## Lab 1. Digital Logic Implemented on a Microcontroller

All students do Lab 1 by themselves (no partner for Lab 1)

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## **Preparation**

Read Chapters 1 and 2 of the book

Read Sections 3.1, 3.2, 3.3.1-3.3.5, 3.3.9, 3.3.10, 4.1.2 and 4.2 of the book

Install and run Keil uVision on your personal computer

Download, unzip, open, compile, and run these four projects (either in lab or on your personal computer)

http://edx-org-utaustinx.s3.amazonaws.com/UT601x/EE319K InstallSpring2016.exe Labs 1-4

SimpleProject\_4C123asm.zip Random number generator with no I/O

**GPIO 4C123asm.zip** Simple output to Port D

Switch\_4C123asm.zipSimple input from Port A, LED on Port FInputOutput\_4C123asm.zipMore complex with inputs and outputs to Port FLab1\_EE319K\_asmStarter project with links to grading engine

Lab1\_EE319K\_C Starter project for HW3

## **Purpose**

The general purpose of this laboratory is to familiarize you with the software development steps using the **uVision** simulator. Starting with Lab 2, we will use uVision for both simulation and debugging on the real board, but for this lab, we will use just the simulator. You will learn how to perform digital input/output on parallel ports of the LM4F120/TM4C123. Software skills you will learn include port initialization, logic operations, and unconditional branching.

## **System Requirements**

The specific device you will create is a digital lock with three binary switch inputs and one LED output. The LED output represents the lock, and the operator will toggle the switches in order to unlock the door. Let **PE2** (Port E bit 2) be the Boolean variable representing the lock (0 means LED is off and door is locked, 1 means LED is on and door is unlocked). Let **PE3** (Port E bit 3 is one input switch), **PE4** (Port E bit 4 is a second input switch) and **PE5** (Port E bit 5 is a third switch) be Boolean variables representing the state of the three switches (1 means the switch is not pressed, and 0 means the switch is pressed). The LED should come on if all three switches are pressed. The **PE2**=1 if and only if **PE5**=0 **PE4**=0 and **PE3**=0. The specific function you will implement is

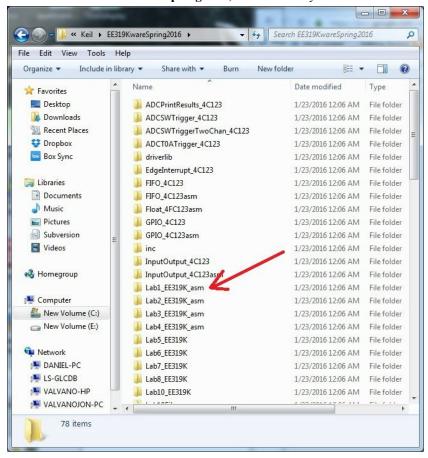
PE2 = (not(PE3)) and (not(PE4)) and (not(PE5))

#### **Procedure**

The basic approach to this lab will be to develop and debug your system using the simulator.

# Part a - Create Keil Project

To create a Lab 1 Project, perform these tasks. Find a place on your harddrive to save all your LM4F120/TM4C123 software. In Figure 1.1 it is called **EE319KwareSpring2016**, created when you install the .exe.



*Figure 1.1. Directory structure with your Lab1.* 

It is important for the directory structure to look like Figure 1.1. Download and unzip the starter configuration from <a href="http://edx-org-utaustinx.s3.amazonaws.com/UT601x/EE319K\_InstallSpring2016.exe">http://edx-org-utaustinx.s3.amazonaws.com/UT601x/EE319K\_InstallSpring2016.exe</a> into this location. We will place our projects in folders like my Lab 1.

Find the four example projects listed above. Begin with the Lab1\_EE319K\_asm project. Notice the folder for each project is in EE319KwareSpring2016. Either double click the uvproj file or open the project from within uVision. Make sure you can compile it and run on the simulator. Please contact your TA if the starter project does not compile or run on the simulator. Startup.s contains assembly source code to define the stack, reset vector, and interrupt vectors. All projects in this class will include this file, and you should not need to make any changes to the Startup.s file. main.s will contain your assembly source code for this lab. You will edit the main.s file.

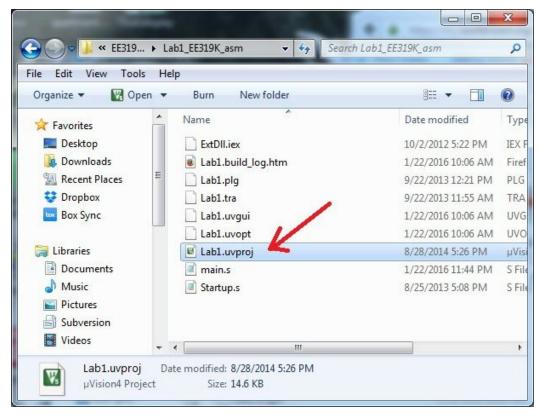


Figure 1.2. Start Keil by opening the Lab1.uvproj file.

You should rename the Lab1 starter folder to include your EIDs. Add your names and the most recent date to the comments at the top of main.s. This code shows the basic template for the first few labs. You will not need global variables in this lab.

```
THUMB
       AREA
                DATA, ALIGN=2
;global variables go here
       ALIGN
       AREA
                |.text|, CODE, READONLY, ALIGN=2
       EXPORT
                Start
Start
;initialization code goes here
loop
; the body of the code goes here
           loop
       ALIGN
       END
```

Program 1.1. Assembly language template.

To run the Lab 1 simulator, you must do two things. First, execute Project->Options and select the Debug tab. The debug parameter field must include **-dEE319KLab1**. Second, the EE319KLab1.dll file must be added to your Keil\ARM\BIN folder. The debugging dynamic link libraries should go into Keil\ARM\BIN when you install the .exe.

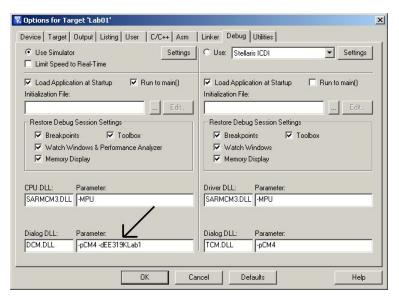


Figure 1.3. Debug the software using the simulator (DCM.DLL -pCM4 -dEE319KLab1).

### Part b - Draw Flow Chart

Write a flowchart for this program. We expect 5 to 15 symbols in the flow chart.

## Part c - Write Pseudocode

Write pseudocode for this program. We expect 5 to 10 steps in the pseudo code. You may use any syntax you wish, but the algorithm should be clear.

# Part d - Write Assembly

You will write assembly code that inputs from PE3, PE4, and PE5 and outputs to PE2. You can copy and paste the address definitions for Port E from the **lm4f120.s** or **tm4c123gh6pm.s** file (listed below).

GPIO_PORTE_DATA_R	EQU	0x400243FC
GPIO_PORTE_DIR_R	EQU	0x40024400
GPIO_PORTE_AFSEL_R	EQU	0x40024420
GPIO_PORTE_DEN_R	EQU	0x4002451C
GPIO_PORTE_AMSEL_R	EQU	0x40024528
GPIO_PORTE_PCTL_R	EQU	0x4002452C
SYSCTL_RCGCGPIO_R	EQU	0x400FE608

The opening comments include: file name, overall objectives, hardware connections, specific functions, author name, TA, and date. The **equ** pseudo-op is used to define port addresses. Global variables are declared in RAM, and the main program is placed in EEPROM. The 32-bit contents at ROM address 0x000000004 define where the computer will begin execution after a power is turned on or after the reset button is pressed.

```
;************ main.s *********
; Program written by: ***Your Name**update this***
 Date Created: 1/22/2016
; Last Modified: 1/22/2016
 Section ***Tuesday 1-2***update this***
 Instructor: ***Ramesh Yerraballi**update this***
 Lab number: 1
; Brief description of the program
 The overall objective of this system is a digital lock
; Hardware connections
  PE3 is switch input (1 means switch not pressed, 0 means switch pressed)
                        (1 means switch not pressed, 0 means switch pressed)
  PE4 is switch input
  PE5 is switch input (1 means switch not pressed, 0 means switch pressed)
  PE2 is LED output (0 means door is locked, 1 means door is unlocked)
 The specific operation of this system is to
    unlock if all three switches are pressed
Program 1.2. Required comments at the top of every file.
```

To interact with the I/O during simulation, make sure that View->Periodic Window Update is checked or the simulator will not update! Then, execute the Peripherals->TExaS Port E command. When running the simulator, we check and uncheck bits in the I/O Port box to change input pins (1) (2) and (3). We observe output pin in the window (4). You can also see the other DIR AFSEL DEN and PUR registers. To have the simulator test your Lab 1 solution, click the **Grade** button (5). Your score will be shown in the **Score** box (6). The **Grading Controls** are for the MOOC and are not used for any part of your grade in EE319K this semester

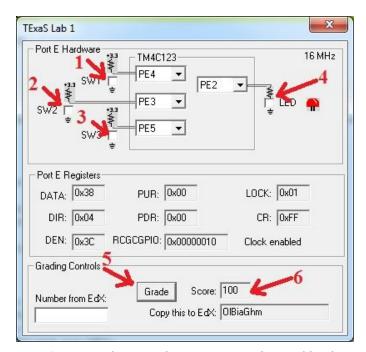


Figure 1.4. In simulation mode, we interact with virtual hardware.

#### **Demonstration**

During the demonstration, you will be asked to run your program to verify proper operation. You should be able to single step your program and explain what your program is doing and why. You need to know how to set and clear breakpoints. You should know how to visualize Port E input/output in the simulator.

### **Deliverables**

Items 1-4 are one pdf file uploaded to Canvas, have this file open during demo.

- 0. Lab 1 grading sheet. You can print it yourself or pick up a copy in lab. You fill out the information at the top.
- 1. Flowchart of the system
- 2. Pseudo code for the algorithm
- 3. Assembly source code of your final **main.s** program
- 4. One screenshot of the Port E window, showing PE2, PE3, PE4, and PE5 showing the case with the LED on
- 5. Optional Feedback: http://goo.gl/forms/rBsP9NTxSy

## **FAQ**

The list of FAQ below are populated from Piazza over the semesters (thanks to the contributions of all past TAs and students). More questions may be posted so please check back regularly.

- 1. Once the "lock" is "unlocked," should the program stop checking and remain unlocked or should the user be able to "re-lock" it by un-pressing the switches?
  - Your program should loop, so yes. After the switches are no longer in "un-lock" configuration, the LED should turn off, entering into the "locked" configuration.
- 2. Our program works as expected when stepping through but when it is run through it does not. What could be causing this? What is an effective way to debug when our debugging method says that the program is working fine but the actual running of the program says otherwise?
  - First check if the "Periodic Window Update" under the "View" tab is on when you are in debugging mode. Also, some run-time errors can occur when setting up the clock register which don't appear when single stepping. Look over and ensure you are writing to the correct register and only affecting those bits required to activate Port E, as well as give enough time for it to start up.
- 3. What is the best way to include the source code for the main.s into the PDF?
  One way to include the source code for the main.s into the PDF is to copy / paste the code into a Word document and then combine that with all of your other deliverables, depending on the lab, and then converting that file to a PDF. Please do not only include a screenshot.
- 4. For the flowchart and pseudocode, do we need to start at the very beginning with all the initialization tasks, or just at the actual logic for locking and unlocking the lock?
  - Your flowchart should cover the entire program that you write. Therefore, initialization should be included. How you represent initialization is up to you. See Part b of Lab 2 as an example.
- 5. Are we allowed to branch?
  - Only unconditional branches are allowed in this lab. You are required to implement this lab using only Boolean logic such as AND, OR, and shifts etc.
- 6. Do both members of our lab group need to turn in a pdf, or do we just turn in one for the two of us? Please both submit you pdf deliverables on Canvas.

- 7. When I try to run the debugger, I get: Error: Could not load file 'C:\Program Files (x86)\Keil\EE319KwareSpring2016\Lab1\_EE319K\Lab1.axf'. Debugger aborted! What should I do? You most likely forgot to build your project before running the debugger. If that doesn't solve the problem, try running Keil as an administrator.
- 8. When I try to build, it gives the errors: Build target 'Lab1', error cannot create command input file '.\startup.\_ia', error cannot create command input file '.\main.\_ia', Target not created! What should I do? Try running Keil as an administrator
- Where can I find the addresses for the different ports?
   Register definitions for the microcontroller may be found here: http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~valvano/arm/tm4c123gh6pm.s
- 10. I edited my code but nothing changes when I re-run it in the debugger!
  If you made changes to your code "in debug mode", you most likely have not re-built your project and therefore your debugger is running the old version of your code. Exit out of debug mode and rebuild your code for the changes to take effect.
- 11. The grader that comes with the simulator says I got x grade for the lab. Am I good to go/ in trouble? The grader is not used officially in this course at all. In fact we encourage you to debug your program on your own rather than relying on the output messages from the grader. Your grade for the lab will be determined by the TA's during checkout
- 12. I cannot find the interactive UI simulator with switches and LEDs when I am in debugging mode! Enable "TExaS Port x" under the "Peripherals" tab. If you do not see the Ports that you are expecting, you most likely do not have the correct DLL file listed in "Debug" tab in "Options for Target" under "Project" tab.
- 13. Keil tells me I have tons of build errors but nothing seems to be wrong with my assembly code. Make sure you instructions are indented. Only the labels are aligned all the way to the left.