

Section A

1	(a)	52	W1	Accept 52 000 000
	(b)	12	W2	M1: 600/50 or 600/52 or 600/'their (a)' (or 1 s.f.) A1: 12 or 10 Condone 500/50 = 10 for W2
			3	
2	(a)	$\angle ABC = 90$ but $\angle ABC = 88$	W1	Allow ' $\angle ACD$ is not 90° ' with justification
	(b)	$\angle BAC = 50$ and alt. seg. $\angle ACB = (180 - 88 - 50) = 42$	M1 A1	W1: 42
			3	
3	(a) (i)	$x^2 = (x - 1)^2 + (x - 2)^2$ (o.e.)	W1	i.s.w. / brackets req.
	(ii)	$x^2 = (x^2 - 2x + 1) + (x^2 - 4x + 4)$	W2	W1: one expansion correct; accept not simplified
	(b) (i)	$(x - 5)(x - 1)$ $x = 5$ (and 1)	M2 A1	M1: $(x \pm 5)(x \pm 1)$ (answer only: M0)
	(ii)	5, 3, 4	W1	condone 3 and 4 reversed
			7	
4	(a)	5	W1	
	(b)	81	W2	M1: 3^4 (num) or 1 (den)
			3	
5		$T = \frac{200}{R^2}$	W2	M1: $k = 200$ or $8 = k/25$ or $8 = k/5^2$ (SC1: $T \propto 200/R^2$)
			2	
6	(a)	$(x - 2y)(x + 2y)$	W2	M1: $(x \pm 2y)(x \pm 2y)$
	(b)	$(x - 2y)/5$	W2	M1: $5(x + 2y)$
			4	
7		$L = \frac{T^2 G}{(2\pi)^2}$ (o.e.)	W3	M1: $\sqrt{L/G} = T/2\pi$ or $T^2 = (2\pi)^2 L/G$ or M2: $L/G = T^2/(2\pi)^2$ or $T^2 G = (2\pi)^2 L$ SC1: $G(T - 2\pi)^2 (= L)$ or $(2\pi T)^2 G$ or $GT^2/2\pi$ or $T^2 G/2\pi^2$
			3	
			25	