# Pràctica 1. Control de qualitat de peces de carn

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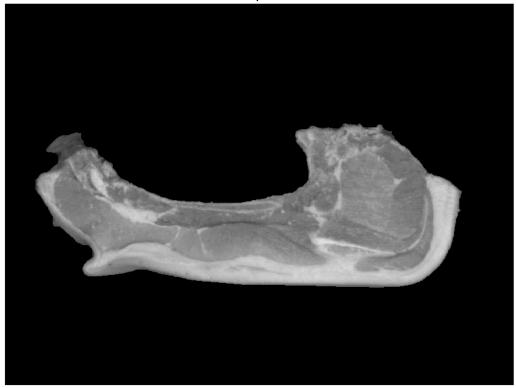
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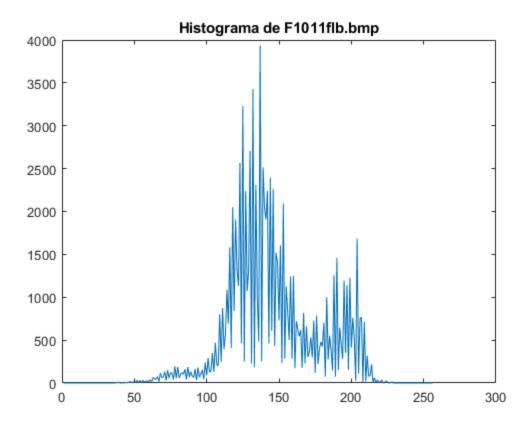
## Eliminació de la part on reposa la llonza, histograma de cada llonza

```
file_list = ["F1011f1b.bmp", "F1019f1b.bmp", "F1031f1b.bmp",...
    "F1051f1b.bmp", "F1053f1b.bmp", "F1059f1b.bmp", "F1064f1b.bmp",...
    "F1079f1b.bmp","F1083f1b.bmp", "F1096f1b.bmp", "F1097f1b.bmp",...
    "F1101f1b.bmp", "F1102f1b.bmp", "F1103f1b.bmp"];
percentages(1:14) = 0;

i = 1;
for file = file_list
    perc=quality_control(file, "auto");
    percentages(i)=perc;
    i=i+1;
end
```

F1011flb.bmp nomes carn

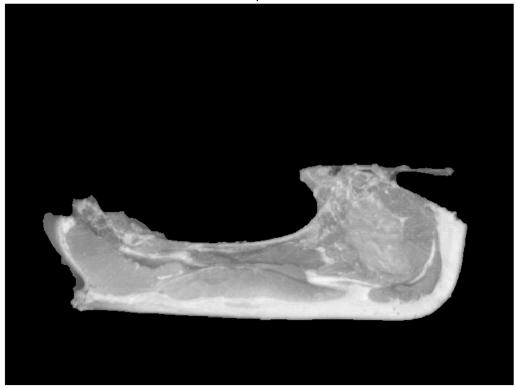


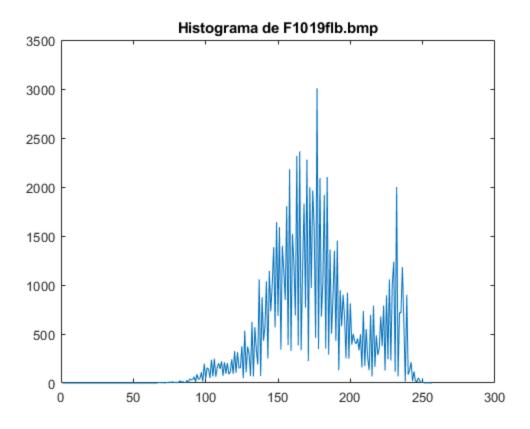


F1011flb.bmp nomes greix



F1019flb.bmp nomes cam

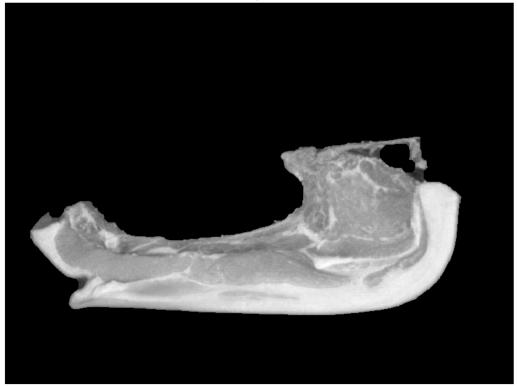


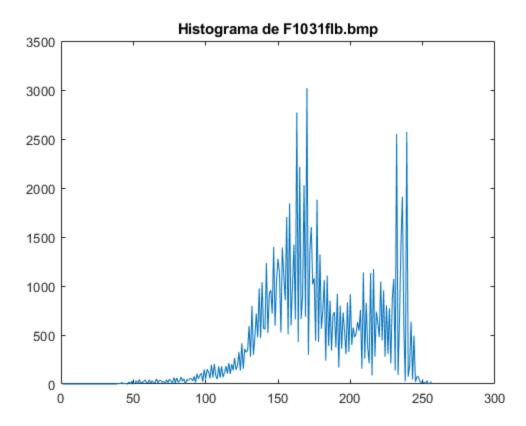


F1019flb.bmp nomes greix



F1031flb.bmp nomes carn

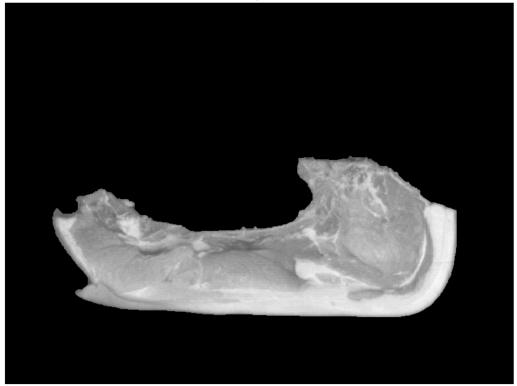


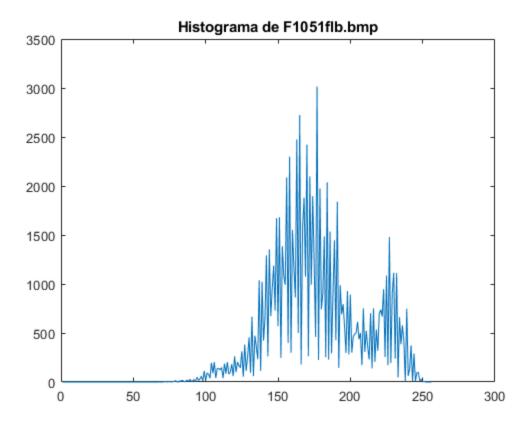


F1031flb.bmp nomes greix



F1051flb.bmp nomes carn

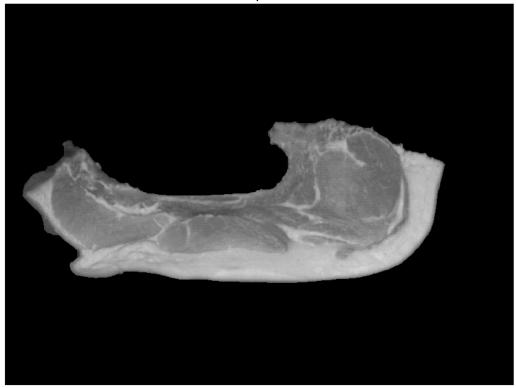


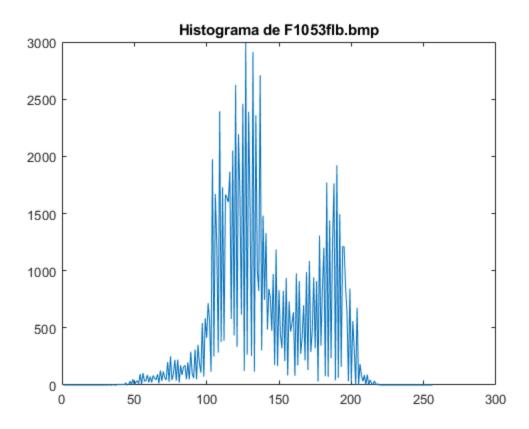


F1051flb.bmp nomes greix

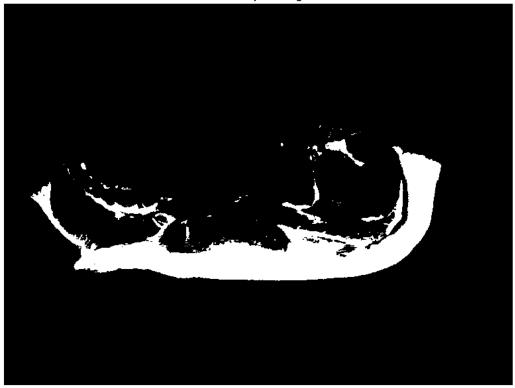


F1053flb.bmp nomes carn

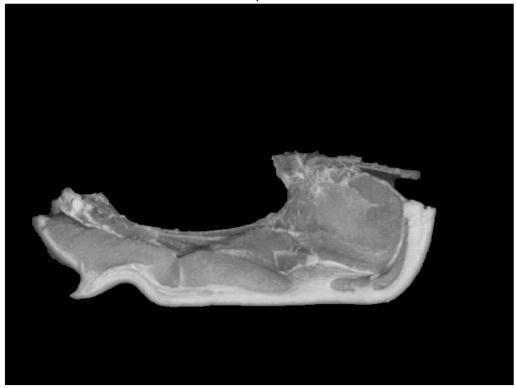


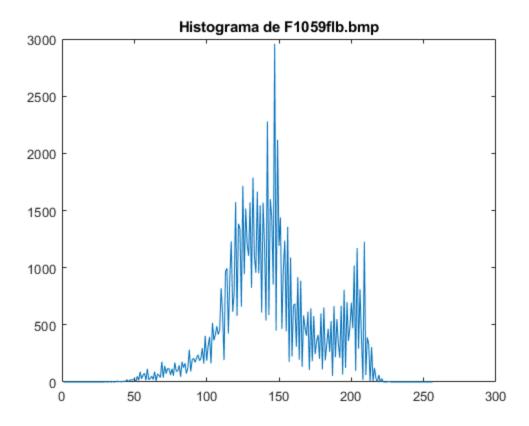


F1053flb.bmp nomes greix



F1059flb.bmp nomes carn



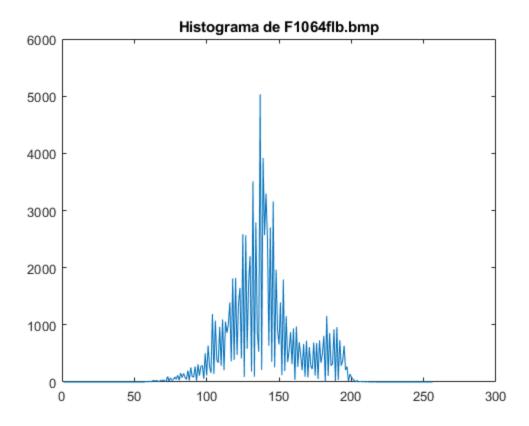


F1059flb.bmp nomes greix

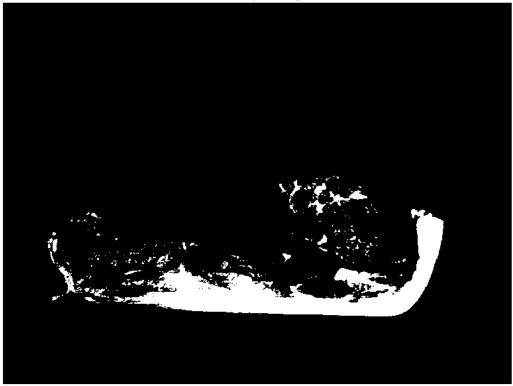




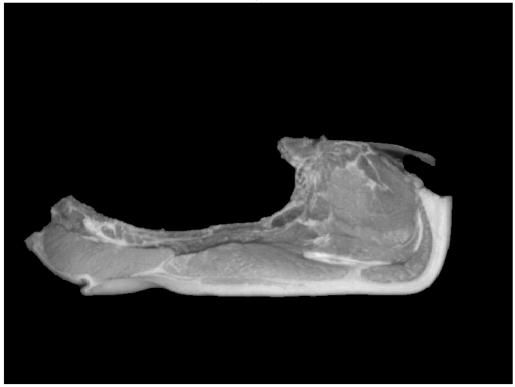


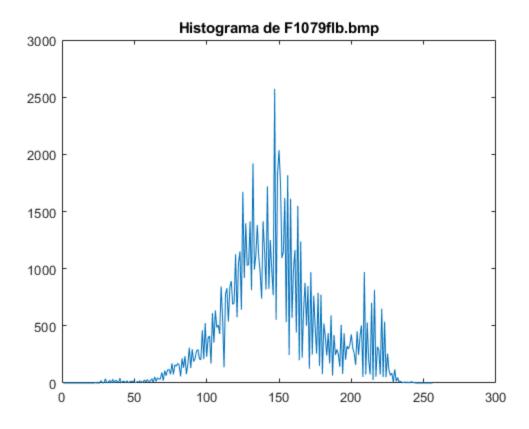


F1064flb.bmp nomes greix





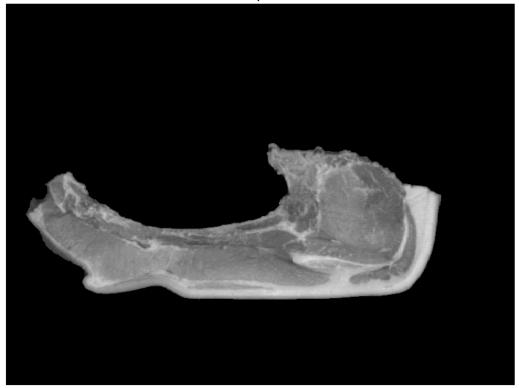


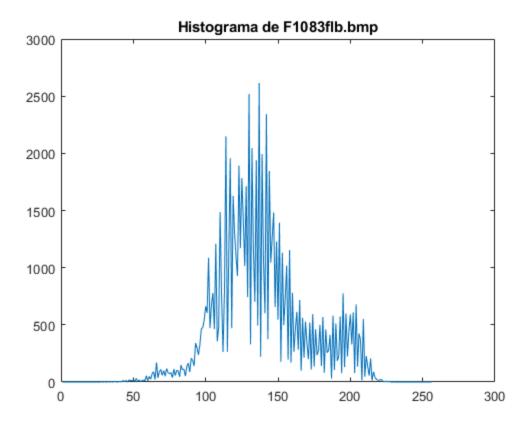


F1079flb.bmp nomes greix

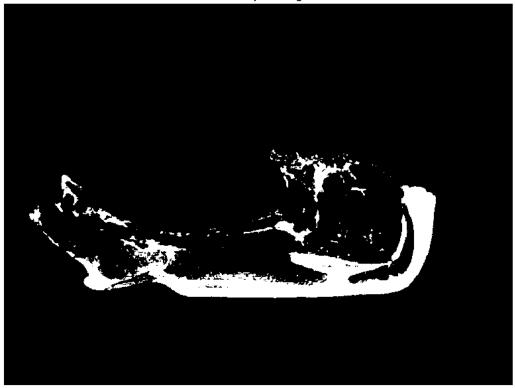


F1083flb.bmp nomes carn



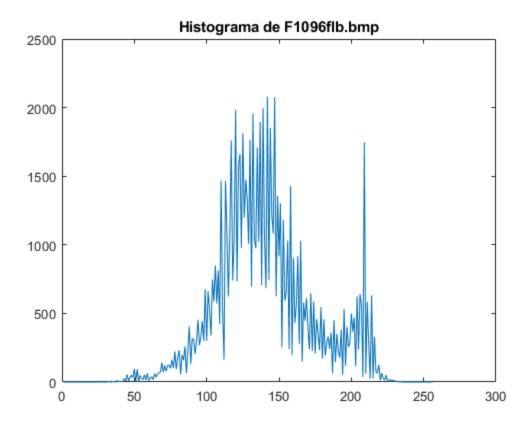


F1083flb.bmp nomes greix



F1096flb.bmp nomes cam

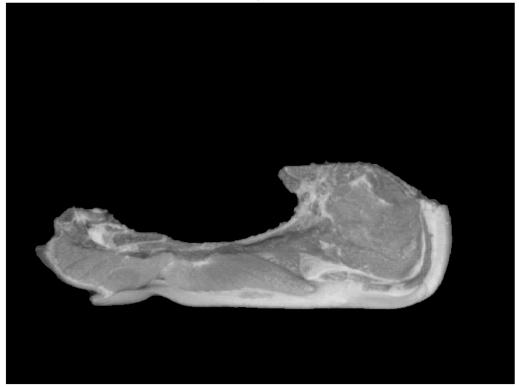


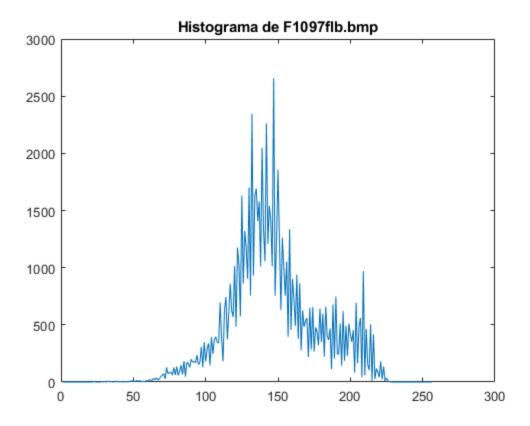


F1096flb.bmp nomes greix





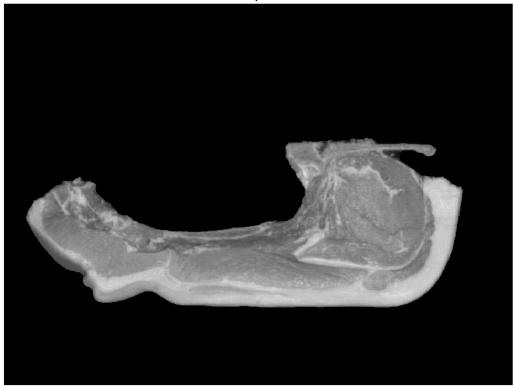


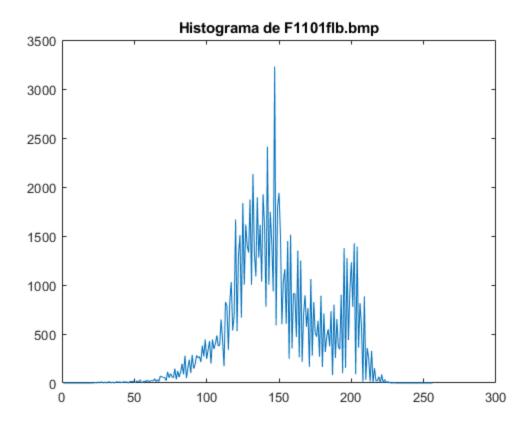


F1097flb.bmp nomes greix

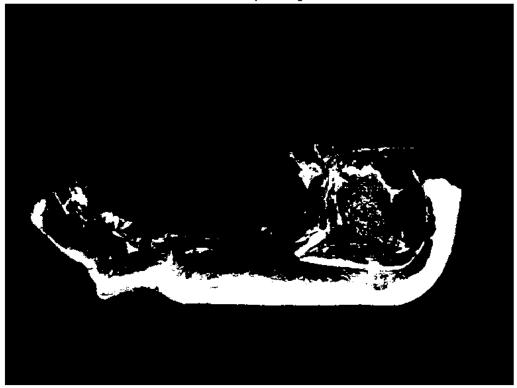


F1101flb.bmp nomes cam

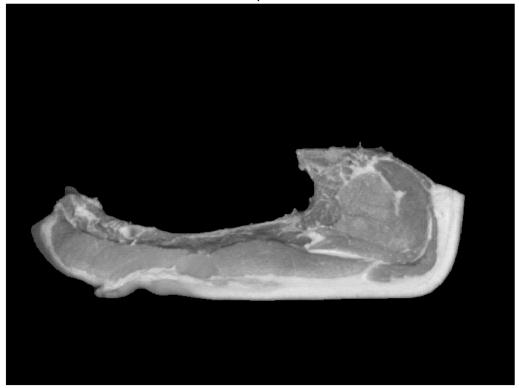


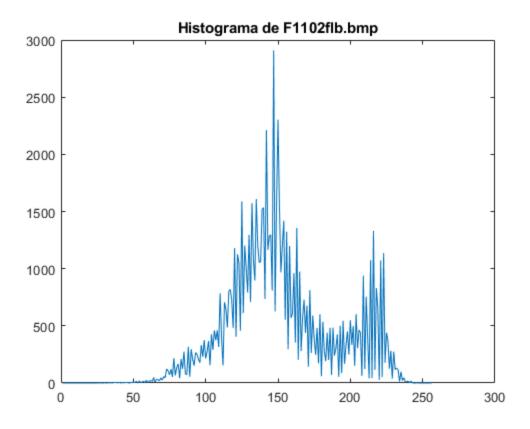


F1101flb.bmp nomes greix

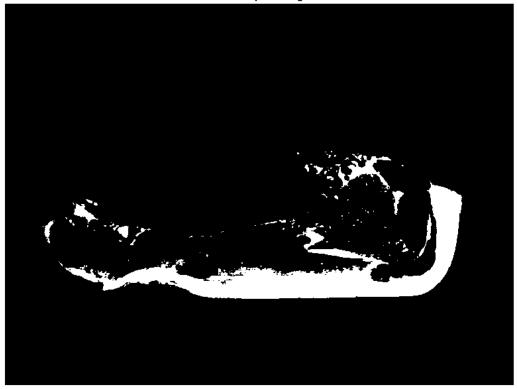


F1102flb.bmp nomes cam

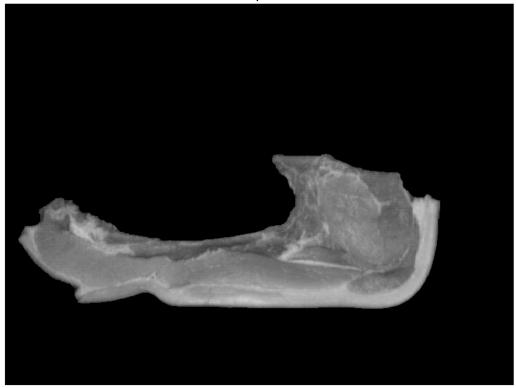


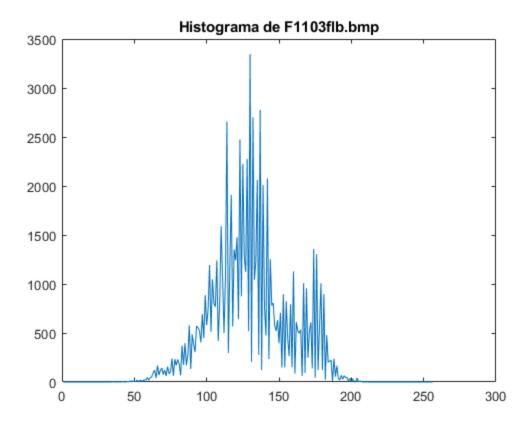


F1102flb.bmp nomes greix

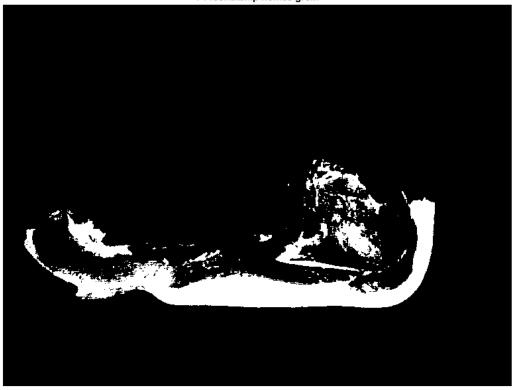


F1103flb.bmp nomes carn









### Percentatge de greix de cada llonza

```
file_list = ["011", "019", "031", "051", "053", ...
            "059", "064", "079", "083", "096", ...
            "097", "101", "102", "103"];
QualityControl1 = array2table(percentages(1:7), "VariableNames", ...
                                                 file_list(1:7));
QualityControl2 = array2table(percentages(8:14), "VariableNames", ...
                                                 file_list(8:14));
disp(QualityControl1)
disp(QualityControl2)
                          031
                                    051
                                              053
                                                        059
                                                                   064
     011
               019
    29.942
              34.382
                        38.449
                                   34.979
                                             35.804
                                                        29.302
                                                                  26.817
     079
               083
                          096
                                    097
                                              101
                                                        102
                                                                   103
    34.956
              28.917
                        29.904
                                   30.738
                                             34.299
                                                        28.563
                                                                  37.083
```

#### **Funcions (Codi)**

```
function fat = quality control(file name, thresh)
    meat = meat_extraction(file_name);
    if not(isa(thresh, "string"))
        % Etapa 2
        llin=thresh;
        fat=meat>llin;
    elseif thresh == "auto"
        % Etapa 4
        th=255*graythresh(meat(meat>0));
        fat=meat>(th);
    elseif thresh == "moving"
        % Etapa 5 1
        fat=moving averages(meat, 0, 15);
    elseif thresh == "sauvola"
        % Etapa 5 2
        fat=sauvola(meat, 0.001, 128, 25);
    end
    figure,imshow(fat),title(strcat(file name, " nomes greix"))
    meatpx = nnz(meat > 0);
    fatpx = nnz(fat > 0);
    fat = (fatpx/meatpx)*100;
end
function meat = meat_extraction(file_name)
    im = imread(file_name);
    % Etapa 1
    % Neteja de fons
    ee=strel("disk",125);
    th=imsubtract(im, imopen(im,ee));
    % Neteja de numeros
    ee=strel("disk", 5);
    cl=imclose(th,ee);
    % Eliminacio rectangle
    ee=strel("rectangle",[75,550]); %Impixelinfo per trobar el tamany d'ee
    rec=imreconstruct(imopen(cl, ee), im);
    ee=strel("disk", 5);
   mr=uint8(255 * imregionalmax(imclose(rec, ee)));
    im2=imsubtract(th, mr);
    % Neteja de la resta del fons
    ee=strel("disk", 30);
    fons=imbinarize(255-imreconstruct(imopen(im2,ee),im2));
    ee=strel("disk", 10);
    fons = uint8(255*imopen(fons, ee)); %% Open per treure imperfeccions
    meat=imsubtract(im, fons);
    figure,imshow(meat),title(strcat(file_name, " nomes carn"))
```

```
% Etapa 3
    hist=imhist(meat(meat > 0)); % Histograma sense el fons
    figure, plot(hist), title(strcat("Histograma de ", file name))
end
function bin = moving_averages(im, k, n)
    % Variables
    h=ones(n)/n^2;
    % Mitjana local
    meanim=imfilter(double(im),h,"conv","replicate");
    % Tolerancia
    meanimk=meanim-k;
    % Binaritzat
    bin=im>meanimk;
end
function bin = sauvola(im, k, r, n)
    % Variables
    h=ones(n)/n^2;
    % Mitjana local
    meanim=imfilter(double(im),h,"conv","replicate");
    h=ones(n);
    sdim=stdfilt(im, h);
    % Tolerancia
    thresh=meanim.*(1+k*(sdim/r-1));
    % Binaritzat
    bin=im>thresh;
end
```

### Resum de cada mètode usat per obtenir el llindar de binarització

1. El primer llindar el deixem escollir a l'usuari

```
% 2. El segon llindar es pot trobar a partir de l'histograma que genera la funció meat_extraction
% 3. El tercer llindar l'obtenim amb la funció graythresh de MATLAB, usant la imatge sense el fons.
% 4. El primer métode que hem implementat és moving averages, que agafa el threshold a partir de la mitjana local de la imatge, en una zona de NxN
% 5. El segon métode que hem implenetat és el de Sauvola, una variació de moving averages que també utilitza la desviació estàndard.
```

El métode que millor funciona amb aquestes fotografies segon les nostres proves es el de graythresh, és a dir Otsu, ja que la funció de matlab implementa aquest métode.

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