UI-case2

August 2, 2020

1 UI - Case 2 for Yelp User Modeling

2 - Expand more similar users from seed users

Before started this visualization, you shall have generated data by following this ReadMe file ReadMe file: https://github.com/hycinthgeo/YelpUserModeling by running python main.py Since nearest neighbor is an expensive computation with slower compute than cosine similarity, I randomly genearted

a subset of the raw user table, and a subset of the transformed "allData" table, and

Please feel free to generate more test data, by enabling the following cell, and changing num_rand_members.

```
In [1]: # random generate subset of users
        import sys
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        sys.path.append('src/python')
        import random_generator as rg
        num_rand_members = 1000
        #rq.generate_random_case2_inputs(num_rand_members)
        io_config = pd.read_json("configs/data-pipeline.json", typ='Series')
        output_user_list = io_config["output path for user list-case2"]
        # raw user data with randomly selected records
        user_path_subset = io_config["data path for user table-case2"]
        raw = pd.read_csv(user_path_subset)
        # transformed data of features
        input_path_raw_data_subset = io_config["all transformed data-case2"]
        alldata = pd.read_csv(input_path_raw_data_subset)
```

2.1 Load recommended user_list prepared during main.py

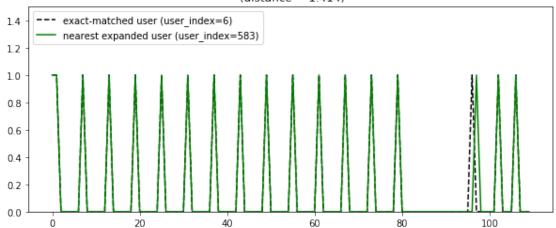
```
out_df.loc[num_exact_match-2:num_exact_match+8]
```

```
Out[2]:
            user_idx dist_from_exact_match user_source
                                   0.000000 exact_match
        64
                 995
        65
                 997
                                   0.000000 exact_match
        66
                 583
                                   1.414214
                                             expanded-6
        67
                 228
                                   2.000000 expanded-29
                                             expanded-29
        68
                 355
                                   2.000000
        69
                 269
                                   2.000000
                                             expanded-44
        70
                 919
                                   2.236068
                                             expanded-44
        71
                 120
                                   2.236068
                                             expanded-44
        72
                 273
                                   2.645751
                                             expanded-58
        73
                 657
                                   3.162278
                                             expanded-58
        74
                 208
                                   3.316625
                                             expanded-58
```

2.2 Detailed example picked from the first expanded audience with close distance to the exact match

```
In [3]: # example
        seed_id = 6
        fig_setup = 110
        fig = plt.figure(figsize = (10, 4))
        fig.add_subplot(fig_setup+1)
        plt.plot(alldata.loc[seed_id].values, '--k')
        list_exp_user_idx = out_df[out_df['user_source'] == 'expanded-'+str(seed_id)]['user_idx'
        list_exp_distance = out_df[out_df['user_source'] == 'expanded-'+str(seed_id)]['dist_from
        for i, idx in enumerate(list_exp_user_idx):
            if idx != seed_id:
                plt.plot(alldata.loc[idx].values, '-g')
                plt.title("Feature vectors of a pair exact-expanded users\n (distance = %4.3f)"%
                          (list_exp_distance[i]))
        plt.legend(['exact-matched user (user_index=%d)'%seed_id, "nearest expanded user (user_i
                  loc="upper left")
        plt.ylim([0, 1.5])
        fig.subplots_adjust(hspace = 0.5)
        plt.show()
```

Feature vectors of a pair exact-expanded users (distance = 1.414)



```
In [4]: pd.set_option('display.max_colwidth', -1)
        print("raw info from User Table for user_idx = %d"%seed_id)
        raw.loc[seed_id]
raw info from User Table for user_idx = 6
Out[4]: average_stars
                         5
                         {}
        compliments
                         Г٦
        elite
        fans
                         1
        friends
                         ['xX5Y2-Tp_4SuZea85DoINQ', 'Ky1BXFCOkUpWcIep3Im09w', 'LMGEfmk2Sn6ONgzcs
        name
        review_count
        type
                         user
                         E6wju5MjKQEH22h7j7p7zg
        user_id
                         {'funny': 0, 'useful': 0, 'cool': 0}
        votes
                         2012-12
        yelping_since
        Name: 6, dtype: object
In [5]: pd.set_option('display.max_colwidth', -1)
        print("raw info from User Table for the nearest expanded user %d from user_idx = %d"%\
              (list_exp_user_idx[0], seed_id))
        raw.loc[list_exp_user_idx[0]]
raw info from User Table for the nearest expanded user 583 from user_idx = 6
Out[5]: average_stars
                         4.75
```

{}

compliments

```
[]
elite
fans
                1
                ['faUI71jrmCAaBZfnE9Jefg', 'IQw7tFdFG9KRH7HlwrMyww', 'XywdfdjVPYLVtKpWC
friends
name
                herve
review_count
                4
type
                user
user_id
                681gvHz1LAJAuoxz6ByQug
                {'funny': 0, 'useful': 0, 'cool': 0}
votes
```

yelping_since 2009-03 Name: 583, dtype: object

2.3 Summary

As demostrated in this case, besides the "yelping_since", other attributes are aligned, thus marked a quality expansion