EDS 223 Homework Assignment 1

Background

This assignment is part of the course Geospatial Analysis & Remote Sensing, that aims to explore an environmental justice topic and create two maps that communicate an environmental justice issue.

In my case, I want to explore injustices related to low income and health. So I'm going to use the variable of National Scale Air Toxics Assessment Air Toxics Cancer Risk (cancer), and Proximity to Treatment Storage and Disposal Facilities(PTSDF) to try to identify how these variables affects the low income communities in California county's

Data

The data are available through the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. You can find them here: ejscreen

Packages used on this assignment

```
# Load libraries
library(sf)
library(here)
library(dplyr)
library(tmap)
library(janitor)
```

Import data

1. Import the EJScreen: Environmental Justice Screening and Mapping Tool data and filter/clean the variables of interest

Create subset with statistics

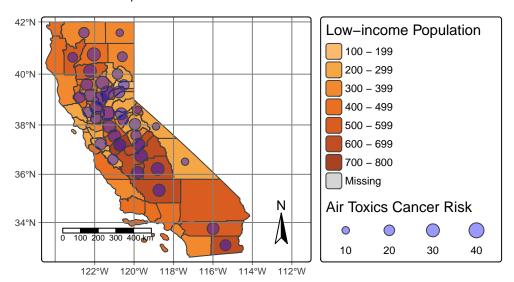
2. Aggregate the state of California by the county and calculate the mean for each variable

```
# find the average values for all variables within counties
california_counties <- aggregate(california, by = list(california$cnty_name), FUN = mean)</pre>
```

Visualize data

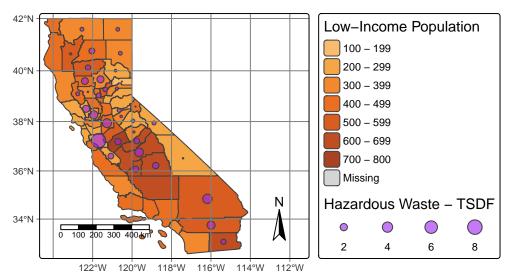
3. Use tmap to plot the chart Low-Income Population and Air Toxics Cancer Risk.

Low-Income Population and Air Toxics Cancer Risk



4. Use tmap to plot the chart Hazardous Sites and Low-Income population.





Maps interpretation

The top figure, "Low-Income Communities and Air Toxics Cancer Risk," represents California counties by low-income population levels (orange gradient). Purple circles represent cancer risk from air toxics, with circle size scaled to risk level.

It is observed that there are higher concentrations of low-income communities in the Central Valley and Southern California, with some overlap between high cancer risk and high low-income populations. This suggests possible environmental justice concerns.

The second figure, "Hazardous Sites and Low-Income Communities," analyzes hazardous waste TSDF sites in relation to low-income communities, separated by county. The purple circles represent hazardous waste TSDF sites (Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities).

There is some overlap between areas with high low-income populations and locations of hazardous waste sites, highlighting potential disproportionate exposure for vulnerable groups. However, further analyses are still necessary to draw definitive conclusions.

Further analysis steps could include:

• Statistical correlation/association tests.

- Zooming in further to measure distances between hazardous sites and low-income communities.
- Comparing exposure levels between low-income and high-income areas.

Data Citations

EJScreen. Azurewebsites.net. https://pedp-ejscreen.azurewebsites.net/

US EPA,OECA. Environmental Justice Indexes in EJSCREEN | US EPA. US EPA. https://19january2021snapshot.epa.gov/ejscreen/environmental-justice-indexes-ejscreen_.html