

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS C (Graduated Assessment)



HIGHER TERMINAL PAPER - SECTION B

Monday

5 JUNE 2006

Afternoon

1 hour

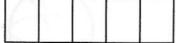
Candidates answer on the question paper.

Additional materials:

Geometrical instruments Scientific calculator Tracing paper (optional)

Candidat	е
Name	

Centre Number



Candidate Number

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TIME

1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the boxes above.
- Answer all the questions.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- In many questions marks will be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Do not write in the bar code.
- Do not write outside the box bordering each page.
- WRITE YOUR ANSWER TO EACH QUESTION IN THE SPACE PROVIDED. ANSWERS WRITTEN ELSEWHERE WILL NOT BE MARKED.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- You are expected to use a calculator in Section B of this paper.
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this Section is 50.
- Section B starts with question 11.
- Use the π button on your calculator or take π to be 3-142 unless the question says otherwise.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE

Section B

This question paper consists of 12 printed pages.

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	(a)
the nean time	a something the stretch (1) (2)
	es to increase a

5



12 In a snooker competition, the length of time, t minutes, taken to complete each of 60 frames was recorded.

The results are summarised in the table below.

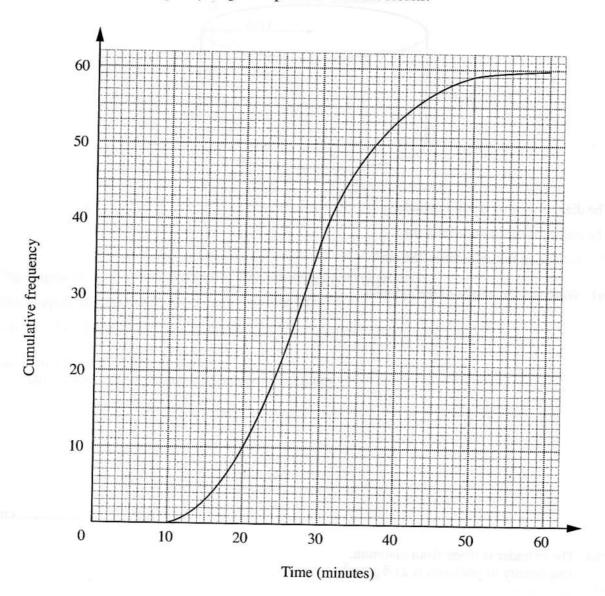
Time (t minutes)	Frequency
$10 < t \le 20$	10
$20 < t \le 30$	27
30 < <i>t</i> ≤ 40	16
$40 < t \le 50$	6
$50 < t \le 60$	1

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

(a)minutes [4]



(b) This cumulative frequency diagram represents the same results.



Use the diagram to estimate

(i) the median time,

(b)(i)minutes [1]

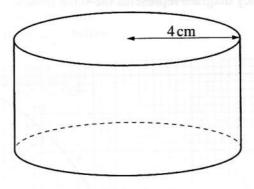
(ii) the number of frames which lasted more than 35 minutes.

(ii)[2]

7



13



The diagram shows a solid cylinder.

The radius of the cylinder is 4 cm.

The volume of the cylinder is $186\,\mathrm{cm}^3$.

(a) Work out the height of the cylinder.

(a)cm	[3]
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(b) The cylinder is made from platinum. The density of platinum is 21.5 g/cm³.

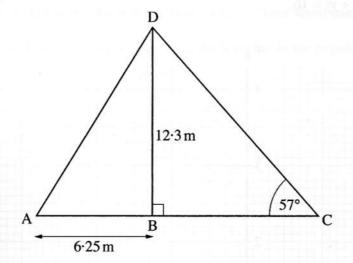
Work out the weight, in grams, of the cylinder.

(b)g [2]

5



14



Not to scale

The diagram shows a vertical flagpole, BD, standing on level ground.

The flagpole is supported by two ropes, AD and CD.

AB = 6.25 m, BD = 12.3 m and angle $BCD = 57^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate the length of AD.

Give your answer to a sensible degree of accuracy.

(a)	m	[4]	
(a)		[4]	

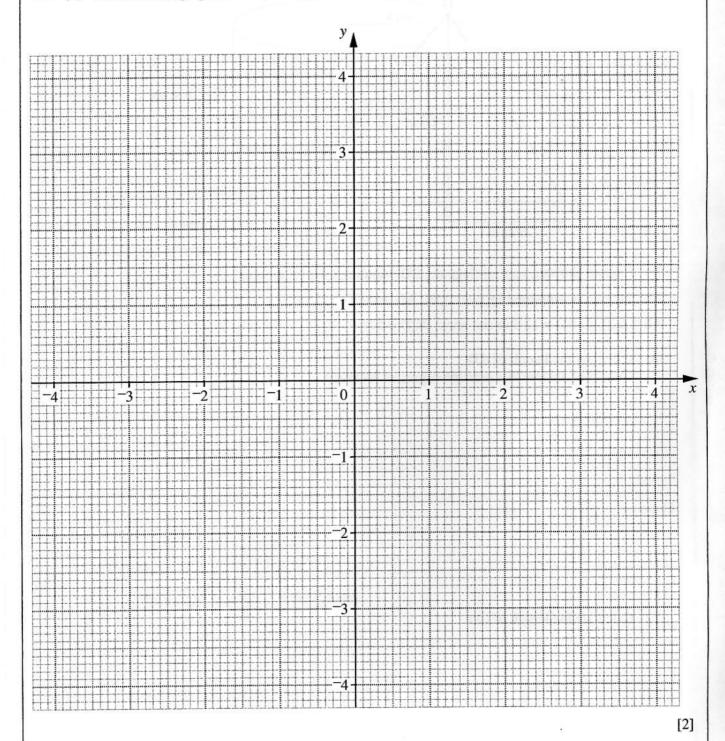
(b) Calculate the length of CD.

	 2222	$\Gamma \gamma$
101	m	1 4

7]



15 (a) Construct the graph of $x^2 + y^2 = 16$.



(b) Solve these simultaneous equations graphically.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 16$$
$$x + y = 2$$

(b)
$$x = \dots y = \dots$$

[3]

5



16	(a)	The population of Southampton in 1991 was 210 000 correct to three significant figures.
		The population in 2001 was 217 000 correct to three significant figures.

Find the lower and upper bounds for the increase in the population.

(a) Lower bound	
Upper bound	[3]

(b) This table shows the composition of the population of Southampton in 2001.

Age in years	Number of males	Number of females
0 – 14	19 000	18 000
15 – 29	32 000	29 000
30 – 49	29 000	27 000
50 – 69	20 000	20 000
70 – 99	9 000	14 000
Total	109 000	108 000

To survey opinion about leisure facilities, a stratified sample of 500 people were selected and interviewed.

Work out how many females aged between 15 and 29 were interviewed.

(b)	 [2]
- C	-

5



17 (a) Write $x^2 - 14x + 60$ in the form $(x - a)^2 + b$.

(a)	 [3]
	 F - 7

(b) Use your answer to (a) to find the minimum value of $x^2 - 14x + 60$.

(b)[1]

J



18 In a game at a summer fete a player has to drop a spoon three times. For each drop the probability that the spoon lands 'up' is 0.6.



(a) Work out the probability that the spoon lands 'down' all three times.

(a)	 2	
		3

(b) To win a prize the spoon has to land 'down' more times than it lands 'up'. Alex drops the spoon three times.

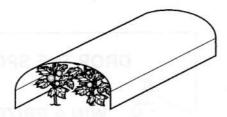
Work out the probability that he wins a prize.

(b)		13
(0)	***************************************	U.

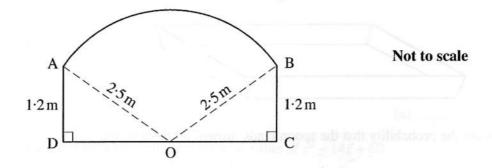
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19 Tomatoes are grown in a tunnel, made with plastic sides and top, open at both ends.



The diagram below shows the cross-section of the tunnel. AB is the arc of a circle, centre O.



(a) Show that angle $AOB = 123^{\circ}$, correct to the nearest degree.

 	 	[3

(b) The tunnel is 6 m long.

Work out the total area of plastic required to make the sides and the top of the tunnel.

(b)	m ²	[4]

7

