

- Draw a large accurate graph of $y = x^2$ using the same scale on both axes.

A tangent to a curve at a particular point P is a straight line that just touches the curve at P and has the same gradient as the curve at P .

- Draw the best tangent you can to your graph of $y = x^2$ at the point $x = 1$. Find the gradient of your tangent.
- Repeat this for several other points on your graph.
- Can you see a relationship between the value of x at a point P and the gradient of the tangent to the curve at P ?
- What is the gradient function for the function x^2 ?
- Now repeat these ideas using a large accurate graph of $y = x^3$ to see if you can find the gradient function for x^3 .