

FIRST Make two md files **FINAL_ARCHITECT_OVERVIEW.md**, **AGENT_ACTION_PLAN.md**

File 1: FINAL_ARCHITECT_OVERVIEW.md

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Final Architect Overview: AI Trading System

1. Introduction: The Restaurant with a Fake Kitchen

This document provides the definitive architectural overview, current state assessment, and strategic direction for the AI Trading System project. It synthesizes analyses from the initial walkthrough, a comprehensive plan, and a final roadmap document.

To understand the project's current state, we use the "Restaurant Analogy":

* The **frontend** (``frontend/``) is the beautiful, customer-facing dining room. It has a well-designed menu (``UI components``), seating (``React architecture``), and waiters (``routing``). Customers can browse, place orders (``trading actions``), and see their order history (``dashboard``). It *appears* functional.

* The **backend** (``app/``) is the kitchen. It houses advanced chefs (``AI/ML services``), a pantry (``database``), and supplier connections (``broker integration``). It is well-equipped but largely idle.

The Core Problem: The dining room is disconnected from the kitchen. Orders placed in the frontend are *not* sent to the backend. Instead, the frontend uses a self-contained "fake kitchen" (``TradingContext.tsx``) that simulates every function using local browser storage (``localStorage``). The real, powerful backend remains unused for most core functions.

2. Current State Assessment

Strengths:

1. **Solid Backend Foundation:** Built with FastAPI, featuring a clear structure (``app/core``, ``app/models``, ``app/services``), robust security (``app/core/security.py``), proper database setup (SQLAlchemy models, Alembic migrations), and a service layer designed for complex logic. The functional API (``app/api/v1/``) is a high-quality base.

2. **Modern Frontend Architecture:** Uses React/Vite with TypeScript, well-organized

components (``shadcn/ui``), context for state management, and protected routing.

3. **Good Supporting Infrastructure:** Includes database migrations (``alembic/``), containerization (``Dockerfile``), and a foundation for testing (``tests/`` with ``pytest``).

Critical Weaknesses:

1. **Frontend/Backend Disconnect:** The primary issue. Except for authentication, the frontend does not utilize the backend API for its core trading, portfolio, or data display functions.

2. **Frontend Mock Implementation:** The ``TradingContext.tsx`` acts as a complete fake backend, duplicating logic and preventing real data persistence or multi-user functionality.

3. **Incomplete Backend Services:** While numerous services exist in ``app/services/``, many are non-functional placeholders, skeletons lacking implementation, or rely on the unimplemented ``ZerodhaService`` for essential data. Key features like backtesting and fundamental analysis are currently inoperable.

4. **Significant Code Redundancy:** Multiple instances of duplicate or conflicting code exist (e.g., mock APIs in ``app/api/endpoints/``, ``sentiment.py`` vs. ``sentiment_analysis.py``, ``report_generator.py`` implementations, fragmented frontend utils).

5. **Unclear ML Model:** The pre-trained ``ml_model.joblib`` is opaque (unknown inputs/outputs) and has a version mismatch, posing a significant integration risk.

6. **Fragmented Testing & CI/CD:** An unimplemented test plan (``testsprite_tests/``) exists alongside the partial ``pytest`` suite (``tests/``). CI/CD setup is present but conflicting and likely non-functional (``github/workflows/``).

7. **Ambiguous Deployment Strategy:** Evidence of both Docker/SSH (``Dockerfile``, ``ci.yml``) and Vercel (``vercel.json``) deployment targets exists.

Conclusion: The project is a **prototype/proof-of-concept** with well-built but disconnected foundations and significant unimplemented functionality. It requires substantial integration work, backend service implementation, and cleanup to become production-ready.

3. Target State Architecture

The goal is a fully integrated, production-ready AI Trading System:

1. **Integrated Application:** Frontend seamlessly communicates with the backend via REST APIs for all data and actions. The mock ``TradingContext`` is eliminated.

2. **Functional Backend:** All core backend services (Trading, Portfolio, Market Data) and a prioritized set of AI/ML/Financial Analysis services are fully implemented, fetching real data (via broker integration or reliable libraries like ``yfinance``). Placeholder logic is replaced.

3. **Connected & Responsive Frontend:** UI accurately reflects real-time backend data, handles loading/error states gracefully, and utilizes ``react-query`` for server state management.

New UI components are built for implemented backend features.

4. **Robust Quality Assurance:** A unified `pytest` suite provides comprehensive backend test coverage (unit, integration, API). Basic frontend tests validate critical components. Tests are integrated into CI.

5. **Streamlined DevOps:** A single, functional CI/CD pipeline (based on `ci-cd.yml`) handles testing, linting, security scans, building, and deployment using a unified Docker strategy. Vercel deployment is deprecated.

6. **Clean & Maintainable Codebase:** All redundant code, mock APIs, and conflicting implementations are removed. Code follows consistent standards (enforced by linting/formatting in CI).

7. **Clear Documentation:** Consolidated documentation in `/docs` provides a complete guide for developers.

4. Strategic Approach & Critical Path

The transformation will follow a phased approach focusing on enabling core functionality first:

1. **Foundation & Cleanup:** Remove dead code and consolidate utilities/configs.

2. **Core Integration (Critical Path):**

Implement Data Source / Broker Integration (`ZerodhaService` or alternative): This is the **highest priority blocker** as many services depend on it. Implement either live trading via Kite Connect API or use reliable libraries (`yfinance`) for data fetching if live trading is deferred.

Rewrite Frontend `TradingContext`: The second critical path item, necessary for *any* user-facing functionality. Replace mock logic with backend API calls using `react-query`.

3. **Backend Service Implementation:** Prioritize and implement key AI/ML/Financial Analysis services based on dependencies (data source readiness) and value.

4. **Frontend Expansion:** Build the UI components and pages required for the newly implemented backend services.

5. **Testing & QA:** Consolidate test efforts into `pytest`, implement the `testsprite` plan using `pytest`, and expand coverage.

6. **Production Hardening & DevOps:** Implement security measures, fix/finalize CI/CD, establish Docker deployment, and prepare operational scripts.

7. **Documentation:** Consolidate and update all project documentation.

This structured approach, detailed in the `AGENT_ACTION_PLAN.md`, ensures that foundational issues are addressed before expanding features, leading to a stable and functional application.

File 2: AGENT_ACTION_PLAN.md

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Agent Action Plan: AI Trading System

This document outlines the specific, ordered tasks required to transform the AI Trading System from its current prototype state into a fully functional, production-ready application. Follow these steps methodically.

****Core Objective:**** Connect the disconnected frontend and backend, implement placeholder services, clean up the codebase, establish robust testing and CI/CD, and prepare for deployment.

Phase 1: Foundational Cleanup & Setup (~1-2 days)

****Goal:**** Establish a clean, consistent baseline.

* ****Task 1.1: Delete Mock Backend APIs****

* ****Action:**** Delete the entire `app/api/endpoints/` directory.

* ****Files:**** `app/api/endpoints/*`

* ****Guidance:**** These are non-functional mocks superseded by `app/api/v1/endpoints/`.

* ****Task 1.2: Update Main API Router****

* ****Action:**** Edit `app/api/api.py` to remove all import statements and `include_router` calls referencing the deleted mock endpoints in `app/api/endpoints/`. Ensure only routers from `app/api/v1/endpoints/` are included.

* ****Files:**** `app/api/api.py`

* ****Task 1.3: Consolidate Backend Service Implementations****

* ****Action:**** Delete `app/services/sentiment_analysis.py`. The functional service is `app/services/sentiment.py`. Update any imports.

* ****Files:**** `app/services/sentiment_analysis.py`

* ****Action:**** Resolve conflicting implementations in `app/services/report_generator.py`.

****Decision:**** Deprecate `ResearchReport` class and `generate_research_report` function. Refactor `ReportGenerator` class to be the sole implementation, removing dead code.

* ****Files:**** `app/services/report_generator.py`

* ****Task 1.4: Consolidate Frontend API Utilities & Utils****

* ****Action:**** Create a single `frontend/src/lib/api.ts` module.

* Move `axios` instance setup and interceptors from `frontend/src/lib/api-services.ts`.

- * Move API constants and endpoint definitions from ``frontend/src/utils/api.ts``.
- * Move all data-fetching functions (e.g., ``getStockDetails``) from ``frontend/src/lib/api-services.ts`` into this new module.
- * **Action:** Move React Query hooks from ``frontend/src/hooks/use-api.ts`` to a new file ``frontend/src/lib/queries.ts``. Update imports.
- * **Action:** Consolidate general utility functions. Delete one of the duplicate files: ``frontend/src/utils.ts`` or ``frontend/src/utils/utils.ts``. Ensure the remaining file (preferably ``frontend/src/lib/utils.ts`` alongside ``api.ts``) contains the necessary functions (``cn``).
- * **Action:** Delete the old, now empty/redundant files: ``frontend/src/lib/api-services.ts``, ``frontend/src/utils/api.ts``, ``frontend/src/hooks/use-api.ts``, and the duplicate utils file.
- * **Action:** Perform a global search/replace in the ``frontend/src/`` directory to update all import paths to the new consolidated locations (``frontend/src/lib/api``, ``frontend/src/lib/queries``, ``frontend/src/lib/utils``).
- * **Files:** ``frontend/src/lib/api-services.ts``, ``frontend/src/utils/api.ts``, ``frontend/src/hooks/use-api.ts``, ``frontend/src/utils.ts``, ``frontend/src/utils/utils.ts``, ``frontend/src/**/*`` (for imports)

* **Task 1.5: Environment Variable Setup**

- * **Action:** Review both ``.env.example`` (root) and ``frontend/.env.example``. Create functional ``.env`` and ``frontend/.env`` files locally.
- * **Action:** Document *all* required environment variables (backend and frontend) in ``docs/environment.md``. Specify defaults and whether they are required for core functionality vs. optional features (e.g., ``ZERODHA_API_KEY``).
- * **Files:** ``.env.example``, ``frontend/.env.example``, ``docs/environment.md`` (new)

* **Task 1.6: Setup Logging & Error Handling Framework**

- * **Action:** Review ``app/core/logging.py`` and ``app/middleware/error_handler.py``. Ensure structured logging (using the configured logger) and consistent API error responses (using FastAPI exception handlers and standard HTTP status codes) are established early.
- * **Files:** ``app/core/logging.py``, ``app/middleware/error_handler.py``, ``app/main.py`` (to register handlers)

Phase 2: Critical Path Implementation (Core Functionality) (~2-3 weeks, depends heavily on 2.1)

Goal: Connect the frontend and backend for basic trading and data display. Implement the primary data source.

* **Task 2.1: Implement Data Source / Broker Integration (BLOCKER)**

- * **Priority:** **Highest**. This blocks many other backend services.
- * **Action:** Implement the ``app/services/zerodha_service.py``.
- * **Decision Guidance:**
 - * **Option A (Live Trading):** If Zerodha API keys **ARE** available, fully implement the Kite Connect API calls for ``login``, ``get_profile``, ``get_holdings``, ``get_positions``, ``place_order``,

``get_instruments`, `get_quote`, `get_historical_data`, and WebSocket connection for live ticks. Remove all paper trading fallback logic. Use `httpx` for async API calls. Implement robust error handling for API failures.`

*** **Option B (Reliable Data - No Live Trading):**** If Zerodha keys ****ARE NOT**** available or live trading is deferred, remove the Kite Connect dependency *for now*. Refactor the service (or create a new ``MarketDataService``) to use ``yfinance`` or another reliable library for *all* required data fetching (``get_quote``, ``get_historical_data``, ``get_instruments`` - potentially from a static list). Ensure consistent data structures are returned. Paper trading logic can remain for simulated order execution but ensure it uses the fetched market data correctly.

*** **Files:**** ``app/services/zerodha_service.py``, ``app/models/zerodha.py`` (if using paper trading DB)

*** **Task 2.2: Rewrite Frontend `TradingContext` (BLOCKER)****

*** **Priority:**** ****Highest**** (concurrent with 2.1). This blocks all UI functionality.

*** **Action:**** Completely rewrite ``frontend/src/context/TradingContext.tsx``.

1. Remove *all* ``useState`` variables acting as the fake database (``virtualCash``, ``transactions``, ``watchlist``, ``portfolio``).
2. Remove *all* ``useEffect`` hooks saving/loading from ``localStorage``.
3. Refactor every function (``buyStock``, ``sellStock``, ``addToWatchlist``, etc.) to be an ``async`` function.
4. Inside these functions, call the corresponding backend API endpoints using the consolidated API service (``frontend/src/lib/api.ts``). Use ``useMutation`` hooks from ``react-query`` (``@tanstack/react-query``) for actions that modify data (buy, sell, update watchlist).
5. Do *not* store portfolio, watchlist, or transaction data directly in this context. Rely entirely on ``react-query`` to fetch and cache this server state. This context might only be needed to expose the mutation functions.

*** **Files:**** ``frontend/src/context/TradingContext.tsx``, ``frontend/src/lib/api.ts``, ``frontend/src/lib/queries.ts``

*** **Task 2.3: Refactor Core UI Components****

*** **Action:**** Go through pages and components currently using ``useTrading()``: ``Dashboard.tsx``, ``Trading.tsx``, ``StockDetails.tsx``, ``Transactions.tsx``, ``PortfolioSummary.tsx``, etc..

*** **Action:**** Remove calls to ``useTrading()`` for fetching data.

*** **Action:**** Replace data fetching with the appropriate ``react-query`` hooks from ``frontend/src/lib/queries.ts`` (e.g., ``usePortfolio``, ``useWatchlist``, ``useTransactions``).

*** **Action:**** Implement UI states based on ``react-query`` hook status (``isLoading``, ``isError``, ``data``). Use ``Skeleton`` components for loading states and ``Alert`` components or ``Toast`` notifications for errors.

*** **Action:**** Connect action buttons (Buy, Sell, Add to Watchlist) to the mutation functions exposed by the rewritten ``TradingContext`` or directly via ``useMutation`` hooks.

*** **Files:**** ``frontend/src/pages/*.tsx``, ``frontend/src/components/dashboard/*.tsx``, ``frontend/src/components/TradingActions.tsx``, etc.

Phase 3: Backend Service Implementation & API Expansion (~2-4 weeks, depending on service complexity)

Goal: Implement placeholder services and expose them via APIs. Prioritize based on dependencies and perceived value.

Task 3.1: Implement `backtest.py`

Action: Implement the `_get_historical_data` method using the data source established in Task 2.1 (`ZerodhaService` or `yfinance`).

Action: Implement `analyze_results` helpers to calculate Sharpe ratio, Max Drawdown, CAGR, etc., using standard financial formulas.

Action: Create API endpoints in `app/api/v1/endpoints/backtests.py` (or similar) for `run_backtest`, `optimize_parameters`, and fetching results. Use Pydantic models for request/response validation. Ensure proper background task handling (e.g., using `FastAPI BackgroundTasks` or Celery) for potentially long-running backtests/optimizations.

Files: `app/services/backtest.py`, `app/api/v1/endpoints/backtests.py`, `app/schemas/trading.py` (add backtest schemas)

Task 3.2: Implement `fundamental_analysis.py`

Action: Implement data fetching (`_get_balance_sheet`, etc.) using the data source from Task 2.1 or `yfinance`'s `Ticker` object methods (`.info`, `.financials`, `.balance_sheet`, etc.).

Action: Implement financial ratio calculations based on standard formulas.

Action: Create an API endpoint in a new file `app/api/v1/endpoints/analysis.py` to expose `get_comprehensive_analysis`. Ensure a well-structured response using Pydantic models. Use caching (`@cache_response`) aggressively here.

Files: `app/services/fundamental_analysis.py`, `app/api/v1/endpoints/analysis.py` (new), `app/schemas/market.py` (add analysis schemas)

Task 3.3: Implement `report_generator.py` (Consolidated)

Action: Implement the placeholder methods in the refactored `ReportGenerator` class by calling functional services (`sentiment.py`, `competitor.py`, `fundamental_analysis.py` once implemented).

Action: Implement basic PDF generation using `reportlab` based on fetched data. Consider a simple AI summary using an LLM API if available, otherwise use a template.

Action: Create an API endpoint in `app/api/v1/endpoints/reports.py` to trigger report generation (potentially as a background task) and return the report (e.g., as a downloadable file or link).

Files: `app/services/report_generator.py`, `app/api/v1/endpoints/reports.py` (new or refactor existing mock), `app/schemas/report.py` (new or refactor)

Task 3.4: Address `ml_model.joblib` / `ml_predictions.py`

Action: Follow the solution from the Architect Overview: Attempt introspection (load model, check `feature_names_in_`, `classes_`, log version warning).

Action: If unclear, implement a simple, transparent placeholder model (e.g., moving average crossover strategy signal) within `ml_predictions.py`. Clearly document this change.

Action: Ensure the `app/api/v1/endpoints/ml.py` endpoint correctly calls the (potentially new placeholder) prediction logic and uses appropriate Pydantic models. Document the placeholder status clearly in code comments and `docs/`.

Files: `app/services/ml_predictions.py`, `ml_model.joblib` (potentially discard),

```
`app/api/v1/endpoints/ml.py`
```

```
***Task 3.5: Enhance `screener.py`***
```

```
***Action:** Replace the hardcoded stock list with a dynamic list from the Task 2.1 data source (e.g., fetched instruments).
```

```
***Action:** Create an API endpoint in `app/api/v1/endpoints/screener.py` accepting filter criteria via Pydantic model and returning matching stocks. Implement pagination using `app/utils/pagination.py`.
```

```
***Files:** `app/services/screener.py`, `app/api/v1/endpoints/screener.py` (new or refactor mock), `app/schemas/market.py` (add screener schemas)
```

```
***Task 3.6: Implement Other High-Value Services (Selectively)**
```

```
***Action:** Implement APIs and necessary service logic for:
```

```
* `forecasting.py`: Requires API endpoint and Pydantic models.
```

```
* `sentiment.py`: Ensure robust API endpoint exists.
```

```
* `technical_analysis.py`: Implement placeholder patterns/support-resistance if feasible.
```

```
Requires API endpoint.
```

```
* `optimizer.py`: Review/replace logic if needed. Requires API endpoint.
```

```
* `competitor.py`: Fix logic. Requires API endpoint.
```

```
* Consider implementing `anomaly_detection.py`, `regime_detection.py`, `event_impact.py` if time permits and value is clear.
```

```
***Action:** For *each* service implemented, create corresponding API endpoints in `app/api/v1/endpoints/`, ensuring RESTful design and Pydantic validation. Add necessary schemas in `app/schemas/`. Apply caching where appropriate. Implement consistent error handling.
```

```
***Files:** `app/services/*.py`, `app/api/v1/endpoints/*.py`, `app/schemas/*.py`
```

```
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```

Phase 4: Frontend Expansion & Refinement (~2-3 weeks)

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**Goal:** Build UI for newly implemented backend features and refine existing UI.
```

```
***Task 4.1: Build UI for Implemented Services**
```

```
***Action:** Connect existing placeholder pages to their corresponding backend APIs using `react-query` hooks from `frontend/src/lib/queries.ts`:
```

```
* `Screener.tsx` -> Screener API
```

```
* `Optimizer.tsx` -> Optimizer API
```

```
* `Research.tsx` -> Fundamental Analysis API, Competitor API, Sentiment API
```

```
* `Reports.tsx` -> Report Generator API
```

```
***Action:** Design and build *new* pages/components for high-value features implemented in Phase 3:
```

```
***Backtesting:** UI for config, running, results (equity curve, metrics table). Needs charting lib.
```

```
***Forecasting:** UI for config, displaying forecast chart. Needs charting lib.
```

```
***Technical Analysis:** Integrate TA indicators display into `StockChart.tsx`. Needs charting lib integration.
```

```
***Action:** Ensure all new UI includes proper loading (`Skeleton`), error (`Alert`/`Toast`), and empty states.
```

```
***Files:** `frontend/src/pages/*.tsx`, `frontend/src/components/**/*.*tsx`,
```


`frontend/src/lib/queries.ts`, `frontend/src/lib/api.ts`

*****Task 4.2: Frontend State Management Review****

*****Action:**** Ensure clear separation between server state (`react-query`) and global UI state (React Context/Zustand for theme, auth status). Refactor if necessary.

*****Files:**** `frontend/src/context/*.tsx`, `frontend/src/App.tsx`, potentially introduce Zustand store.

*****Task 4.3: UI Component Library Assessment & Charting****

*****Action:**** Evaluate if `shadcn/ui` components are sufficient for new UIs, especially charts.

*****Action:**** Add and configure a charting library (e.g., `recharts`, `react-chartjs-2`, `tremor`). Integrate it into `StockChart.tsx` and new components for Backtesting/Forecasting.

*****Files:**** `frontend/src/components/ui/`, `frontend/package.json`, `frontend/src/components/dashboard/StockChart.tsx`, new chart components.

Phase 5: Testing & Quality Assurance (~1-2 weeks)

****Goal:**** Ensure application correctness and stability through comprehensive testing.

*****Task 5.1: Discard `testsprite_tests`****

*****Action:**** Delete the entire `testsprite_tests/` directory and related root files (`run_testsprite_tests.py`, `testsprite_config.json`). Its value is informational (test plan) and diagnostic (report).

*****Files:**** `testsprite_tests/`, `run_testsprite_tests.py`, `testsprite_config.json`

*****Task 5.2: Implement Backend Test Plan in `pytest`****

*****Action:**** Use `testsprite_backend_test_plan.json` (before deleting) and `tests/TEST_PLAN.md` as requirements.

*****Action:**** Implement API integration tests in `tests/api/` for all functional endpoints, covering scenarios from the `testsprite` plan (auth flow, trading operations, etc.). Use the `client` fixture from `conftest.py`. Fix bugs identified in the `testsprite-mcp-test-report.md` (e.g., login username/email mismatch).

*****Action:**** Write unit tests for complex logic within services (e.g., financial calculations, backtest metrics, prediction logic if custom model is used). Place these in corresponding test files (e.g., `tests/services/test_fundamental_analysis.py`).

*****Action:**** Ensure tests cover success cases, failure cases (invalid input, permissions), and edge cases. Mock external dependencies (like broker APIs or `yfinance`) where necessary for unit tests.

*****Files:**** `tests/**/*.py`, `tests/conftest.py`

*****Task 5.3: Implement Basic Frontend Tests****

*****Action:**** Set up Vitest and React Testing Library (confirm config in `vite.config.ts`).

*****Action:**** Write basic rendering and interaction tests for critical components: `Login.tsx`, `TradingActions.tsx`, key forms for Screener/Optimizer/Backtesting. Focus on ensuring elements render and form submissions can be initiated.

*****Files:**** `frontend/src/**/*.test.tsx` (new), `frontend/vite.config.ts`

Phase 6: Production Hardening & DevOps (~1 week)

****Goal:**** Secure the application, finalize CI/CD, and establish a deployment strategy.

*** **Task 6.1: Implement Security Measures****

*** **Action:**** Modify `Dockerfile` to create and run the application as a non-root user.

*** **Action:**** Implement CSRF protection (e.g., using `python-multipart` and FastAPI's `Request` object with form data or custom middleware checking headers/tokens) in `app/core/security.py` or `app/main.py`.

*** **Action:**** Refactor `RateLimitMiddleware` in `app/core/security.py` to use Redis (via `app.core.cache`) for distributed rate limiting.

*** **Action:**** Implement JWT token blacklisting on logout (e.g., storing revoked JTI in Redis with expiry) within the authentication logic in `app/api/v1/endpoints/auth.py` and `app/core/security.py`.

*** **Files:**** `Dockerfile`, `app/core/security.py`, `app/main.py`, `app/api/v1/endpoints/auth.py`, `app.core.cache.py`

*** **Task 6.2: Finalize CI/CD Pipeline****

*** **Action:**** Consolidate GitHub Actions workflows. ****Decision:**** Use `ci-cd.yml` as the base.

*** **Action:**** Merge essential steps from `test.yml` (multi-python testing, `bandit`, `safety`) and `ci.yml` (linting/formatting checks - `black`, `flake8`, `mypy`) into the `test` job of `ci-cd.yml`. Configure tools via `pyproject.toml` where possible.

*** **Action:**** Ensure the `test` job runs the complete `pytest` suite (from Phase 5) using `requirements-test.txt`.

*** **Action:**** Configure the `build` job to build the final multi-stage Docker image (from Task 6.3) and push it to a container registry (e.g., Docker Hub, GHCR).

*** **Action:**** Configure the `deploy` job for the chosen strategy (e.g., SSH into server and run `docker-compose pull && docker-compose up -d`, or trigger a Kubernetes deployment update). Use GitHub secrets for credentials/keys.

*** **Action:**** Delete `ci.yml` and `test.yml`.

*** **Files:**** `.github/workflows/ci-cd.yml`, `.github/workflows/ci.yml` (delete), `.github/workflows/test.yml` (delete), `pyproject.toml`

*** **Task 6.3: Define and Implement Deployment Strategy****

*** **Action:**** ****Decision:**** Standardize on Docker deployment. Deprecate Vercel strategy.

*** **Action:**** Create/Refine a multi-stage `Dockerfile`. Stage 1 (`node` base): install frontend deps, build static assets. Stage 2 (`python` base): install backend deps (`requirements.txt`). Final stage (`python-slim` base): copy backend code from Stage 2, copy built frontend assets from Stage 1 into a `./static` directory, install runtime deps only, create non-root user, run `uvicorn` via `CMD`. Ensure FastAPI serves static files from `./static`.

*** **Action:**** Create `docker-compose.yml` defining services for the backend application, PostgreSQL database, and Redis. Use volumes for persistent data. Configure networking and environment variables.

*** **Action:**** Update `ci-cd.yml`'s deploy job to use `docker-compose` commands via SSH.

*** **Action:**** Delete `vercel.json`.

*** **Files:**** `Dockerfile`, `docker-compose.yml` (new), `.github/workflows/ci-cd.yml`, `vercel.json` (delete), `app/main.py` (add static files mount)

*** **Task 6.4: Developer Setup & Seeding Scripts****

*** **Action:**** Ensure `scripts/create_tables.py` is ****removed**** or updated to use Alembic (`alembic upgrade head`). Ensure `alembic/env.py` correctly reads the database URL from

config. The primary mechanism for schema management must be Alembic.

Action: Review and enhance `scripts/seed_database.py` to provide sufficient and realistic sample data (users, strategies, market data if using paper trading mode) for local development and testing. Make it idempotent if possible.

Files: `scripts/create_tables.py` (deprecate/remove), `alembic/env.py`, `alembic.ini`, `scripts/seed_database.py`

Phase 7: Final Review & Documentation (~1-2 days)

Goal: Ensure all documentation is consolidated, accurate, and reflects the final state.

* Task 7.1: Consolidate Documentation *

Action: Move this `AGENT_ACTION_PLAN.md` to `docs/action-plan.md`.

Action: Move the `FINAL_ARCHITECT_OVERVIEW.md` to `docs/architect-overview.md`.

Action: Merge relevant content from `architecture.md` into `docs/architect-overview.md`. Delete `architecture.md`.

Action: Review and update `docs/deployment.md`, `docs/api_examples.md`, `docs/backup-recovery.md`, ensuring they reflect the final implementation and Docker deployment strategy. Add `docs/environment.md` (from Task 1.5).

Action: Move all other relevant root markdown files (`PROJECT_SUMMARY.md`, `TESTSPRITE_GUIDE.md` - archive if obsolete) into `/docs` or an `/archive` subfolder.

Action: Update the root `README.md` to be concise, explain the project briefly, mention setup using `docker-compose`, and link prominently to `/docs/architect-overview.md` as the main entry point for developers.

Files: All `*.md` files, `/docs/` directory.

* Task 7.2: Final Code Review and Cleanup *

Action: Perform a final pass through the codebase, removing any remaining commented-out code, TODOs (that were addressed), or unused imports/variables. Ensure consistent formatting (`black`). Run linters (`flake8`, `mypy`) and fix violations.

Files: Entire codebase (`app/`, `frontend/src/`)

* Task 7.3: Pre-Production Check *

Action: Build the final Docker image. Deploy to a staging environment using `docker-compose.yml`.

Action: Run Alembic migration (`alembic upgrade head`) and seeding script in staging.

Action: Conduct end-to-end testing of core user flows in the staging environment.

Action: Verify all environment variables are correctly set for production deployment (using secrets management, not hardcoding).