

Proctorial and personal counselling management system

Abstract

Proctorial and personal counselling system is a system which manages the details regarding the proctors allocated to students and students who require personal counselling are identified and allocated with a personal counsellor. It is a student level data connection system. This Proctorial and personal counselling system has a major role in academics. This system helps students to know their position better and it helps to enhance their skills and perform well in their academics. To ensure quality teaching and learning process it is important to have interaction sessions between students and faculty and to know the problems faced by students so that the faculty can help and

guide them. With this view and to resolve generic problems which students face in their regular academics, this project helps in maintaining this data and monitoring the students.

Requirement Analysis

List of tables:

- Proctor
- givesInfoTo
- personalCounsellor
- advice
- students
- monitors
- department
- has

List of attributes and their domain types:

Proctor:

pid Number(10)

pname varchar2(15)

experience Number(2)

age Number(2)

givesInfoTo:

pid Number(10)

cid Number (10)

personalCounsellor:

cid Number(10)

cname varchar2 (15)

experience Number(2)

age Number(2)

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advice:

cid Number(10)

sid Number(10)

students:

sid Number(10)

sname varchar2(15)

dob varchar2(15)

grade Number(3,1)

gender varchar2(5)

monitors:

pid Number(10)

sid Number(10)

department:

did Number(10)

dname varchar2(20)

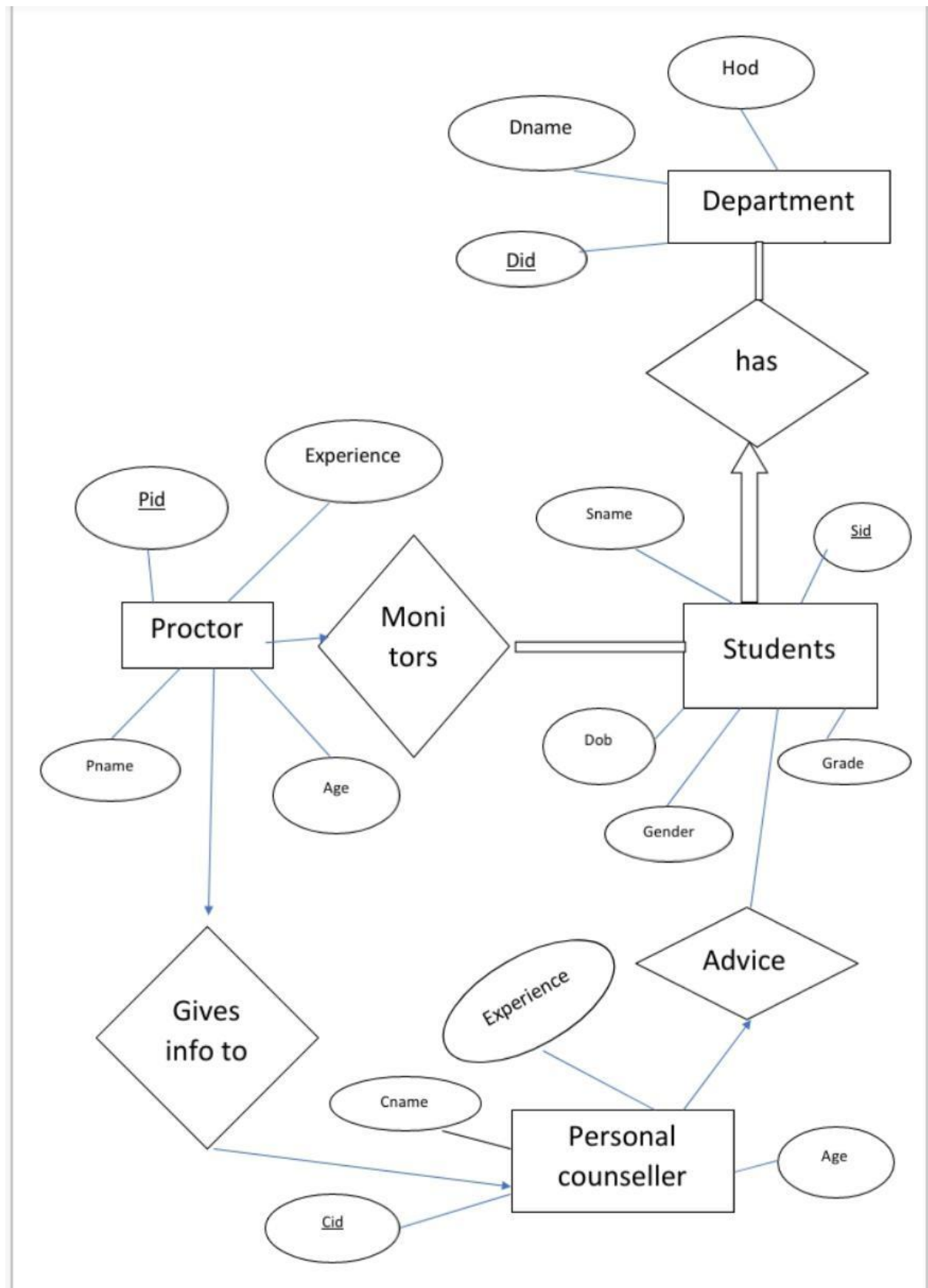
hod varchar2(20)

has:

did Number(10)

sid Number(10)

ER diagram



Mapping Cardinalities and Participation Constraints:

One proctor can monitor many students, but one student can have only one proctor. So it is one to many mapping.

All students must have a Proctor, so students are participating completely, it is complete participation.

One proctor gives information to only one personal counsellor. Therefore it is one to one mapping.

One personal counsellor can advice many students, but one student has only one personal counsellor. Hence it is one to many mapping. Not all students need a personal counsellor only students with less grade will have a personal counsellor. So it is partial participation.

A department can have many students, but one student belongs to only one department. Therefore it is a many to one mapping.

Every student must belong to a department and also every department should have a student. So both are participating totally.

DDL Commands

```
SQL> create table proctor(pid Number(10) primary key,  
Pname varchar2(15 )  
experience Number(2),  
age Number(2)  
);
```

Table created.

```
SQL> create table givesInfoTo(pid Number(10),  
cid Number (10),  
foreign key (pid) references proctor,  
foreign key (cid) references personalCounseller,  
primarykey(pid,cid));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> create table personalCounseller(cid Number(10) primary key,  
cnamevarchar2(15),
```

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experience Number(2),
age Number(2));

Table created.

```
SQL> create table advice(sid Number(10),  
cid Number (10),  
foreign key (sid) references students,  
foreign key (cid) references personalCounseller,  
primarykey(sid,cid));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> create table students(sid Number(10) primary key,  
sname varchar2(15 ),  
dob varchar2(15),  
grade Number(3,1),  
gender varchar2(5));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> create table monitors(sid Number(10),  
pid Number (10),  
foreign key (sid) references students,  
foreign key (pid) references proctor,  
primarykey(sid,pid));
```

Table created.

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```
SQL> create table department(did Number(10) primary key,
dname varchar2(20 )
```

```
hod varchar2(20));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> create table has(sid Number(10),
```

```
did Number (10),
```

```
foreign key (sid) references students,
```

```
foreign key (did) references department,primarykey(sid,cid));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> desc proctor;
```

Name	Null?	Type
PID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (10)
PNAME		VARCHAR2 (15)
EXPERIENCE		NUMBER (2)
AGE		NUMBER (2)

```
SQL> desc givesInfoTo;
```

Name	Null?	Type
PID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (10)
CID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (10)

```
SQL> desc personalCounseller;
```

Name	Null?	Type
CID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (10)
CNAME		VARCHAR2 (20)
EXPERIENCE		NUMBER (2)
AGE		NUMBER (2)

```
SQL> desc advice;
Name                                         Null?      Type
-----
CID                                         NOT NULL   NUMBER(10)
SID                                         NOT NULL   NUMBER(10)
```

```
SQL> desc students;
Name                                         Null?      Type
-----
SID                                         NOT NULL   NUMBER(10)
SNAME                                       VARCHAR2(15)
DOB                                       VARCHAR2(15)
GRADE                                       NUMBER(3,1)
GENDER                                       VARCHAR2(5)
```

```
SQL> desc monitors;
Name                                         Null?      Type
-----
PID                                         NOT NULL   NUMBER(10)
SID                                         NOT NULL   NUMBER(10)
```

```
SQL> desc department;
Name                                         Null?      Type
-----
DID                                         NOT NULL   NUMBER(10)
DNAME                                       VARCHAR2(20)
HOD                                       VARCHAR2(20)
```

```
SQL> desc has;
Name                                         Null?      Type
-----
DID                                         NOT NULL   NUMBER(10)
SID                                         NOT NULL   NUMBER(10)
```

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DML Commands

```
SQL> insert into proctor values(&pid,'&pname',&experience, &age);
```

```
Enter value for pid: 1
```

```
Enter value for pname: Deepa
```

```
Enter value for experience: 8
```

```
Enter value for age: 30
```

```
old 1: insert into proctor values(&pid,'&pname',&experience,&age)
```

```
new 1: insert into proctor values(1,Deepa,8,30)
```

```
SQL> /
```

```
5 rows created
```

```
SQL> insert into givesInfoTo values(&pid, &cid);
```

```
Enter value for pid: 1
```

```
Enter value for cid: 101
```

```
old 1: insert into proctor values(&pid,&cid)
```

```
new 1: insert into proctor values(1,101)
```

```
SQL> /
```

```
5 rows created
```

```
SQL> insert into personalCounsellor values(&cid,'&cname',&experience, &age);
```

```
Enter value for cid: 101
```

```
Enter value for cname: Laxmi
```

```
Enter value for experience:20
```

```
Enter value for age: 45
```

```
old 1: insert into proctor values(&cid,'&cname',&experience,&age)
```

```
new 1: insert into proctor values(101,Laxmi,20,45)
```

```
SQL> /
```

```
5 rows created
```

```
SQL> insert into advice values(&sid, &cid);
```

```
Enter value for sid: 14
```

```
Enter value for cid: 102
```

```
old 1: insert into proctor values(&sid,&cid)
```

```
new 1: insert into proctor values(14,102)
```

```
SQL> /
```

```
5 rows created
```

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```
SQL> insert into students values(&sid,'&sname','&dob',&grade, '&gender');
```

```
Enter value for sid: 10
```

```
Enter value for sname: Ruhi
```

```
Enter value for dob: 01-Apr-2001
```

```
Enter value for grade: 9.3
```

```
Enter value for gender:f
```

```
old 1: insert into proctor values(&pid,'&pname',&experience,&age)
```

```
new 1: insert into proctor values(1,Deepa,8,30)
```

```
SQL> /
```

```
5 rows created
```

```
SQL> insert into givesInfoTo values(&pid, &sid);
```

```
Enter value for pid: 1
```

```
Enter value for sid: 101
```

```
old 1: insert into proctor values(&pid,&sid)
```

```
new 1: insert into proctor values(1,12)
```

```
SQL> /
```

```
5 rows created
```

```
SQL> insert into department values(&did,'&dname','&hod');
```

```
Enter value for did: 737
```

```
Enter value for dname: It
```

```
Enter value for hod: K.Ram Mohan
```

```
old 1: insert into proctor values(&did,'&dname','&hod ')
```

```
new 1: insert into proctor values(737,It,K.Ram Mohan
```

```
SQL> /
```

```
5 rows created
```

```
SQL> insert into has values(&did, &sid);
```

```
Enter value for did: 737
```

```
Enter value for sid: 10
```

```
old 1: insert into proctor values(&did,&sid)
```

```
new 1: insert into proctor values(737,10)
```

```
SQL> /
```

```
5 rows created
```

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```
SQL> select * from proctor;
```

PID	PNAME	EXPERIENCE	AGE
1	Deepa	8	30
2	Karthik	7	32
3	Soundarya	10	46
4	Sravya	6	29
5	Anand	12	49

```
SQL> select * from givesInfoTo;
```

PID	CID
1	101
2	102
3	103
4	104
5	105

```
SQL> select * from personalCounseller;
```

CID	CNAME	EXPERIENCE	AGE
101	Laxmi	45	20
102	Ishitha	25	10
103	Raman	30	12
104	Aditya	28	10
105	Arun	32	13

```
SQL> select * from advice;
```

CID	SID
102	14
103	18
101	19

```
SQL> select * from students;
```

SID	SNAME	DOB	GRADE	GENDE
10	Ruhi	01-Apr-2001	9.3	f
12	Pihu	12-Mar-2000	8.6	f
14	Siddarth	05-Feb-2000	7.3	m
18	Manik	17-Mar-2000	6.5	m
19	Nandini	09-Aug-2000	6.3	f
11	Druv	22-May-2001	8.1	m

6 rows selected.

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```
SQL> select * from monitors;
```

PID	SID
1	12
2	18
3	10
4	11
5	19
3	14

6 rows selected.

```
SQL> select * from department;
```

DID	DNAME	HOD
737	It	K.Ram Mohan
733	Cse	T.Adilaxmi
735	Ece	E.Sreenivasa Rao
736	Mechanical	T.Ram Mohan
732	Civil	B.Sridhar
734	Eee	M.Chakravathy

6 rows selected.

```
SQL> select * from has;
```

DID	SID
737	10
733	18
735	11
736	14
732	19
734	12

6 rows selected.

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