

### STRATEGY & ECONOMIC RATIONALE

Russell's ETFs for six equity styles are used (small-cap value, mid-cap value, large-cap value, small-cap growth, mid-cap growth, large-cap growth). Each month, the investor calculates 12-month momentum for each style and goes long on the winner and short on the loser. The portfolio is rebalanced each month.

BUY	SELL	
The momentum winner	The momentum loser	

### PARAMETER & VARIABLES

PARAMETER	VALUE
MARKETS	Equity
TRADED	
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	ETFs
REGION	United States
PERIOD OF REBALANCING	Monthly
NO. OF TRADED INSTRUMENTS	6
WEIGHTING	Equal weighting
LOOKBACK PERIODS	12-months
LONG/SHORT	Long only

## ALGORITHM

#### class MomentumFactorAndStyleRotationEffect(QCAlgorithm):

```
def Initialize(self):
    self.SetStartDate(2000, 1, 1)
    self.SetCash(100000)
    self.tickers = [
        'IWS', # iShares Russell Midcap Value ETF
        'IWP', # iShares Russell Midcap Growth ETF
        'IWN', # iShares Russell 2000 Value ETF
        'IWO', # iShares Russell 2000 Growth ETF
        'IVE', # iShares S&P 500 Value ETF
        'IVW' # iShares S&P 500 Growth ETF
    ]
    self.mom = {}
    self.period = 12 * 21
    self.SetWarmUp(self.period)
    for ticker in self.tickers:
        security = self.AddEquity(ticker, Resolution.Daily)
        security.SetFeeModel(CustomFeeModel())
        security.SetLeverage(10)
```

```
Not Over Thinking – where I share my journey to algorithmic trading and investments in shortest words possible
            self.mom[security.Symbol] = self.MOM(security.Symbol, self.period)
        self.recent month = -1
    def OnData(self, data):
        if self.recent_month == self.Time.month:
            return
        self.recent_month = self.Time.month
        mom_ready = [ s for s in self.mom if self.mom[s].IsReady and s in data]
        if mom ready:
            sorted_mom = sorted(mom_ready, key = lambda x: self.mom[x].Current.Value,
reverse=True)
            for symbol in sorted_mom[1:-1]:
                if self.Portfolio[symbol].Invested:
                    self.Liquidate(symbol)
            winner = sorted_mom[0]
            loser = sorted_mom[-1]
            if self.Securities[winner].Price != 0 and self.Securities[winner].IsTradable:
                if (self.Time.month == 10 and self.Time.year == 2020) and winner.Value ==
'IVW':
          # prevent data error
                    self.Liquidate(winner)
                else:
                    self.SetHoldings(winner, 1)
            if self.Securities[loser].Price != 0 and self.Securities[loser].IsTradable:
                if (self.Time.month == 10 and self.Time.year == 2020) and loser.Value ==
'IVW':
           # prevent data error
                    self.Liquidate(loser)
                else:
                    self.SetHoldings(loser, -1)
# Custom fee model.
class CustomFeeModel(FeeModel):
    def GetOrderFee(self, parameters):
        fee = parameters.Security.Price * parameters.Order.AbsoluteQuantity * 0.00005
        return OrderFee(CashAmount(fee, "USD"))
```

# **BACKTESTING PERFORMANCE**



Fig 1. Overall Performance

PSR	0.000%	Sharpe Ratio	-0.032
Total Trades	630	Average Win	2.75%
Average Loss	-2.78%	Compounding Annual Return	-1.174%
Drawdown	53.600%	Expectancy	0.033
Net Profit	-23.984%	Loss Rate	48%
Win Rate	52%	Profit-Loss Ratio	0.99
Alpha	-0.001	Beta	-0.041
Annual Standard Deviation	0.099	Annual Variance	0.01
Information Ratio	-0.304	Tracking Error	0.196
Treynor Ratio	0.079	Total Fees	\$1190.73
Estimated Strategy Capacity	\$3100000.00	Lowest Capacity Asset	IVE RVØPWMLXVHPH

Fig 2. Performance Metrics

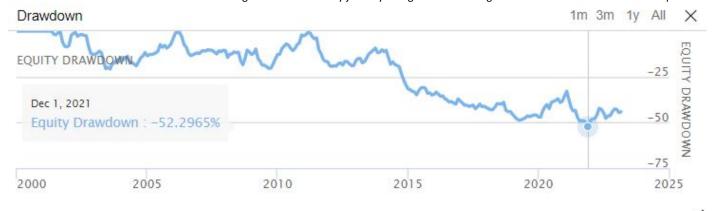


Fig 3. Drawdown



Fig 4. Assets Sales Volume