

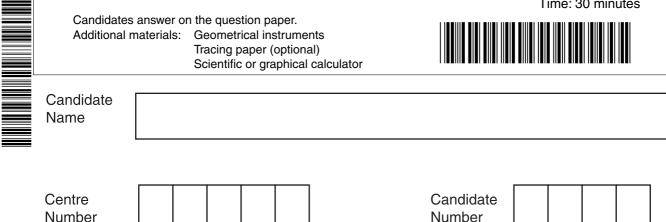
GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION MATHEMATICS C (GRADUATED ASSESSMENT)

MODULE M8 - SECTION B

TUESDAY 13 MARCH 2007

Morning

Time: 30 minutes



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Answer all the questions.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- In many questions marks will be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Do **not** write in the bar code.
- Do **not** write outside the box bordering each page.
- WRITE YOUR ANSWER TO EACH QUESTION IN THE SPACE PROVIDED. ANSWERS WRITTEN ELSEWHERE WILL NOT BE MARKED.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- You are expected to use a calculator in Section B of this paper.
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this Section is 25.
- Section B starts with question 7.
- Use the π button on your calculator or take π to be 3·142 unless the question says otherwise.

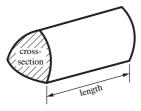
For Examiner's Use		
Section B		

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Formulae Sheet

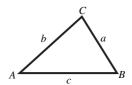
Volume of prism = (area of cross-section) ×length



In any triangle ABC

Sine rule
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$



Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$

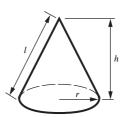
Volume of sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$



Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = πrl



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
, where $a \ne 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

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7 (a) Solve.

$$\frac{5-x}{4} = 3$$

(a)[2]

(b) Solve.

$$3x - 7 > 5$$

(b)[2]

(c) Solve algebraically these simultaneous equations.

$$x + 3y = 8$$
$$5x - y = 16$$

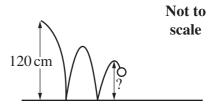




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8 (a) Rudi drops a ball from a height of 120 cm. Each time it hits the ground, it rebounds to 70% of its previous height.

Calculate the height of the rebound after it has hit the ground **twice**.



(a) cm [3]

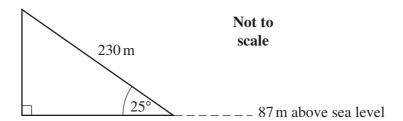
(b) Rudi bought the ball **before** its price went up by 12%. The price for this ball is **now** £6·16.

How much did Rudi pay for his ball?

(b) £	[3]
	6

9

A footpath is 230 m long. It goes straight up a hill at an angle of 25° to the horizontal. The lower end of the footpath is 87 metres above sea level.

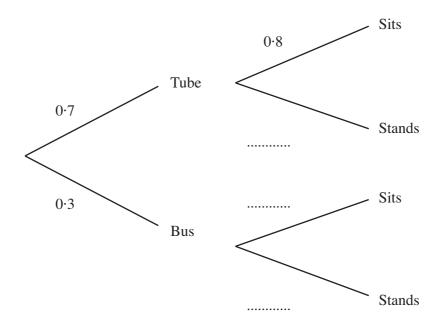


Calculate the height above sea level of the upper end of the footpath.

	m [4]
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10 Neil travels to work in London either by bus or by tube. The probability that he travels by tube is 0.7. Whichever way he travels, the probability that he gets a seat is 0.8.



(a) Complete the tree diagram.

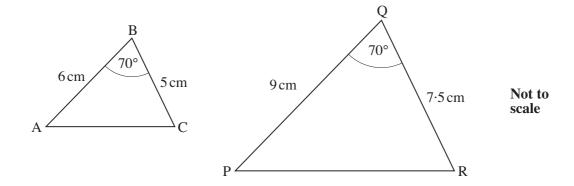
[1]

(b) Calculate the probability that on a workday chosen at random, Neil travels by tube and has to stand.

(b)[2]

3

11



(a)	Explain how you can tell that triangles ABC and PQR are similar.		
	[2		

(b) Given also that PR = 9.5 cm, calculate the length of AC. Give your answer to a sensible degree of accuracy.

(b)	cm	[3]
	5	



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