

ADVANCED GCE 4723/01

Core Mathematics 3

MATHEMATICS

FRIDAY 11 JANUARY 2008

Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Additional materials: Answer Booklet (8 pages)

List of Formulae (MF1)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer booklet.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

This document consists of 4 printed pages.

1 Functions f and g are defined for all real values of x by

$$f(x) = x^3 + 4$$
 and $g(x) = 2x - 5$.

Evaluate

(i)
$$fg(1)$$
, [2]

(ii)
$$f^{-1}(12)$$
. [3]

2 The sequence defined by

$$x_1 = 3,$$
 $x_{n+1} = \sqrt[3]{31 - \frac{5}{2}x_n}$

converges to the number α .

- (i) Find the value of α correct to 3 decimal places, showing the result of each iteration. [3]
- (ii) Find an equation of the form $ax^3 + bx + c = 0$, where a, b and c are integers, which has α as a root.
- 3 (a) Solve, for $0^{\circ} < \alpha < 180^{\circ}$, the equation $\sec \frac{1}{2}\alpha = 4$. [3]

(b) Solve, for
$$0^{\circ} < \beta < 180^{\circ}$$
, the equation $\tan \beta = 7 \cot \beta$. [4]

4 Earth is being added to a pile so that, when the height of the pile is *h* metres, its volume is *V* cubic metres, where

$$V = (h^6 + 16)^{\frac{1}{2}} - 4.$$

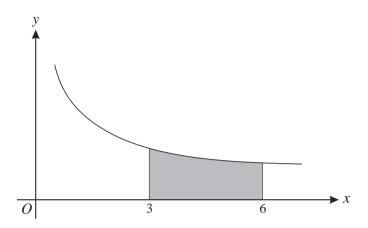
(i) Find the value of
$$\frac{dV}{dh}$$
 when $h = 2$. [3]

(ii) The volume of the pile is increasing at a constant rate of 8 cubic metres per hour. Find the rate, in metres per hour, at which the height of the pile is increasing at the instant when h = 2. Give your answer correct to 2 significant figures. [3]

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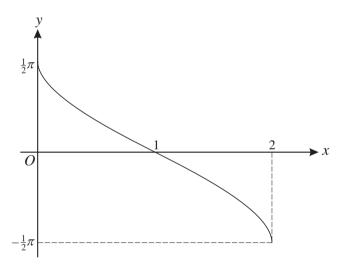
5 (a) Find
$$\int (3x+7)^9 dx$$
. [3]

(b)



The diagram shows the curve $y = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$. The shaded region is bounded by the curve and the lines x = 3, x = 6 and y = 0. The shaded region is rotated completely about the *x*-axis. Find the exact volume of the solid produced, simplifying your answer. [5]

6



The diagram shows the graph of $y = -\sin^{-1}(x - 1)$.

(i) Give details of the pair of geometrical transformations which transforms the graph of $y = -\sin^{-1}(x-1)$ to the graph of $y = \sin^{-1} x$. [3]

(ii) Sketch the graph of
$$y = |-\sin^{-1}(x-1)|$$
. [2]

(iii) Find the exact solutions of the equation
$$|-\sin^{-1}(x-1)| = \frac{1}{3}\pi$$
. [3]

7 A curve has equation $y = \frac{xe^{2x}}{x+k}$, where k is a non-zero constant.

(i) Differentiate
$$xe^{2x}$$
, and show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^{2x}(2x^2 + 2kx + k)}{(x+k)^2}$. [5]

- (ii) Given that the curve has exactly one stationary point, find the value of k, and determine the exact coordinates of the stationary point. [5]
- **8** The definite integral *I* is defined by

$$I = \int_0^6 2^x \, \mathrm{d}x.$$

- (i) Use Simpson's rule with 6 strips to find an approximate value of I. [4]
- (ii) By first writing 2^x in the form e^{kx} , where the constant k is to be determined, find the exact value of I.
- (iii) Use the answers to parts (i) and (ii) to deduce that $\ln 2 \approx \frac{9}{13}$. [2]
- 9 (i) Use the identity for cos(A + B) to prove that

$$4\cos(\theta + 60^{\circ})\cos(\theta + 30^{\circ}) \equiv \sqrt{3} - 2\sin 2\theta.$$
 [4]

[3]

- (ii) Hence find the exact value of $4\cos 82.5^{\circ}\cos 52.5^{\circ}$. [2]
- (iii) Solve, for $0^{\circ} < \theta < 90^{\circ}$, the equation $4\cos(\theta + 60^{\circ})\cos(\theta + 30^{\circ}) = 1$. [3]
- (iv) Given that there are no values of θ which satisfy the equation

$$4\cos(\theta + 60^\circ)\cos(\theta + 30^\circ) = k,$$

determine the set of values of the constant k.

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