## Section A

1	(a)	10	2	M1: 25 or –15 seen
	<b>(b)</b>	$n = \frac{C+5}{10}$ (o.e.)	2	<b>M1:</b> $n$ omitted <b>or</b> one correct step in rearrangement: e.g. $C + 5 = 10n$ <b>or</b> $C/10 = n - 0.5$ <b>SC1:</b> other $n = \frac{\pm C \pm 5}{10}$
) #1 ( + <b>0</b> ) + <b>#</b> 1 - #		1	4	
2	(a)	15	2	M1: 15/40 or 3/8 × 40 or 120/8 or 5 seen
	(b)	5/40 or 1/8 or 0·125 or 12·5% (o.e.) i.s.w.	1	
aracan day.			3	
3		60 000 ÷ 60  = 1000 (so 100 too small) (o.e.) or 'it is too small'	1	or equiv. argument, e.g. 100 × 60 [= 6000] or 60 000 ÷ 100 [= 600] at least one of 62 and 58900 or 95 must be rounded; condone 62 rounded to 100
			2	
4	(a)	$\frac{24}{28}$ or $\frac{12}{14}$ or $\frac{6}{7}$ or other equivalent fraction; i.s.w.	2	<b>M1:</b> $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{7}$ (o.e.) or $\frac{6}{8} \div \frac{7}{8}$
	(b) (i)	$2 \times 3^2 \times 7$ or $2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7$	2	M1: division of 126 by two or more of 2,3,7 or factor tree seen with two or more of 2,3,7 or answer given with two of these
C	(ii)	14 <b>or</b> 2 × 7; c.a.o.	1	
	1		5	
5	(a)	53 62	1 2	accept angles on diagrams throughout if nothing on answer lines  M1: 115 – 'their p' or 180 – ('their p' + 65) (may be implied by answer)
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	(b)	164	1 1	
		angle at centre (of circle) is twice angle at circumference	1	at least one of 'centre' and 'circumference' must be mentioned
	<u> </u>		5	
6		perp. bisector of AB drawn circle centre A, radius 7 cm	1	at least 4 cm long, within 2 mm of centre of AB and perpendicular to AB by eye at least relevant part near B drawn tol. = 2mm
	<del> </del>	correct shading of segment	3	f.t. from their straight line and circle only
7	17-5			
7	(a)	$x \ge 3$ ; i.s.w.	2	M1: $2x \ge 6$ or $x - 0.5 \ge 2.5$ or $x = 3$ or $x > 3$ ; or 3 given as answer
	(b)	closed circle at 3 and line to right of 3, continuing to end of line (mark their intent)	1	or f.t. their inequality in (a); condone open circle
	L.		3	
	VIIV.		25	