

# Viewpro Gimbal Camera Protocol V3.1

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# 1. Serial Control Connection:

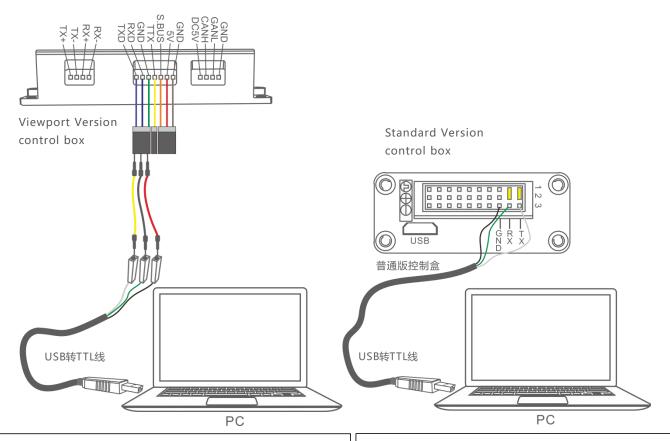
TTL 3.3v UART baud: 115200, 8/1/N, HEX

Use 'USB to TTL' cable to connect

White cable (the 'RX' of cable) ------ TX

Green cable (the 'TX' of cable) ------ RX

Black cable (the 'GND' of cable) ------ GND



Please connect your RX to TXD, and TX to RXD as shown in the figures.

#### Note:

After sending "AA 55 08 06 FF" , TX2(TTX), RX2(S.BUS), GND will be the second serial port of the gimbal, UART baud: 115200

RX1/ RX2 and TX1 / TX2 must be connected with yellow jumper caps before connecting UART/FTDI devices.

Please connect your RX to TX, and TX to RX as shown in the figures.

# CAUTION!!

- 1) the signals inside red frame are all TTL signals, DO NOT connect these pin headers to any power(VCC) or ground(GND)!
- 2) The other signals is for PWM input signals to control the gimbal,

PWM in: connect to your PWM receiver signals (does not include AV, AV output is for CVBS video

signal)

5V out: for your PWM receiver power supply. GND: connect to your PWM receiver GND.



# 2. CMD\_CONTROL -control gimbal Movement:

FF 01 0F 10 RM PM YM Rsl Rsh Ral Rah Psl Psh Pal Pah Ysl Ysh Yal Yah CS

HEAD CONTRL'MODE SPEED ANGLE SPEED ANGLE SPEED ANGLE CHECKSUM

RM: Roll control Mode, 00 = MODE\_NO\_CONTRL, 01 = MODE\_SPEED, 02 = MODE\_ANGLE, 03 =

MODE\_SPEED\_ANGLE, 04 = MODE\_RC, 05 = MODE\_ANGLE\_REF\_FRAME, 06 = MODE\_RC\_HIGH\_RES.

**ROLL SPEED:** RS = **0xRshRsI** RsI = low byte; Rsh = high byte (2 byte signed, little-endian order), units:

0,1220740379 degree/sec;

**ROLL ANGLE:** RA= **0xRahRal** Ral = low byte; Rah= high byte (2 byte signed, little-endian order), units: 0.02197265625 degree/sec;

PM Psl Psh Pal Pah: Pitch control, same as roll control formats

YM Ysl Ysh Yal Yah: Yaw control, same as roll control formats

sl= Speed Low byte, sh = speed high byte, al= angle low byte, ah= angle high byte.

If use RC mode, PA/YA is RC value should be -500~500, (-500 is PWM 1000ms, 0 is PWM 1500ms, 500 is PWM 2000ms)

CS = body checksum, checksum is calculated as a sum of bytes from 'RM' to 'YAH' modulo 256.

example1: ROLL no control, PITCH speed mode 1.22degree/sec, YAW speed mode 1.22degree/sec.

FF 01 0F 10 00 01 01 00 00 00 00 0A 00 00 0A 00 00 0A 16

Example 2: ROLL no control, PITCH angle mode to 40 degree down REF home position, YAW angle mode 40 degree left REF home position.

FF 01 0F 10 00 05 05 00 00 00 00 00 00 1C 07 00 00 E4 F8 09

Example3: RC control pitch down( PWM = 1920, PA value = 1920-1500 = 420), RC control Yaw left (PWM = 1050, YA value = 1050-1500 = -450)

FF 01 0F 10 00 04 04 00 00 00 00 00 00 A4 01 00 00 3E FE E9

Example4: at all mode, stop command pitch and yaw use the command:



Name	Туре	Min	Max	Possible values, remarks
			Wax	1 ossible values, telliaris
Legacy format: mode is commo	on for a	II axes		Bits 03 for mode, bits 47 for flags.
				Modes:
				MODE_NO_CONTROL=0
				If this mode is set for all axes, finish serial control and
				restore normal RC control. If set for single axis, does not
				change its current control mode.
				MODE_SPEED=1
				Camera travels with the given speed in the Euler
				coordinates until the next CMD_CONTROL command
				comes. Given angle is ignored.
				MODE_ANGLE=2*
				Camera travels to the given Euler angle with the fixed
				speed. Speed is decreased near target to keep control
				smooth. Low-pass filter may be applied for the same
				reason.
				MODE_SPEED_ANGLE=3
				Camera travels with the given speed. Additionally,
				controller keeps the given angle and fix accumulated
				error by the outer PI-loop. This mode allows the most
				precise type of control (see fig.1 for example), but it
				requires pretty fast update rate to keep it smooth, or
				apply low-pass filtering for speed and angle.
				MODE_RC=4*
				The ANGLE parameter is used as RC signal and
				overrides any other signal source, assigned to this
				axis. Normal working range is -500500. A special
				value -10000 encodes a "signal lost" condition.
				The flag CONTROL_FLAG_AUTO_TASKcan affect this
				mode (see below).
				MODE_RC_HIGH_RES=6*
				The same as the MODE_RC, but the range of the ANGLE
				parameter has better resolution:
				-1638416384. A special value -32768 encodes a "signal
				lost" condition.



		MODE_ANGLE_REL_FRAME=5*  First, the neutral point of a camera relative to a frame is found in the Euler coordinates for a given axis. Than, the given angle (in ±360° range) is added to this point, and camera travels to it. Note that the given angle does not relate to a particular motor, it relates to global Euler angles!
		Flags:
		CONTROL_FLAG_AUTO_TASK=(1<<6)



				- If mode is one of the <mode_angle,< th=""></mode_angle,<>
				MODE_ANGLE_REL_FRAME>, the task is
				processed with the speed and acceleration
				configured for automated tasks. If the SPEED
				parameter is provided, it's used instead. When
				all target angles are reached with the 1- degree
				tolerance, confirmation is sent:
				CMD_CONFIRM(CMD_CONTROL, 1).
				Use this flag to move gimbal to a certain
				position as fast as possible, and receive
				confirmation when the target is reached.
				CONTROL_FLAG_FORCE_RC_SPEED=(1<<6)
				- If mode is MODE_RC, this flag forces a control
				in the "SPEED" mode, with the dead-band,
				trimming and inversion settings are NOT applied
				to the provided RC signal, but the LPF, Expo
				curve and ACC limiter are still applied. Use this
				flag to control gimbal from remote applications,
				where signal is well-defined and you need to
				have a direction of rotation that does not depend
				on gimbal's "Inverse" and "Mode" parameters.
				CONTROL_FLAG_HIGH_RES_SPEED=(1<<7)
				Speed units changed to 0.001 deg/sec for
				extremely slow motion (like timelapse
				shooting)
				* In the control modes "MODE_ANGLE", "MODE_RC",
				and "MODE_ANGLE_REL_FRAME", if the "SPEED"
				parameter is not provided (set to zero), the speed is
				defined by the RC settings. Relationship: SPEED =
				settings.RC_SPEED*16.
Extended format : mode is	set ir	ndepend	ently for	
CONTROL_MODE[3]	1u*3			see definition above
The remaining part is comm	non f	or all for	mats	
SPEED (1.3)	2s	-	-	Speed of rotation. Overrides the speed settings in the
) = :		-	-	GUI and from the adjustable variables.
axis				Notes:  If the acceleration limiter is enabled in the RC settings, the actual speed is filtered by it;



				For the modes "MODE_ANGLE", "MODE_RC",     "MODE_ANGLE_REL_FRAME", the value may be omitted (set to 0). if this case, speed is taken from the  RC settings; Also, in these modes, the actual speed is decreased near target to prevent jerks when the ANGLE parameter given with the high rate, changes slowly;  Units: 0,1220740379 deg./sec. (0.001 deg./sec., if the
ANGLE	2s	-32768	32767	CONTROL_FLAG_HIGH_RES_SPEED is set)  Depends on the MODE parameter:  · MODE_ANGLE, MODE_SPEED_ANGLE: encodes the target angle · MODE_SPEED: ignored · MODE_RC: encodes RC signal in range - 500500 · MODE_RC_HIGH_RES: encodes RC signal in range -1638416384
				Units: 0,02197265625 degree.

#### Notes:

Serial control overrides RC control. To switch back to RC, send this command with the mode=0 for all axes, and all data set to zeros. All parameters that was changed by the CMD CONTROL CONFIG, will be restored to their default values.

# 2.1) CMD GET ANGLES EXT: 3e 3D 00 3D 00

Gimbal feedback data: 3e 3d 36 73 { ...Data body... } cs

For example :

3E 3D 36 73 = header,

98 FF 98 FF E6 FF FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 = ROLL status data, detail as following

( 98 FF=ROLL \_IMU\_angle int16\_t units: 0.02197265625degree

98 FF=ROLL\_RC\_TARGET\_ANGLE int16\_t units: 0.02197265625degree

E6 FF FF FF =ROLL\_STATOR\_REL\_ANGLE = camera actual Euler angle int32\_t units: 0.02197265625degree 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 = 10 bytes reserved)

1C F7 1C F7 28 F7 FF FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 = pitch status data, same as roll format

88 FF 88 FF F8 F6 FF FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 = yaw status data, same as roll format

4E = data body checksum = Sum of data body



# CMD\_GET\_ANGLES\_EXT - Information about angles in different format

Na	ime	Туре	Min	Max	Possible values, remarks
	IMU_ANGLE TARGET_ANGLE	2s 2s			IMU angles in 14-bit resolution per full turn  Units: 0,02197265625 degree  Target angles, in 14-bit resolution
axis = (13)		4s			Units: 0,02197265625 degree  Relative angle of joints between two arms of gimbal structure, measured by encoder or 2 <sup>nd</sup> IMU. Value 0 corresponds to normal position of a gimbal. This angle does not overflow after multiple turns.  Units: 0,02197265625 degree
	RESERVED	10b			

# 2.2) Other commands:

Return head:3E 45 01 46 12 12	Look down: 3E 45 01 46 11 11	
Center yaw:3E 45 01 46 23 23	Restore Settings: 3E 45 01 46 35 35	
Motor on: 3e 45 01 46 0b 0b	Motor off: 3e 45 01 46 0c 0c	
follow_yaw_disable:	follow_yaw_enable:	
3E 1F 06 25 01 1F 00 00 00 00 20	3E 1F 06 25 01 1F 01 00 00 00 21	
query_follow_state: 3E 40 02 42 01 1F 20	save gimbal settings: 3E 20 00 20 00 00	



# 3. Camera\_control\_cmd: different model use different commands, so please use command according to your actual model

# 3.1) Z10F, Z18F, Z30F, Q10F, Q18F, Q30F command:

zoom out: 81 01 04 07 37 FF	zoom in: 81 01 04 07 27 FF	stop zoom: 81 01 04 07 00 FF		
focus in: 81 01 04 08 27 FF	focus out: 81 01 04 08 37 FF	stop focus: 81 01 04 08 00 FF		
Zoom_direct_pos: 81 01 04 47 0p 00	q Or Os FF			
Query_zoom_position: 81 09 04 47	ff			
Zoom_position_feedback: 90 50 0p	0q 0r 0s FF Oxpqrs: zoom_position	n_value		
photograph /record action commar	nd: 81 01 04 68 xx FF			
xx = :				
01 photograph				
02 start record				
03 stop record				
04 invert record state				
05 switch to record mode or picture mode				
Inquiry record/photograph state: 81 09 04 68 FF				
Camera Feedback:				
81 09 04 68 00 FF stop record				
81 09 04 68 01 FF recording				
81 09 04 68 10 FF photograph mode				
day mode: 81 01 04 01 03 ff				
night mode: 81 01 04 01 02 ff				
day/night auto switch mode: 81 01 04 51 02 ff				

# 3.2) Q30XIR command:

Switch Modes:	
f8 00 12 01 01 00 00 14	VL(Visible Light) only
f8 00 12 01 02 00 00 15	IR only
f8 00 12 01 03 00 00 16	Fusion-A
f8 00 12 01 04 00 00 17	Fusion-B
f8 00 12 01 05 00 00 18	PIP
f8 00 12 01 06 00 00 19	PIP-A
f8 00 12 01 07 00 00 1a	PIP-B
IR Color Palette Settings	:
f8 00 12 02 00 00 00 14	Iron red
f8 00 12 02 01 00 00 15	Amber
f8 00 12 02 02 00 00 16	Yellow
f8 00 12 02 03 00 00 17	Green blue yellow red
f8 00 12 02 04 00 00 18	Black red
f8 00 12 02 05 00 00 19	Blue yellow red
f8 00 12 02 06 00 00 1a	Blue red yellow
f8 00 12 02 07 00 00 1b	Blue green
f8 00 12 02 08 00 00 1c	White hot
f8 00 12 02 09 00 00 1d	Blue green red
f8 00 12 02 0a 00 00 1e	Red warning
f8 00 12 02 0b 00 00 1f	Amer-2



Record Operations:	
f8 00 82 01 00 00 00 83	Start record (AVI)
f8 00 84 00 00 00 00 84	Stop record
f8 00 80 00 00 00 00 80	Snapshot (RAW)
f8 00 80 01 00 00 00 81	Snapshot (JPEG)
Adjust Display:	
f8 00 12 03 07 00 00 1c	
Zoom in circle	
f8 00 12 03 08 00 00 1d	Zoom 1x
f8 00 12 03 08 01 00 1e	Zoom 2x
f8 00 12 03 08 02 00 1f	Zoom 3x
f8 00 12 03 08 03 00 20	Zoom 4x

# 3.3) QIR19 command:

5.5) QIKT5 command.	
IR Color Palette Settings	:
f8 00 22 03 00 00 00 25	Iron red
f8 00 22 03 01 00 00 26	Amber
f8 00 22 03 02 00 00 27	Yellow
f8 00 22 03 03 00 00 28	Green blue yellow red
f8 00 22 03 04 00 00 29	Black red
f8 00 22 03 05 00 00 2a	Blue yellow red
f8 00 22 03 06 00 00 2b	Blue red yellow
f8 00 22 03 07 00 00 2c	Blue green
f8 00 22 03 08 00 00 2d	White hot
f8 00 22 03 09 00 00 2e	Blue green red
f8 00 22 03 0a 00 00 2f	Red warning
f8 00 22 03 0b 00 00 30	Amer-2
Record Operations:	
f8 00 82 01 00 00 00 83	Start record (AVI)
f8 00 84 00 00 00 00 84	Stop record
f8 00 80 00 00 00 00 80	Snapshot (RAW)
f8 00 80 01 00 00 00 81	Snapshot (JPEG)
Zoom in circle	
f8 00 30 01 00 00 00 31	Zoom 1x
f8 00 30 02 00 00 00 32	Zoom 2x
f8 00 30 03 00 00 00 33	Zoom 3x
f8 00 30 04 00 00 00 34	Zoom 4x

# 3.4) **Z6KA7 /Z5S/A7R** command

Power on/off:FF 01 00 50 00 00 51	zoom_wide:FF 01 00 40 00 00 41	zoom_tele: FF 01 00 20 00 00 21
stop_zoom: FF 01 00 00 00 00 01	Picture: FF 01 00 07 00 66 6E	Record: FF 01 00 07 00 55 5D
Focus: FF 01 00 80 00 00 81	focus hold: FF 01 01 80 00 00 82	focus release:FF 01 02 80 00 00 83
shoot_under_focus_hold :	picture_interval_2s_time:	picture_interval_3s_time:
FF 01 00 07 00 67 6F	FF 01 00 07 02 6f 79	FF 01 00 07 03 6f 7A
picture_interval_OFF:		
FF 01 00 07 00 6f 77		



# 3.5) Z25K/Z40K command

zoom_tele:55 aa da 03 bf a5 80 02 c1	zoom_wide:55 aa da 03 7f a5 80 02 81
stop_zoom:55 aa da 03 3f a5 80 02 41	Photograph :55 aa da 03 fb a5 80 02 fd
Rec_start:55 aa da 03 fd a5 80 02 ff	Rec_stop :55 aa da 03 ff a5 80 03 01
Pic_Mode:55 aa 1b 02 01 00 00 1e	Rec Mode:55 aa 1b 02 02 00 00 1f
Rec_1080P:55 aa da 03 ff a0 80 02 fc	Rec_4K:55 aa da 03 ff a7 80 03 03
Osd_on:55 aa 1f 02 00 40 00 61	Osd_off:55 aa 1f 02 00 30 00 51

# 3.6) Z10N/Z30N command

zoom_wide:FF 01 00 40 00 00 41	zoom_tele: FF 01 00 20 00 00 21	stop_zoom: FF 01 00 00 00 00 01
start_picture: ff 01 00 07 00 66 6E	start_record: ff 01 00 07 00 65 6d	stop_record: FF 01 00 07 00 64 6C
mode_change: FF 01 00 07 00 67	invert_record: FF 01 00 07 00 55	
6F	5D	

#### 3.7) T serials model:

Q10T, Q20T, Q30T, Q30T pro, U30T, U30Tpro, Z36T, Z12TL, Z30TL, Mini Z10TIR, Rugby, Z10TIR, Z10TIR-35, Q10TIR-35, U30TIR, U30TIR-50, Z30TIR-25, Z30TIR-50, Q30TIR, Q30TIR-50, Q30TIR-1352, Q40TIR, Z10TIRM, WK10TIRM, Q10TIRM, Q30TIRM, Q30TIRM pro, Z30TM, ZIR25T, ZIR35T, ZIR50T, ZIR1352T.....

Zoom_out: 81 01 04 07 37 FF								
Auto Focus: 81 01 04 38 02 FF Manual Focus: 81 01 04 38 03 FF Auto/Manual: 81 01 04 38 10 FF								
Focus_out: 81 01 04 08 37 FF Focus_in: 81 01 04 08 27 FF Stop_focus: 81 01 04 08 00 FF								
Query_zoom_position: 81 09 04 47 ff								
Zoom_position_feedback: 90 50 0p 0q 0r 0s FF pqrs: zoom_position_value								
Record, photograph, PiP, track, color bar, these commands use 48bytes command as following:								
Following command is a 48bytes da	ta : cmd_data[48], last byte is checksu	um, sum of all 47 bytes, low byte.						

#### 3.7.1) Record/photograph command:(TIR/TL/TM/TIRM/IR..T)

 $Cmd_data[5] = 0X7c$ 

Cmd\_data[6] = 0x00: stop record / 0x01: start record / 0x02: photograph

#### Rec start:

#### Rec stop:

# Photograph:

# 3.7.2) Normal tracking: (TIR/TL/TM/TIRM/IR..T)

cmd\_data[5] = 0x00: exit tracking mode. 0X71: enter tracking mode

Cmd\_data[11] = 0x00: enter select target mode. 0x01: start tracking

Cmd\_data[13] = 0x24: small tracking size. 0x28: mid tracking size. 0x30: big tracking size

0x2c: auto select between small and mid size. 0x3c: auto select between small, mid, big size, 0x38: auto select between mid and big size.



#### 3.7.2.1) Target\_tracking

Target tracking:

# 3.7.2.2) Stop\_tracking

Stop tracking:

#### 3.7.2.3) Change target, move cursor to the new target

Step1: First send Re-select\_target[]; entering the re-select target mode

Re-select\_target[]=

Step 2: move the cursor x, y. speed.

Protocol: cmd\_data[5]=0X71 // tracking use '+' cursor cmd\_data[11] = 0X00 cmd\_data[7]= 0xXL, X LOW BYTE cmd\_data[8]= 0xXH, X HIGT BYTE cmd\_data[9]= 0xYL, Y LOW BYTE cmd\_data[10]= 0xYH, Y HIGH BYTE

Down\_cursor\_2[]=

#### 3.7.2.4) Finger tracking mode

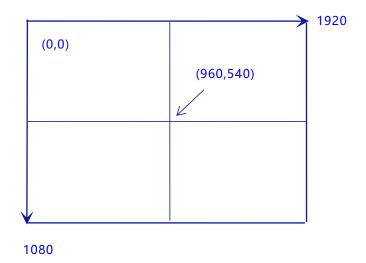
cmd\_data[5]=0X86, cmd\_data[11] = 0X01, cmd\_date[13] = track size

Cmd\_data[7]=0xXL, XLOW BYTE Cmd\_data[8]=0xXH, XHIGT BYTE Cmd\_data[9]=0xYL, YLOW BYTE Cmd\_data[10]=0xYH, YHIGH BYTE

Track the target at position: (769, 769)

Track the target at position: (1025, 769)

Track the target at position: (257, 257)





# 3.7.3) SD card inquiry command and feedback command protocol: (TIR/TL/TM/TIRM/IR..T)

7E	7E	44	00	00	Data5	Data6	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	CS

• Inquiry command to get information. 48bytes

Header: 7e 7e 44 CS= sum of all other bytes, mod 256.

- format SD card Data5 = 0x8a Data6 = 00
- Inquiry SD card information:

Data5 = 0x8b

Data6 =

02-inquiry SD card status

03-inquiry SD card total capacity

04-inquiry SD card remain capacity

05-inquiry SD card remain pictures quantity capacity

06-inquiry SD card remain video time capacity

• Feedback command. 8bytes

	Data0=BB	Data1=09	Data2	Data3	Data4	Data5	Data6	Data7=CS
--	----------	----------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	----------

Data2 = 1 : SD card status,

Data2 = 2 : SD card total capacity

Data2 = 3 : SD card remain capacity

Data2 = 4 : SD card remain pictures quantity

Data2 = 5 : SD card remain video time

◆ Feedback command details ([0] means bit0)

# 1) SD card status

BB-----header1 09----header2 Data2 = 01----SD card status,

Data 3:

[0]: Is inserted

[1]: Is initializing

[2]: Is read only

[3]: Is formatted

[4]: Is formatting

[5]: Is full

[6]: Is verified

[7]: Is invalid format

Data4:

[0]: Has error

[1]: 1: Is Recording 0: not recording

[2-7] Reserved

Data5 res

Data6 res

Data7 cs

# 2) SD card total capacity

BB-----header1 09-----header2 Data2 = 02-----SD card total capacity

Data3= ss, Data4=rr, Data5=qq, Data6=pp uint32

Oxppqqrrss = SD car capacity(unit MB,LSB is at the front and MSB is at the back)

Data7 cs



# 3) SD card remain capacity

BB-----header1 09-----header2 Data2 = 03-----SD card remain capacity
Data3= ss, Data4=rr, Data5 =qq, Data6 =pp uint32

Oxppqqrrss = Remaining SD card capacity(unit MB,LSB is at the front and MAB is at the back)
Data7 cs

# 4) SD card remain pictures quantity

BB-----header1 09-----header2 Data2 = 04----SD card remain pictures quantity
Data3 = ss, Data4=rr, Data5=qq, Data6=pp uint32

0xppqqrrss = Remaining shots(LSB is at the front and MSB is at the back)
Data7 cs

# 5) SD card remain video time

BB-----header1 09-----header2 Data2 = 05-----: SD card remain video time

Data3= ss, Data4=rr, Data5=qq, Data6=pp uint32

Oxppqqrrss = Remaining video recording time (unit: second, LSB is at the front and MSB is at the back Data7 cs

# 3.7.4) Picture in picture: (TIR)

# IR\_only[]=

#### IR EO[]=

# EO\_only[]=

# EO IR[]=

# 3.7.5) Color change:(TIR/IR..T)

Protocol: cmd\_data[5]=0X78; cmd\_data[15] = 0: white hot 1: black hot 2: red hot cmd\_data[6]= 0x00: gray, 0x01: color1, 0x02: color2, 0x03: color3, 0x04: color4

#### color 1:

# black hot:



# 3.7.6) Thermal camera Digital Zoom cmd: (TIR/IR..T)

Protocol: cmd\_data[5]=0X7d

Cmd\_data[6] = 0x81: 1x, 0x82: 2x, 0x83: 3x, 0x84: 4x

IR DZOOM 1X:

IR\_DZOOM\_2X:

# 3.7.7) laser light cmd: (TL)

3.5.6.1) Z30TL

Zoom_in_laser: FF 01 01 04 00 1a 20	Zoom_out_laser: FF 01 01 04 01 1a 21
Laser_on: FF 01 01 01 01 00 04	Laser_off: FF 01 01 01 00 00 03

# 3.5.6.2) Z10TL

zoom_in_laser:	zoom_out_laser:	zoom_stop_laser:
FF 01 00 20 00 00 21	FF 01 00 40 00 00 41	FF 01 00 00 00 00 01
laser_on: FF 01 00 09 00 01 0b	laser_off: FF 01 00 0b 00 01 0d	

# 3.7.8) Laser Ranger Finder command: (TM/TIRM)

(Z10TIRM, WK10TIRM, Q10TIRM, Q30TIRM, Z30TM)

#### Read the ranging result:

Host send:		
10 83 00 7d	d one ti	me get LRF data
10 83 40 3d	d contin	uous get LRF data
10 84 7C	stop g	get LRF data
LRF feedbad	ck data:	
Identifier pa	arameter	Description
Byte1		D7: Invalid distance data flag, 0 = valid data, 1 = Invalid data D6: Invalid inclination data flag, 0 = valid data, 1 = Invalid data D5: Distance data accuracy, 0 = 0.5/LSB, 1 = 0.1/LSB D4: Data unit, 0 = Meter, 1 = code D3 - D0: Operating mode, 0 = Ranging, 1 = Speed measurement
Ox01	yte2	When the data is valid: Distance[D15D8] When the data is invalid: 0x80 = invalid distance data. 0x81=system error
Ву	yte3	When the data is valid: Distance[D7D0] When the data is invalid: reserved.
Ву	vte4 l	inclination: Angle[D7D0], Binary complement format. Do not send inclination angle during speed measurement.

# Example:

1、LRF feedback data:  $0x10 \ \underline{0x01} \ \underline{0x20} \ \underline{0x12} \ \underline{0xD7} \ \underline{0xFE}$  0xF8

distance = 0x12D7 = 4823 = 482.3m pitch angle =  $0xFE = -2^{\circ}$ 



2. LRF feedback data: 0x10 0x01 0xA0 0x80 0x00 0x01 0xDE invalid distance data(byte4 = 0xA0, bit7 = 1) pitch angle = 1°

Last byte is Checksum = 0x00- byte2-byte3-byte4-byte5



# 4. Camera settings command: (blue byte for different setting value) 4.1) AA 55 04 08 FF timezone set, beijing is 8 4.2) AA 55 05 03 FF OSD on/Off (refer table A) 4.3) AA 55 06 0F FF Magnetic Variation set https://skyvector.com/ http://www.magnetic-declination.com/ 4.4) AA 55 07 11 FF OSD input enable/disable (refer table B) 4.5) AA 55 08 02 FF baudrate setting (refer table C) 4.6) AA 55 09 01 FF EO digital zoom: 1 on 0: off 4.7) AA 55 0A 96 FF temperature alarm low byte 4.8) AA 55 0B 00 FF temperature alarm high byte 4.9) AA 55 OC 01 FF 1: track enable 0: track disable 4.10) AA 55 0D 01 FF 0: stop LRF 1: 1HZ get LRF data 2: continuously get LRF data 3: one time get LRF data 4.11) AA 55 0E 01 FF 1: 4k25fps 2: 1080p25 Z40K/Q40TIR record definition set 4.12) AA 55 OF 01 FF 0: OSD GPS is UAV 1: OSD GPS is target 4.13) AA 55 10 00 FF s.bus/mavlink channels map set 1: 1~7, 2: 6~12 3: 8~14 4: custom channels, see 3.14 as following 4.14) AA 55 11 YW PT MO ZM FC RP MU FF custom channels map set. (all byte is hex data, set to 0 if no control) AA 55 11 YW PT MO ZM FC RP MU FF frame tail Frame head body Command format: (do not change red bytes, just change blue bytesas your channel setting), one byte define two channels. bit 0-3 is chan#A 1100us < >1500us(initial value) bit4-7 is chan#B 1900us < >1500us(initial value) AA 55 11 YW PT MO ZM FC RP MU FF Multi:chan# = 0x0M track (1900), chan# = 0x0U stop track (1100) | PIC/REC: chan# =0x0R record (1900), chan# =0x0P picture (1100) Focus: chan# = $0x0\underline{F}$ focus in (1900), chan# = $0x0\underline{C}$ focus out (1100) Zoom: chan# =0x0Z zoom in (1900),chan# =0x0M zoom out (1100) Mode:chan# =0x0M recenter (1900),chan# =0x0O slow speed (1100) Pitch: chan# =0x0P pitch down (1900),chan# =0x0T pitch up (1100) | Yaw: $0x0Y = yaw \ right (1900), 0x0W = yaw \ left (1100)$ For example: .1(yaw), 2(pitch), 3(mode), 4(zoom), 5(focus),6(picture),7(record),8(stop track),9(start track) AA 55 11 11 22 33 44 55 76 98 FF | | Multi:channel 8: from 1500 to 1100 channel 9: from 1500 to 1900 PIC/REC:channel 6: from 1500 to 1100 take a picture, channel 7: from 1500 to 1900 start/stop record Focus: channel 5: 1100 focus out, 1500 focus stop,1900 focus in Zoom:channel 4: 1100 zoom out, 1500 zoom stop, 1900 zoom in Mode:channel 3: 1100 low speed, 1500 mid speed, 1900 recenter Pitch:channel 2: 1100 pitch up, 1500 pitch stop, 1900 pitch down \_\_\_Yaw: channel 1: 1100 yaw left, 1500 yaw stop, 1900 yaw right



# channel control invert

AA 55 1A IV FF CMD[0X1a] = YPMZ\_INVERT\_FLAG; default IV = ff

IV bit	BIT7	BIT6	BIT5	BIT4	BIT3	BIT2	BIT1	BIT0
channel	YAW Right	YAW Left	PIT Down	PIT Up	Recenter	Speed adjust	Zoom in	Zoom out
Default	1: 1900	1:1100	1: 1900	1:1100	1: 1900	1: 1100 slow	1: 1900	1:1100
Invert	0: 1100	0:1900	0: 1100	0:1900	0: 1100	0: 1900 slow	0: 1100	0:1900

AA 55 1B IV FF CMD[0X1B] = FPRM INVERT FLAG; default IV = ff

IV bit	BIT7	BIT6	BIT5	BIT4	BIT3	BIT2	BIT1	BIT0
channel	Focus in	Focus out	Record	photograph	Multi high	Multi low	reserved	reserved
			start/stop		(start/stop	(digita Izoom/manual		
					track)	focus)		
Default	1: 1900	1:1100	1: 1900	1:1100	1: 1900	1: 1100 slow		
invert	0: 1100	0:1900	0: 1100	0:1900	0: 1100	0: 1900 slow		

4.15) AA 55 20 01 FF restore IP address to 192.168.2.119 (T serial model)

4.16) AA 55 21 10 FF Z40k/Q40TIR definition OSD on/off 10: on 20: off

4.17) AA 55 22 80 FF Z40k/Q40TIR date OSD on/off 80: on 90: off

4.18) AA 55 23 40 FF Z40k/Q40TIR OSD on/off 30: off 40: on

4.19) AA 55 24 AO FF Z40k/Q40TIR SD card capacity OSD on/off A0: off B0: on 4.20) AA 55 25 CO FF Z40k/Q40TIR record time OSD on/off C0: off D0: on

4.21) AA 55 1E SZ FF

use track size cmd to set the size you want . just one time, the size will be storage into eeprom: AA 55 1E SZ

FF, note SZ is hex

0x24: Small template 32

0x28: Medium template 64

0x30: Big template 128

The above information can be superimposed, such as:

0x2c: Small template+ Medium template

0x38: Medium template+ Big templatefor

example: you can send AA 55 1E 28 FF , for set track size to medium template

TABLE A: OSD ON/OFF settings

BITO 0: all OSD on

1: all OSD off

BIT1 0: cross OSD on

1: cross OSD off

BIT2 0: pitch& yaw ON

1: pitch & yaw OFF

BIT3 0: XY shift osd on

1: XY shift osd off

BIT4 0: GPS OSD ON

1: GPS OSD OFF

BIT5 0: time OSD ON

1: time OSD off

BIT6 0: VL-MAG OSD ON

1: VL-MAG OSD OFF

BIT7 0: SMALL OSD WORD

1: BIG OSD WORD

Table C:

Baudrate setting

0: 2400

1: 4800

2. 9600

3: 19200

4: 38400

5: 57600

6: 115200 (default)

7: S.BUS mode

TABLE B: OSD input enable/disable

BITO 0: not save setting

1: save

BIT1 0: time input disable

1: time input enable

BIT2 0: GPS time input disable

1: GPS time input enable

BIT3 0: GPS

1: MGRS

BIT4 0: pitch/yaw input disable

1: pitch/yaw input enable

BIT5 0: VL-MAG input disable

1: VL-MAG input enable

BIT6 0: zoom times display

1: fov display

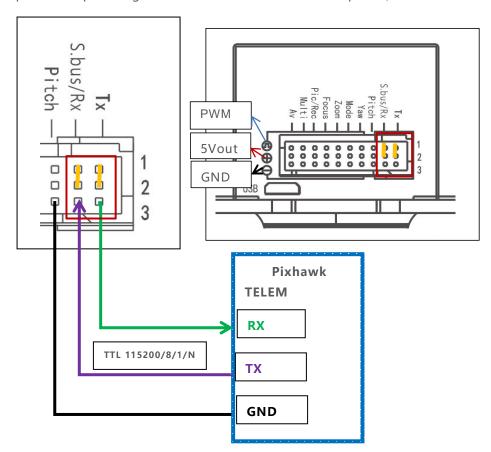
BIT7 0: word have no black frame

1: word have black frame



# 5. How to connect gimbal to Pixhawk with serial port?

Step 1: serial port of gimbal connect to Pixhawk serial port (telem1 or telem2)

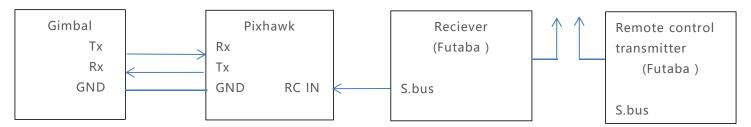


Step2: Set Pixhawk baudrate to 115200 and protocol select mavlink1. (eg, use mission planner)





Use "RCIN" connect to S.bus port of futaba reciever, user can control gimbal by futaba remote controller.



SET channels for control gimbal camera:

AA 55 10 01 FF 1~7ch

AA 55 10 02 FF 6~12ch

AA 55 10 03 FF 8~14ch

AA 55 10 04 FF custom channel mapping as following

For example: use 7~14chan to control

AA 55 11 77 88 99 AA BB CC DD FF



# 6. Viewpro Gimbal Supported Mavlink msg ID List

A)MAVLINK\_MSG\_ID\_SYSTEM\_TIME get time for OSD B)MAVLINK\_MSG\_ID\_COMMAND\_LONG

- 1) MAV\_CMD\_DO\_MOUNT\_CONFIGURE
  - I) MAV\_MOUNT\_MODE\_RETRACT ----off motor function
  - Ii) MAV MOUNT MODE NEUTRAL----home position

2)MAV\_CMD\_DO\_MOUNT\_CONTROL

I)gimbal\_CONTROL\_MODE\_ANGLE

II)gimbal\_CONTROL\_MODE\_SPEED

III)gimbal CONTROL MODE ANGLE REF FRAME

3)MAV\_CMD\_REQUEST\_CAMERA\_INFORMATION

4)MAV\_CMD\_REQUEST\_CAMERA\_SETTINGS

5)MAV CMD SET CAMERA MODE

6)MAV\_CMD\_REQUEST\_STORAGE\_INFORMATION

7)MAV\_CMD\_STORAGE\_FORMAT

8)MAV\_CMD\_REQUEST\_CAMERA\_CAPTURE\_STATUS

9)MAV\_CMD\_IMAGE\_START\_CAPTURE

10)MAV\_CMD\_VIDEO\_START\_CAPTURE

11)MAV CMD VIDEO STOP CAPTURE

12)MAV\_CMD\_REQUEST\_MESSAGE

13)MAV\_CMD\_SET\_CAMERA\_ZOOM

C)MAVLINK MSG ID ATTITUDE

D)MAVLINK\_MSG\_ID\_GLOBAL\_POSITION\_INT

E) MAVLINK MSG ID RC CHANNELS

F)MOUNT\_ORIENTATION

G)MAV CMD DO GIMBAL MANAGER ATTITUDE

H)MAV\_CMD\_DO\_GIMBAL\_MANAGER\_TRACK\_POINT (1001)

I)MAV\_CMD\_DO\_GIMBAL\_MANAGER\_TRACK\_RECTANGLE (1002 )

A) control the gimbal angle,

SP1: MAVLINK\_MSG\_ID\_COMMAND\_LONG-->MAV\_CMD\_DO\_MOUNT\_CONFIGURE

 $s\_command\_long.param1 = MAV\_MOUNT\_MODE\_MAVLINK\_TARGETING$ 

s command long.param5 = 2;

SP2:MAV\_CMD\_DO\_MOUNT\_CONTROL

s\_command\_long.param7 = MAV\_MOUNT\_MODE\_MAVLINK\_TARGETING

angle s command long.param1 = angle

B) camera zoom,

MAV\_CMD\_SET\_CAMERA\_ZOOM

1: Zoom Type Zoom type CAMERA\_ZOOM\_TYPE

2: Zoom Value Zoom value. The range of valid values depend on the zoom type.

(note: CAMERA\_ZOOM\_TYPE

[Enum] Zoom types for MAV CMD SET CAMERA ZOOM

Value Field Name Description



- 0 ZOOM\_TYPE\_STEP Zoom one step increment (-1 for wide, 1 for tele)
- 1 ZOOM\_TYPE\_CONTINUOUS Continuous zoom up/down until stopped (-1 for wide, 1 for tele, 0 to stop zooming)
- 2 ZOOM TYPE RANGE Zoom value as proportion of full camera range (a value between 0.0 and 100.0)
- 3 ZOOM\_TYPE\_FOCAL\_LENGTH Zoom value/variable focal length in milimetres. Note that there is no message to get

the valid zoom range of the camera, so this can type can only be used for cameras where the zoom range is known (implying that this cannot reliably be used in a GCS for an arbitrary camera))

C)photo taking

MAV\_CMD\_IMAGE\_START\_CAPTURE

D)recording

MAV CMD VIDEO\_START\_CAPTURE

MAV CMD VIDEO STOP CAPTURE

E)receive gimbal angle information,

MOUNT ORIENTATION (send any data for feedback)

Or MAV\_CMD\_REQUEST\_MESSAGE

F)Set photo and video mode

---MAV\_CMD\_SET\_CAMERA\_MODE

G)Get photo and video mode information.

MAV\_CMD\_REQUEST\_MESSAGE

H)---CAMERA MODE

CAMERA\_MODE

[Enum] Camera Modes.

Value Field Name Description

- O CAMERA\_MODE\_IMAGE Camera is in image/photo capture mode.
- 1 CAMERA\_MODE\_VIDEO Camera is in video capture mode.
- 2 CAMERA MODE IMAGE SURVEY

Camera is in image survey capture mode. It allows for camera controller to do specific settings for surveys.

Camera zoom:

Zoom in

Zoom out

Zoom stop

Take picture:

COMMAND\_LONG {target\_system: 1, target\_component: 100, command: 2000, confirmation: 0, param1: 0.0, param2: 0.0, param3: 1.0, param4: 0.0, param5: 0.0, param6: 0.0, param7: 0.0}

Start record

Stop record