

1	Original list 6 5 9 4 5 2 After 1 st pass 5 6 9 4 5 2 After 2 nd pass 5 6 9 4 5 2 After 3 rd pass 4 5 6 9 5 2 After 4 th pass 4 5 5 6 9 2 After 5 th pass 2 4 5 5 6 9 May be shown vertically Number of arcs $\times 2 =$ sum of orders of vertices $\Rightarrow (3+3+4+4+4) + 2 = 11$ arcs	M1 M1 M1 M1 A1	Decreasing order can score method marks only For 1 st pass correct with shuttle sort For 2 nd pass correct with shuttle sort or follow through from previous list For 3 rd pass correct with shuttle sort or follow through from previous list For 4 th pass correct with shuttle sort or follow through from previous list For final list from correct shuttle sort, with results at end of each pass clearly shown	5
2	(i) Semi-Eulerian, it has exactly two odd vertices Complete graph on five vertices has only 10 arcs, so 11 arcs means that all six vertices are connected. Or, a vertex of order 4 must join to four others so five vertices are connected. The sixth vertex has order at least three and cannot connect to itself so it must join to the other five. Or any equivalent reasoning.	M1 A1 B1 B2	For a general method For 11 calculated Drawing a specific case to get 11 scores B1 only For semi-Eulerian with a valid reason Accept 'two odd nodes' or 'two nodes of order 3' as minimal reasons For a good explanation of the general case by considering orders of vertices A weak explanation may score B1 A diagram of a specific case is not sufficient	
3	(i) Minimum spanning tree with U removed $QR + RT + TS = 43$ miles Join U back in using two shortest arcs $43 + 9 + 12 = 64$ miles Trying to apply nearest neighbour method Start from R to give RQUTSR = 89 miles For 89 (miles may be implied) from valid method	M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 A1	For 43 or arcs QR, RT, TS or a convincing attempt to find minimum spanning tree for {Q, R, S, T} For their 43 + 9 + 12 cao (miles may be implied) For a correct start to an application of nearest neighbour with any start vertex, ie at least: QUTRS, STRQU, TRQU or UQRTS For R as start vertex (may be implied from cycle) For RQUTSR For 89 (miles may be implied) from valid method	5

4	(i) Quickest time is at least 25 hours (ii) For 25 Accept 'more than 25' For a correct graph drawn For correct weights shown Follow through graph, if possible, provided same conclusion is valid For explaining what happens if AC is used or why AC cannot be included. Follow through graph, if possible, provided same conclusion is valid For stating the effect of not using arc EF or for considering all possible routes into H Follow through graph, if possible	M1 M1 A1 B1 B1 M1 A1 B1 B1 M1 M1 A1	Answer should be on insert For starting by choosing row C in column 4 For choosing more than one entry from column C For a correct order (A), C, B, D, E, G, F, H For correct entries chosen or a correct tree drawn For this route For this route For identifying A D G C B E F H as the quicker or for calculating 32	12
(iii)	 If AC is used then either B or D is excluded. Or must pass through C in getting between B and D, so AC is impossible.	B1	Follow through graph, if possible, provided same conclusion is valid	
(iv)	 If EF is not used then passing through either E or F will take the team to H, the team will not be able to visit both E and F.	B1	Follow through graph, if possible, provided same conclusion is valid	
(v)	 The second route is quicker (32 hours compared with 36 hours)	M1 M1 A1	For this route For this route For identifying A D G C B E F H as the quicker or for calculating 32	12

