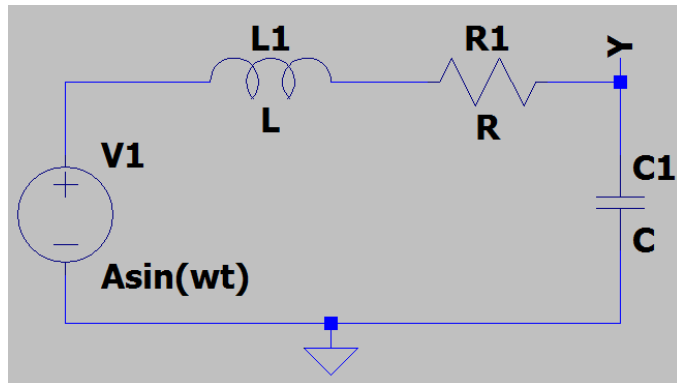


# RLC Transfer Function

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Finding The State Space Formula from above circuit, with input is the V1 (sinusoidal) and the output we want to analyze are Y (C1 Voltage) and current in the circuit.

First we should understand the equation of state space which are:

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= Ax + Bu \\ y &= Cx + Du\end{aligned}$$

Where, A, B, C, D is matrix. The u is the input, x is the state space variable, and y is the output. Since we want to know the Y output in the circuit, we can decide our state space variable is  $V_c$  and  $I$ . So :

$$x_1 = V_c ; x_2 = I;$$

Finding  $\dot{x}_1$ :

$$I_c = C \frac{dV_c(t)}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV_c(t)}{dt} = \frac{1}{C} I_c ; I_c = I = x_2 ; \quad \dot{x}_1 = \frac{1}{C} x_2;$$

Finding  $\dot{x}_2$ :

$$V = V_L + V_R + V_c$$

$$V = L \frac{di(t)}{dt} + IR + V_c$$

$$\frac{di(t)}{dt} = \left( \frac{V}{L} - \frac{IR}{L} - \frac{V_c}{L} \right) ; \quad V = u ; I = x_2 ; V_c = x_1$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -\frac{1}{L} x_1 - \frac{R}{L} x_2 + \frac{1}{L} u$$

Finding  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  is simple since it is same with  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ :

$$y_1 = V_c ; y_1 = x_1$$

$$y_2 = x_2 ;$$

By put the  $\dot{x}_1$  and  $\dot{x}_2$  ,  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  to the state space equation formula we got:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{L} & -\frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix}; B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{L} \end{bmatrix}; C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = A \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + Bu; \quad \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{L} & -\frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{L} \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = C \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + Du; \quad \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = C \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u;$$

Transfer function is the Laplace Transform of the State Space Equation.

From:

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$y = Cx + Du;$$

$$sX(s) = AX(s) + BU(s)$$

$$BU(s) = sX(s) - AX(s); \quad BU(s) = X(s)[Is - A];$$

$$X(s) = [sI - A]^{-1}BU(s)$$

$$Y(s) = CX(s) + DU(s) \quad ; \text{Substitute } X(s) \text{ from above}$$

$$Y(s) = C[sI - A]^{-1}BU(s) + DU(s) \quad ; \text{Separate } U(s)$$

$$Y(s) = U(s)(C[sI - A]^{-1}B + D)$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = C[sI - A]^{-1}B + D$$

Based on the state space we got from the previous page:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{L} & -\frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix}; B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{L} \end{bmatrix}; C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M = [sI - A]^{-1}$$

$$M = \left[ \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 \\ 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{L} & -\frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix} \right]^{-1} = \left[ \begin{bmatrix} s & -\frac{1}{C} \\ \frac{1}{L} & s + \frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix} \right]^{-1} = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} s + \frac{R}{L} & \frac{1}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{L} & s \end{bmatrix}}{\det \begin{bmatrix} s & -\frac{1}{C} \\ \frac{1}{L} & s + \frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix}} = \frac{LC}{s^2LC + sRC + 1} \begin{bmatrix} s + \frac{R}{L} & \frac{1}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{L} & s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = CMB + D = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \frac{LC}{s^2LC + sRC + 1} \begin{bmatrix} s + \frac{R}{L} & \frac{1}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{L} & s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{L} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{(s^2LC + sRC + 1)} \\ \frac{SC}{(s^2LC + sRC + 1)} \end{bmatrix}$$