Analysis Edwin Park 2023 CONTENTS Edwin P.

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1 Taylor Polynomials

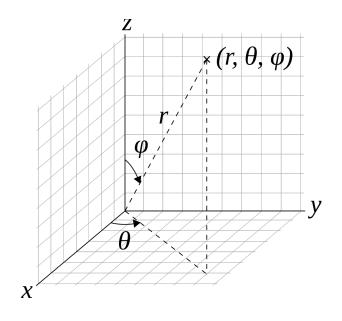
$$\begin{split} f(\vec{x}) &= f(\vec{x_0} + (\vec{x} - \vec{x_0})) \\ &\approx f(\vec{x_0}) + D_f(\vec{x_0})(\vec{x} - \vec{x_0}) + \frac{1}{2}(\vec{x} - \vec{x_0})^\top H_f(\vec{x_0})(\vec{x} - \vec{x_0}) \\ &= f(\vec{x_0}) + \begin{bmatrix} f_x(\vec{x_0}) & f_y(\vec{x_0}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x - x_0 \\ y - y_0 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} x - x_0 & y - y_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f_{xx}(\vec{x_0}) & f_{xy}(\vec{x_0}) \\ f_{yx}(\vec{x_0}) & f_{yy}(\vec{x_0}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x - x_0 \\ y - y_0 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

Say we wanted to find an upper bound for the error of a first-order approximation at \vec{x} . The error then is equal to the quadratic term evaluated at some point in between the central point, $\vec{x_0}$, and the point of interest, \vec{x} . In particular, it is, for some $t \in [0, 1]$,

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} D_{\vec{x}-\vec{x_0}}^2 f \end{bmatrix} (t\vec{x} + (1-t)\vec{x_0}) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} x - x_0 & y - y_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f_{xx}(t\vec{x} + (1-t)\vec{x_0}) & f_{xy}(t\vec{x} + (1-t)\vec{x_0}) \\ f_{yx}(t\vec{x} + (1-t)\vec{x_0}) & f_{yy}(t\vec{x} + (1-t)\vec{x_0}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x - x_0 \\ y - y_0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

2 Classification of Points

3 Spherical



$$x = r \sin(\phi) \cos(\theta)$$
$$y = r \sin(\phi) \sin(\theta)$$
$$z = r \cos(\phi)$$
$$\det D\Phi = r^2 \sin(\phi)$$
$$\theta \in [0, 2\pi)$$

 $\phi \in [0,\pi)$