

Use a calculator for this activity.

In this activity you are going to explore different sequence in which each term is defined as a function of the previous term: this is called an **INDUCTIVE DEFINITION** of a sequence. To complete the definition of the sequence you also need to give the first term.

The first type of sequence you will consider is of the form $u_{n+1} = \frac{u_n + b}{u_n}$ where b is a rational number.

- First consider this sequence: $u_1 = 1$ and $u_{n+1} = \frac{u_n + 6}{u_n}$

Hence, $u_2 = \frac{u_1 + 6}{u_1} = 7$ and $u_3 = 1.857...$

Use the **ANS** button on your calculator to continue the sequence. You should find that, by the time you get to u_{20} , you can see that the sequence is converging to **3** (it alternates between being above and below **3**).

Does the sequence converge to **3** for other values of u_1 ?

- Now consider $b = 2$, $b = 12$ and other positive values of b .
- Now consider $b = -1$ and other negative values of b between -1 and 0 .
- Can you predict how the sequence will behave from its inductive definition?
- Can you explain any of your findings?