

NAME : TANISHQ GUPTA

CLASS : SE

BATCH : A4

ROLL NO.: SEAD21168

D-18(8)

Problem statement: Given sequence $k = k_1 < k_2 < \dots < k_n$ of n sorted keys, with a search probability p_i for each key k_i . Build the Binary search tree that has the least search cost given the access probability for each key

CODE:

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

void con_obst(void);

void print(int,int);

float a[20],b[20],wt[20][20],c[20][20];

int r[20][20],n;

int main()
{
    int i;

    cout<<"\n**** PROGRAM FOR OBST *****\n";

    cout<<"\nEnter the no. of nodes : ";

    cin>>n;cout<<"\nEnter the probability for successful search :: ";

    cout<<"\n-----\n";

    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        cout<<"p["<<i<<"]";

        cin>>a[i];

    }

    cout<<"\nEnter the probability for unsuccessful search :: ";

    cout<<"\n-----\n";

    for(i=0;i<=n;i++)
    {
```

```

        cout<<"q["<<i<<""]";
        cin>>b[i];
    }
    con_obst();
    print(0,n);
    cout<<endl;
}

void con_obst(void)
{
    int i,j,k,l,min;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    { //Initialisation
        c[i][i]=0.0;
        r[i][i]=0;
        wt[i][i]=b[i];
        // for j-i=1 can be j=i+1
        wt[i][i+1]=b[i]+b[i+1]+a[i+1];
        c[i][i+1]=b[i]+b[i+1]+a[i+1];
        r[i][i+1]=i+1;
    }
    c[n][n]=0.0;
    r[n][n]=0;
    wt[n][n]=b[n];
    //for j-i=2,3,4...,n
    for(i=2;i<=n;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<=n-i;j++)
        {
            wt[j][j+i]=b[j+i]+a[j+i]+wt[j][j+i-1];
            c[j][j+i]=9999;
            for(l=j+1;l<=j+i;l++)

```

```

        {
            if(c[j][j+i]>(c[j][l-1]+c[l][j+i]))
            {
                c[j][j+i]=c[j][l-1]+c[l][j+i];
                r[j][j+i]=l;
            }
        }
        c[j][j+i]+=wt[j][j+i];
    }
    cout<<endl;
}

cout<<"\n\nOptimal BST is :: ";
cout<<"\nw[0][]"<<n<<" :: "<<wt[0][n];
cout<<"\nc[0][]"<<n<<" :: "<<c[0][n];
cout<<"\nr[0][]"<<n<<" :: "<<r[0][n];
}

void print(int l1,int r1)
{
    if(l1>=r1)
        return;
    if(r[l1][r[l1][r1]-1]!=0)
        cout<<"\n Left child of "<<r[l1][r1]<<" :: "<<r[l1][r[l1][r1]-1];
    if(r[r[l1][r1]][r1]!=0)
        cout<<"\n Right child of "<<r[l1][r1]<<" :: "<<r[r[l1][r1]][r1];
    print(l1,r[l1][r1]-1);
    print(r[l1][r1],r1);
    return;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
PS C:\Users\tanis\OneDrive\Desktop\tanishq_gupta_21168> g++ .\obst.cpp
PS C:\Users\tanis\OneDrive\Desktop\tanishq_gupta_21168> .\a.exe

**** PROGRAM FOR OBST ****

Enter the no. of nodes : 3

Enter the probability for successful search ::
p[1]0.10
p[2]0.20
p[3]0.20

Enter the probability for unsuccessful search ::
q[0]0.10
q[1]0.10
q[2]0.10
q[3]0.20

Optimal BST is ::
w[0][3] :: 1
c[0][3] :: 1.8
r[0][3] :: 2
  Left child of 2 :: 1
  Right child of 2 :: 3
PS C:\Users\tanis\OneDrive\Desktop\tanishq_gupta_21168> |
```