Take 12) as the system (2) Win = Hout - Hin From Fig 3.3-2 Hin (200K, 5 bar)=760 Sin (200K, 5 box) = J.65KJ ⇒ Hout (S=5.15 kJ, 25 bar) = 960 kJ/kg 7 Win = 960-760 = 200 KJ Take (3) at the system Win = Hout - Hin From Fig 3.3.2 Hin (200k. >thar)=7/8kg Sin ( >00k, >1 bar)=465k => Hout (3= 465 kJ 100 bar) = 85+ kJ/g

=> Win = 855 - 7/8= 137 KJ/kg.

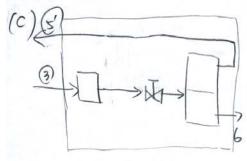
The total work:

196+200+137=533 KJ

Take the volve as the system. From energy balance

Min din odi No work.

At = Min Hin + Mont Hout + Q+ W 3 Ain = Hout Fig Fig 3:3.-2 Hin ( >00k, 100 bar) = HXH (sat. Lig, 1bar) + X H (Sat, vap. 1bar =) 4-3=(1-2)-0/+ 7. 582 From Fig 3.3-2 => x= 0,689 =)  $\frac{533}{(1-0.689)}$  = 1913 kJ of work are required for each kg. of LNG product.



from mass balance

The M3+M5+M6 = M6+M5 =-M3

From energy balance

dy oss of the HS + M6 + B + W

At = M3H3 + M5 H5 + M6H6 + B + W

=> MH3 + M5/H5/ + M6H6 = 0 Let M3=1 M5/=-W, M6=-1+W

H3 (200K, 100 bar) - WH = 1 (sat, vap, 16ar)

+ (-1+W) Hb (sat light bar) = 0

= 0.544  $1-\omega = 0.456$ 

533 01456 = 1/68 Kg of LNG produced.