	end recording
@q	to execute
@@	to repeat
5@@	to repeat 5 times
"qp	display contents of register q (normal mode)
<ctrl-R>q	display contents of register q (insert mode)
"qdd	put changed contents back into q
@q	execute recording/register q
nnoremap @l:wbd	combining a recording with a map (to end up in command mode)

Operating a Recording on a Visual BLOCK

1. define recording/register
qq:s/ to/ from/g^Mq
2. Define Visual BLOCK
V}
3. hit : and the following appears
: '<,'>
4. Complete as follows
: '<,'>norm @q

Quick jumping between splits

```
map <C-J> <C-W>j<C-W>_
map <C-K> <C-W>k<C-W>_
```

Visual mode basics

v	enter visual mode
V	visual mode whole line
<C-V>	enter VISUAL BLOCK mode
gv	reselect last visual area (ultra)
o	navigate visual area
"*y	yank visual area into paste buffer
V%	visualise what you match
V}J	join visual block (great)
V}gJ	join visual block w/o adding spaces
0<C-V>10j2ld	delete first 2 characters of 10 successive lines

vimrc essentials

set incsearch	jumps to search word as you type
set wildignore=*.o,*.obj,*.bak,*.exe	tab complete now ignores these
set shiftwidth=3	for shift/tabbing
set vb t_vb=""	set silent (no beep!)
set browsedir=buffer	make 'open directory' use current directory

Launching IE

```
nmap ,f :update:silent !start c:\progra~1\intern~1\iexplore.exe file://%:p
nmap ,i :update: !start c:\progra~1\intern~1\iexplore.exe
```

Ftpping from vim

```
cmap ,r :Nread ftp://209.51.134.122/public_html/index.html
cmap ,w :Nwrite ftp://209.51.134.122/public_html/index.html
```

Autocmd

autocmd bufenter *.tex map <F1> :!latex %	programming keys depending on file type
autocmd bufenter *.tex map <F2> :!xdvi -hush %<.dvi&	launch xdvi with current file dvi
autocmd BufRead * silent! %s/[\r\t]\+\$//	automatically delete whitespace, trailing dos returns
autocmd BufEnter *.php :%s/[\t\r]\+\$//e	same but only for php files

Conventional shifting and indenting

: 'a, 'b >>	conventional Shifting/Indenting
:vnoresize < <gv	visual shifting (builtin-repeat)
:vnoresize > >gv	visual shifting (builtin-repeat)
>i{	block shifting (magic)
>a{	
>%	
<%	

Pulling objects onto command/search line

<C-R><C-W>	pull word under the cursor into a command line or search
<C-R><C-A>	pull WORD under the cursor into a command line or search
<C-R>-	pull small register (also insert mode)

<C-R>[0-9a-z] <C-R>% <C-R>=somevar	pull named registers (also insert mode) pull file name (also #) (also insert mode) pull contents of a variable (eg :let spray="ray[0-9]")
--	---

Capturing output of current script

:new r!perl # :new! x.out r!perl # :new+read!ls :new +put q %!sort	opens new buffer,read other buffer same with named file create a new buffer, paste a register "q" into it, then sort new buffer
---	---

Inserting DOS carriage returns

:%s/\$/\&/g :%s/\$/\&/g :%s/\$/\^M&/g :set list	that's what you type for Win32 what you'll see where ^M is ONE character display "invisible characters"
--	--

Perform an action on a particular file or file type

```
autocmd VimEnter c:/intranet/note011.txt normal! ggVGg?
autocmd FileType *.pl exec('set fileformats=unix')
```

```
" Retrieving last command line command for copy & pasting into text
i:
" Retrieving last Search Command for copy & pasting into text
i/
```

Inserting line number

```
:g/^/exec "s/^/" .strpart(line(".")." " , 0, 4)
:%s/^/\=strpart(line(".")." " , 0, 5)
:%s/^/\=line('.') . ' '
```

Numbering lines

:set number :map <F12> :set number!<CR> :%s/^/\=strpart(line('.') ." " ,0,&ts)	show line numbers map to toggle line numbers
--	---

<pre>:’a,’b!perl -pne ’BEGIN{\$a=223} substr(\$_,2,0)=\$a++’ qqmnYP’n^Aq :.,\$g/^\\d/exe “normal! \\” o23qqYpq40@q</pre>	number lines starting from arbitrary number in recording q repeat with @q increment existing numbers to end of file generate a list of numbers 23-64
--	---

Advanced incrementing ⁴

```
let g:I=0
function! INC(increment)
    let g:I =g:I + a:increment
    return g:I
end function
```

Create list starting from 223 incrementing by 5 between markers a,b

```
:let I=223
:’a,’bs/^\\$/=INC(5)/
```

Create a map for INC

```
cab viminc :let I=223 \\| ’a,’bs/$/=INC(5)/
```

Digraphs (non alpha-numeric)

<pre>:digraphs :h dig i<C-K>e’ i<C-V>233 i<C-Q>233 ga :::yl/<C-R>”</pre>	display table help enters enters (Unix) enters (Win32) View hex value of any character Pull a non-ascii character onto search bar
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Complex vim

<pre>:%s/\\<\\(on\\ off\\)\\>/\\=strpart(“offon”, 3 * (“off” == submatch(0)), 3)/g :vnoremap <C-X> <Esc>’. “gvP“P</pre>	swap two words swap two words
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Syntax highlighting

<pre>:set syntax=perl</pre>	force Syntax coloring for a file that has no extension .pl
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⁴Script required: increment.vim (http://vim.sourceforge.net/tip_view.php?tip_id=156)

<pre>:set syntax off :colorscheme blue vim:ft=html: :syn match DoubleSpace " " :hi def DoubleSpace guibg=#e0e0e0</pre>	<div style="border-left: 1px solid black; padding-left: 10px;"> remove syntax coloring (useful for all sorts of reasons) change coloring scheme (any file in <code>~vim/vim??/colors</code>) force HTML Syntax highlighting by using a modeline example of setting your own highlighting sets the editor background </div>
--	--

Preventions and security

<pre>:set noma (non modifiable) :set ro (Read Only) :X</pre>	<div style="border-left: 1px solid black; padding-left: 10px;"> prevents modifications protect a file from unintentional writes encryption (do not forget your key!) </div>
--	---

Taglist ⁵

<pre>:Tlist <C-]></pre>	<div style="border-left: 1px solid black; padding-left: 10px;"> display tags (list of functions) jump to function under cursor </div>
-------------------------------	--

Folding

<pre>zf} v}zf zf'a zo zc</pre>	<div style="border-left: 1px solid black; padding-left: 10px;"> fold paragraph using motion fold paragraph using visual fold to mark open fold re-close fold </div>
--------------------------------	---

Renaming files

Rename files without leaving vim

```
:r! ls *.c
:%s/\(.*\).c/mv & \1.bla
:w !sh
:q!
```

Reproducing lines

```
imap ] @@@hhkyWjl?@@@P/@@@3s | reproduce previous line word by word
```

⁵Script required: taglist.vim (http://www.vim.org/scripts/script.php?script_id=273)

nmap] i@@@hhkyWjl?@@@P/@@@3s | reproduce previous line word by word

Reading MS-Word documents ⁶

```
:autocmd BufReadPre *.doc set ro
:autocmd BufReadPre *.doc set hlsearch!
:autocmd BufReadPost *.doc %!antiword "%"
```

Random functions

Save word under cursor to a file

```
function! SaveWord()
    normal yiw
    exe ':!echo '.@0.' $>$>$ word.txt'
endfunction
```

Delete duplicate lines

```
function! Del()
    if getline('.') == getline(line('.') - 1)
        norm dd
    endif
endfunction
```

Columnise a CSV file for display

```
:let width = 20
:let fill=' ' | while strlen(fill) < width | let fill=fill.fill | endwhile
:%s/\([^;]*\);/\=strpart(submatch(1).fill, 0, width)/ge
:%s/\s\+$///ge
```

```
function! CSVH(x)
    execute 'match Keyword /\~{ }\$\\backslash$([\\~{ },]*,$\\backslash$)\\$\\backslash$\\{'.a:x.'}\\$\\backslash$zs[\\~{ },]*/'
    execute 'normal \\~{ }'.a:x.'f,'
endfunction
```

command! -nargs=1 Csv :call CSVH()

:Csv 5 : highlight fifth column

Miscallaeous commands

:scriptnames	list all plugins, _vimrcs loaded (super)
:verbose set history?	reveals value of history and where set
:function	list functions
:func SearchCompl	List particular function

⁶Program required: Antiword (<http://www.winfield.demon.nl/>)

Vim traps

In regular expressions you must backslash + (match 1 or more)

In regular expressions you must backslash | (or)

In regular expressions you must backslash ((group)

In regular expressions you must backslash { (count)

/fred\+/ /\(fred\)\{2,3}/ /codes\(\n\—s\)*where /\vcodes(\n s)*where	matches fred/freddy but not free note what you have to break normal regexp very magic
---	--

Help

:h quickref	vim quick reference sheet (ultra)
:h tips	vim's own tips help
:h visual<C-D><TAB>	obtain list of all visual help topics
:h ctrl<C-D>	list help of all control keys
:helpg uganda	grep help files use :cn, :cp to find next
:h :r	help for :ex command
:h CTRL-R	normal mode
:h /\r	what's \r in a regexp (matches a <CR>)
:h \\zs	double up backslash to find \zs in help
:h i_CTRL-R	help for say <C-R> in insert mode
:h c_CTRL-R	help for say <C-R> in command mode
:h v_CTRL-V	visual mode
:h tutor	vim tutor
<C-[>, <C-T>	Move back & forth in help history
gvim -h	vim command line help
:helptags /vim/vim64/doc	rebuild all *.txt help files in /doc
:help add-local-help	

Fun

:h 42

:h holy-grail

:h!

vim -c “:%s%s*%Cyrnfr)fcbafbe[Oenz(Zbbyranne%|:%s)[[()])-)Ig|norm Vg?”

Further Information

If you liked these please visit http://vim.sourceforge.net/tip_view.php?tip_id=305 and vote for this tip!

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Updated version at <http://www.rayninfo.co.uk/vimtips.html>

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Updated version at <http://gav.brokentrain.net/projects/vimtips/vimtips.pdf>

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http://www.truth.sk/vim/vimbook-OPL.pdf	Vim Book
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