# The Positive Similarity of Compar Fillings and Stock Returns Algorithmic Trading Strategy with Full Code

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### STRATEGY & ECONOMIC RATIONALE

The investment universe consists of stocks with large market cap covered by the Brain Company, for which stock prices were available to download from Yahoo Finance and had full history durin g the sample period. Firstly, only the similarity of the positive language is considered. The p ositive similarity score is calculated as the cosine similarity and is provided by the Brain Co mpany. Each month, stocks are ranked based on the positive similarity language score of their m ost recent company filing and sorted into deciles. Long the bottom decile and short the top decile. The strategy is equally-weighted and rebalanced monthly.

BUY	SELL
Long the bottom decile	short the top decile

### PARAMETER & VARIABLES

PARAMETER	VALUE
MARKETS TRADED	Equity
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	Stocks
REGION	United States
PERIOD OF REBALANCING	Monthly
NO. OF TRADED INSTRUMENTS	637
WEIGHTING	Equal weightin
LOOKBACK PERIODS	N/A
LONG/SHORT	Long & Short

## **ALGORITHM**

```
from AlgorithmImports import *# endregion
class ThePositiveSimilarityOfCompanyFilingsAndStockReturns(QCAlgorithm):
    def Initialize(self):
        self.SetStartDate(2009, 1, 1) # first metric data come in 2009
        self.SetCash(100000)
        self.leverage:int = 5
        self.quantile:int = 10
        self.metric_symbols:dict[Symbol, Symbol] = {}
        self.positive_similarities:dict[Symbol, float] = {}
        self.market:Symbol = self.AddEquity('SPY', Resolution.Daily).Symbol
        self.coarse_count:int = 1000
        self.pick_largest:bool = True
        self.selection flag:bool = False
        self.UniverseSettings.Resolution = Resolution.Daily
        self.AddUniverse(self.CoarseSelectionFunction, self.FineSelectionFunction)
        self.Schedule.On(self.DateRules.MonthStart(self.market), self.TimeRules.BeforeMarketClose(se
lf.market, 0), self.Selection)
    def OnSecuritiesChanged(self, changes):
        for security in changes.AddedSecurities:
            security.SetFeeModel(CustomFeeModel())
            security.SetLeverage(self.leverage)
    def CoarseSelectionFunction(self, coarse):
```

```
Not Over Thinking – where I share my journey to algorithmic trading and investments in shortest words possible
        if not self.selection flag:
            return Universe Unchanged
        if self.coarse_count <= 1000 and not self.pick_largest:</pre>
            selected:list = sorted([x for x in coarse if x.HasFundamentalData and x.Market == 'usa'],
                    key=lambda x: x.DollarVolume, reverse=True)[:self.coarse count]
        else:
            selected:list = [x for x in coarse if x.HasFundamentalData and x.Market == 'usa']
        selected_symbols:list[Symbol] = []
        for stock in selected:
            symbol:Symbol = stock.Symbol
            if symbol not in self.metric symbols:
                metric symbol:Symbol = self.AddData(BrainCompanyFilingLanguageMetrics10K, symbol).Sy
mbo1
                self.metric_symbols[symbol] = metric_symbol
            selected symbols.append(symbol)
        return selected_symbols
    def FineSelectionFunction(self, fine):
        if self.coarse count <= 1000:</pre>
            return list(map(lambda stock: stock.Symbol, fine))
        fine:list = list(filter(lambda stock: stock.MarketCap != 0, fine))
        if len(fine) > self.coarse_count or self.pick_largest:
            sorted_by_cap:list = sorted(fine, key=lambda stock: stock.MarketCap)
            fine = sorted_by_cap[-self.coarse_count:]
        return list(map(lambda stock: stock.Symbol, fine))
    def OnData(self, data):
        if self.selection_flag:
            self.selection flag = False
            filtered_positive_similarity:dict[Symbol, float] = { symbol: pos_sim for symbol, pos_sim
 in self.positive_similarities.items() \
                if symbol in data and data[symbol] }
            self.positive_similarities.clear()
            if len(filtered_positive_similarity) < self.quantile:</pre>
                self.Liquidate()
            else:
                quantile:int = int(len(filtered_positive_similarity) / self.quantile)
                sorted by pos sim:list[Symbol] = [x[0]] for x in sorted(filtered positive similarity.
items(), key=lambda item: item[1])]
                long_leg:list[Symbol] = sorted_by_pos_sim[:quantile]
                short_leg:list[Symbol] = sorted_by_pos_sim[-quantile:]
                invested:list[Symbol] = [x.Key for x in self.Portfolio if x.Value.Invested]
                for symbol in invested:
                    if symbol not in long_leg + short_leg:
                        self.Liquidate(symbol)
                for symbol in long leg:
                    self.SetHoldings(symbol, 1 / quantile)
                for symbol in short_leg:
                    self.SetHoldings(symbol, -1 / quantile)
        for stock_symbol, metric_symbol in self.metric_symbols.items():
            if metric symbol in data and data[metric symbol]:
```

# BACKTESTING PERFORMANCE



Fig 1. Overall Performance

Total Trades	39555	Average Win	0.12%
Average Loss	-0.10%	Compounding Annual Return	4.581%
Drawdown	43.300%	Expectancy	0.053
Net Profit	86.228%	Sharpe Ratio	0.259
Probabilistic Sharpe Ratio	0.031%	Loss Rate	53%
Win Rate	47%	Profit-Loss Ratio	1.23
Alpha	0.061	Beta	-0.087
Annual Standard Deviation	0.199	Annual Variance	0.04
Information Ratio	-0.2	Tracking Error	0.259
Treynor Ratio	-0.595	Total Fees	\$3465.57
Estimated Strategy Capacity	\$4000.00	Lowest Capacity Asset	USEC R735QTJ8XC9X

Fig 2. Performance Metrics