Chapter 5: Loops

1. Learning Objectives

- Iterate over arrays
- Iterate over object's properties

2. Introduction

- Loops are used to execute the same block of code again and again, as long as a certain condition is met.
- Traditional loops: for , while , do...while
- Loop related techniques:
 - break a look: stop the loop when a certain condition is met
 - continue the next iteration: skip the current iteration and continue with the next iteration
 - nested loops: a loop inside another loop
- These techniques are left as the reading assignment for you.

In this chapter, we will focus on the new for loops introduced in ES6.

- for...of loop: iterates over the values of an iterable object
- for...in loop: iterates over the properties of an object

3. Iterating values of an array

Iterating

- Iterating over the values of an array means accessing each element of the array one by one.
- Consider the following array:

```
const fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'cherry'];
```

• How can we access each element of the array?

Old way: for loop

• The old way to iterate over an array is to use a for loop.

```
const fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'cherry'];
for (let i = 0; i < fruits.length; i++) {
  console.log(fruits[i]);
}</pre>
```

Demerits:

- This is a bit verbose and error-prone.
- Requires an index variable, a loop condition, and an increment statement.

New way: for...of loop

• The new way to iterate over an array is to use a for...of loop.

Syntax:

```
for (const element of iterable) {
   // code block to be executed
}

const fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'cherry'];
for (const fruit of fruits) {
   console.log(fruit);
}
```

Merits:

- It is more concise and easier to read.
- It works with any iterable object, not just arrays.

Replace the for body with a function

- The Array.prototype.forEach() method can be used to iterate over the elements of an array.
- Instead of writing a for...of loop with a code block, we apply a function to each element of the array.

Syntax:

```
array.forEach(function callback(currentValue, index, array) {
  // code block to be executed
});
```

Array.prototype.forEach() - JavaScript | MDN

The above example can be rewritten as follows:

```
const fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'cherry'];
fruits.forEach(fruit => console.log(fruit));
```

Much more concise!

Iterable objects

- Examples of iterable objects:
 - Arrays
 - Strings
 - DOM collections (e.g., NodeList)
 - o and more...

Iterating over a string

• A string is an iterable object, so we can use a for...of loop to iterate over its characters.

```
const str = 'hello';
for (const char of str) {
  console.log(char);
}
```

or use the Array.prototype.forEach() method.

But, we need to convert the string to an array first by using the Array.from() method.

```
const str = 'hello';
Array.from(str).forEach(char => console.log(char));
```

Lab 01

Consider the following html containing a list of four optional car features for a buyer to choose from.

```
<input type="checkbox" id="f1" name="feature" value="el_park_break">Electronic Parking Brake<br>
<input type="checkbox" id="f2" name="feature" value="auto_headlights">Automatic Headlights<br>
<input type="checkbox" id="f3" name="feature" value="lane_assist">Lane Assist<br>
<input type="checkbox" id="f4" name="feature" value="blind_spot_monitor">Blind Spot Monitor<br>
<input type="checkbox" id="f4" name="feature" value="blind_spot_monitor">Blind Spot Monitor<br/>
<br/>
```

Write a JavaScript code to iterate over the checkboxes and log the value of each checked checkbox in the console.

Hint:

- Use the document.querySelectorAll(input[name="feature"]:checked) method to select the checked checkboxes.
- The :checked CSS pseudo-class selector represents any radio (<input type="radio">), checkbox (<input type="checkbox">), or option (<option> in a <select>) element that is checked or toggled to an on state.
 - See https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/:checked

4. Iterating properties of an object

Recap: Objects

- An object is a collection of key-[value/function] pairs.
- We access an object's properties using a key.

Example

```
const car = {
  make: 'Toyota',
  model: 'Camry',
 year: 2022
  start_engine: function() {
    console.log('Engine started');
};
console.log(car.make); // Toyota
console.log(car['model']); // Camry
console.log(car.start_engine); // [Function: start_engine]
```

Hint:

- use object.property syntax when the property name is known and static.
- use object['property'] syntax when the property name is dynamic or contains special characters.
 - o e.g. Iterating over an object with a for/in loop.

Some use cases of iterating over object properties

- Accessing All Properties: When you need to access or manipulate all properties of an object in the run time.
- **Debugging**: To log all properties and their values for debugging purposes.
- **Data Transformation**: To transform the data structure, such as converting an object to an array.
- Validation: To validate the properties of an object.

Basic idea to iterate over an object

- We need to get all the keys to iterate over the properties of an object.
- Use the key to access the value of the property.

for/in loop

• The for/in loop iterates over keys of an object so that we can access the values of the properties.

Syntax:

```
for (const key in object) {
  // code block to be executed
}
```

Example:

```
const car = {
  make: 'Toyota',
  model: 'Camry',
  year: 2022,
  start_engine: function() {
    console.log('Engine started');
  }
};

for (const key in car) {
  console.log(key, car[key]);
}
```

```
make Toyota

model Camry

year 2022

start_engine f () {
    console.log('Engine started');
  }
```

Get keys or values as an array from an object

- The Object.keys() method returns an array of a given object's own enumerable property names (keys).
- The Object.values() method returns an array of a given object's own enumerable property values.
- We can use for/of loop to iterate over the array of keys or values.

Example: Iterate over an object using Object.keys()

```
for (const key of Object.keys(car)) {
  console.log(key, car[key]);
}
```

Example: Iterate property values using Object.values()

```
for (const value of Object.values(car)) {
  console.log(value);
}
```

Get the key-value pairs as an array from an object

- The Object.entries() method returns an array of a given object's own enumerable string-keyed property [key, value] pairs.
- Use for/of loop to iterate over the array of key-value pairs.

Example:

```
for (const [key, value] of Object.entries(car)) {
  console.log(key, value);
}
```

Quick Question 1

What is the output of the following code when you use the `for/of` loop to iterate over the `arr` array?

```
const arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
arr['extra'] = 6;
console.log(arr);

for (const v of arr) {
  console.log(v);
}
```

The arr object has the following structure:

```
> const values = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
   values['extra'] = 6;
   console.log(values);

▼ (5) [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, extra: 6] 1
   0: 1
   1: 2
   2: 3
   3: 4
   4: 5
   extra: 6
   length: 5
   ► [[Prototype]]: Array(0)
```



Quick Question 2

What is the output of the following code when you use the for/in loop to iterate over the arr array?

```
const arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
  arr['extra'] = 6;
  console.log(arr);

for (const v in arr) {
    console.log(v);
}
```



Quick Question 3

What is the output of the following code when you use the for/in loop to iterate over the arr array?

```
const arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
    arr['extra'] = 6;
    console.log(arr);

for (const v in arr) {
    console.log(arr[v]);
    }
```



5. Summary

- Iterate over the values of an array using the for/of loop.
 - Use the Array.prototype.forEach() method to apply a function to each element of an array.
- Iterate over the properties of an object using the for/in loop.
- Get an array of keys, values, or key-value pairs from an object using Object.keys(),
 Object.values(), and Object.entries() methods.